

SURFACE LEVEL DATA			
NUMBER	MINIMUM LEVEL	MAXIMUM LEVEL	COLOUR
1	-13.00	-12.00	Red
2	-12.00	-11.00	Orange
3	-11.00	-10.00	Light Orange
4	-10.00	-9.00	Yellow-Orange
5	-9.00	-8.00	Yellow
6	-8.00	-7.00	Light Yellow
7	-7.00	-6.00	Yellow-Green
8	-6.00	-5.00	Light Green
9	-5.00	-4.00	Yellow-Green
10	-4.00	-3.00	Light Green
11	-3.00	-2.00	Yellow-Green
12	-2.00	-1.00	Light Green
13	-1.00	0.00	Yellow-Green
14	0.00	1.00	Light Green
15	1.00	2.00	Yellow-Green
16	2.00	3.00	Light Green
17	3.00	4.00	Yellow-Green
18	4.00	5.00	Light Green
19	5.00	6.00	Yellow-Green
20	6.00	7.00	Light Green
21	7.00	8.00	Yellow-Green
22	8.00	9.00	Light Green
23	9.00	10.00	Yellow-Green
24	10.00	11.00	Light Green
25	11.00	14.00	Yellow-Green

- NOTES:**
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
  - ALL ELEVATIONS ARE IN METRES ABOVE ORDNANCE DATUM UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
  - THIS BULK EARTHWORKS EXERCISE MUST NOT BE USED FOR ANY COSTING PURPOSE, AND IF IT IS THE CLIENT AND/OR USER OF THIS INFORMATION MUST HAVE IT VERIFIED BY A QUALIFIED COST CONSULTANT/QUANTITY SURVEYOR. WSP CANNOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY COSTINGS INFORMATION PRODUCED FROM THIS DESIGN.
  - THIS PLAN SHOWS A CUT AND FILL VOLUME COMPARISON BETWEEN THE FOLLOWING TWO SURFACES: MKE TOPSOIL GROUND VS MKE PLOT LEVELS. 300MM TOPSOIL ALLOWANCE MADE.
  - NO REFERENCE HAS BEEN MADE TO AVAILABLE INTERPRETATIVE OR FACTUAL GROUND INVESTIGATION AND NO CONSIDERATION HAS BEEN MADE IN RELATION TO THE ACCEPTABILITY OF EXISTING EXCAVATED MATERIALS FOR REUSE IN FILL AREAS.
  - NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR PIT, TRENCHES ARISING OR BACKFILLING WITH SELECTED MATERIAL FOR RETAINING STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION.
  - NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR REMOVAL OF HARD OR SOFT SPOT BELOW THE FORMATION PROFILE.
  - THIS IS A GEOMETRIC VOLUME ANALYSIS AND THEREFORE NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR BULKING OF ANY MATERIAL. CONTRACTOR TO CONSULT GROUND INVESTIGATION.
  - NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR FOUNDATION, PIT, TRENCH ARISING OR BACKFILLING WITH SELECTED MATERIALS FOR RETAINING STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION.
  - THE PLAN CONTOURS REPRESENT THE ELEVATION DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TWO SURFACES, WITH POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE CONTOUR VALUES REPRESENTING AREAS OF FILL AND CUT RESPECTIVELY.

**KEY**

-0.598	CUT DEPTH
0.588	FILL DEPTH



**WORK IN PROGRESS**

REV	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK	APP
P04	26/02/2020	DE	PLOT BOUNDARIES AMENDED TO NEW MASTERPLAN	BU	SP
P03	14/12/2020	DE	PLOTS AMENDED TO NOT CLASH WITH HEDGES	BU	SP
P02	27/11/2020	DE	PLOT FALLS AMENDED	BU	SP
P01	20/11/2020	DE	FIRST ISSUE	BU	SP

DRAWING STATUS: **S0 - WORK IN PROGRESS**

**wsp**

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CLIENT: **BERKLEY ST JAMES**

ARCHITECT: **JTP / STEPHEN GEORGE AND PARTNERS**

SITE/PROJECT: **MILTON KEYNES EAST**

TITLE: **PRELIMINARY EARTHWORKS STRATEGY  
CUT AND FILL ISOPACHYTE**

SCALE @ A1: 1:5000	CHECKED: BU	APPROVED: SP
PROJECT NO: 70057521	DESIGNED: DE	DRAWN: DE
		DATE: February 21

DRAWING NO: **MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0601** REV: **P04**

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UNTIL TECHNICAL APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE RELEVANT LOCAL AUTHORITIES OR STATUTORY BODIES, IT SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD THAT ALL DRAWINGS ARE ISSUED AS PRELIMINARY AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR AND / OR EMPLOYER COMMENCE WORK PRIOR TO APPROVAL BEING GIVEN, IT IS ENTIRELY AT THEIR OWN RISK.

File name: UK:\WSPGROUP\CENTRAL DATA\PROJECTS\INSTANTON\002521 - MKE - PLANNING APPLICATIONS\WPC\01 CIVIL ENGINEERING\DRAWINGS\MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0601.DWG, printed on: 26 February 2021 11:46:31, by: Eshwari, Dm





B-B CH1480 TO 1890.113 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

RESI 7

Chainage	Proposed Levels	Existing Levels
1480.000		56.927
1480.000		56.966
1500.000		56.967
1500.000		56.984
1530.000		57.023
1530.000		57.019
1580.000		57.057
1570.000		56.960
1580.000		57.364
1600.000		57.609
1620.000		57.763
1630.000		57.929
1630.000		57.654
1680.000		58.145
1670.000		58.322
1680.000		58.467
1680.000		58.728
1700.000		59.027
1700.000		58.357
1720.000		59.201
1730.000		59.333
1730.000		59.594
1760.000		59.474
1770.000		59.716
1780.000		59.980
1800.000		60.258
1820.000		60.463
1830.000		60.755
1870.000		61.065
1880.000		61.256
1880.000		61.438
1880.000		61.623

B-B CH 0.000 TO 1480.000 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

Chainage	Proposed Levels	Existing Levels
0.000		71.528
10.000		76.062
20.000		76.589
30.000		76.963
50.000		79.659
60.000		79.965
70.000		80.276
80.000		80.209
90.000		80.971
110.000		79.683
120.000		74.895
130.000		74.437
140.000		74.610
1480.000		79.288
160.000		74.348
170.000		74.208
180.000		74.067
190.000		73.929
200.000		73.793
210.000		73.658
220.000		73.524
230.000		73.391
240.000		73.259
250.000		73.128
260.000		72.998
270.000		72.869
280.000		72.741
290.000		72.614
300.000		72.488
310.000		72.363
320.000		72.238
330.000		72.114
340.000		71.991
350.000		71.869
360.000		71.748
370.000		71.628
380.000		71.508
390.000		71.389
400.000		71.271
410.000		71.154
420.000		71.038
430.000		70.923
440.000		70.808
450.000		70.694
460.000		70.581
470.000		70.469
480.000		70.358
490.000		70.248
500.000		70.139
510.000		70.031
520.000		69.924
530.000		69.818
540.000		69.713
550.000		69.608
560.000		69.504
570.000		69.401
580.000		69.299
590.000		69.198
600.000		69.098
610.000		68.999
620.000		68.901
630.000		68.804
640.000		68.708
650.000		68.613
660.000		68.519
670.000		68.425
680.000		68.332
690.000		68.240
700.000		68.148
710.000		68.057
720.000		67.967
730.000		67.877
740.000		67.788
750.000		67.699
760.000		67.611
770.000		67.523
780.000		67.436
790.000		67.350
800.000		67.264
810.000		67.179
820.000		67.094
830.000		67.010
840.000		66.926
850.000		66.843
860.000		66.760
870.000		66.678
880.000		66.596
890.000		66.515
900.000		66.434
910.000		66.354
920.000		66.274
930.000		66.194
940.000		66.115
950.000		66.036
960.000		65.957
970.000		65.879
980.000		65.801
990.000		65.724
1000.000		65.647
1010.000		65.571
1020.000		65.495
1030.000		65.420
1040.000		65.345
1050.000		65.270
1060.000		65.196
1070.000		65.122
1080.000		65.049
1090.000		64.976
1100.000		64.904
1110.000		64.832
1120.000		64.761
1130.000		64.690
1140.000		64.620
1150.000		64.550
1160.000		64.481
1170.000		64.412
1180.000		64.344
1190.000		64.276
1200.000		64.209
1210.000		64.142
1220.000		64.075
1230.000		64.008
1240.000		63.942
1250.000		63.876
1260.000		63.810
1270.000		63.744
1280.000		63.679
1290.000		63.613
1300.000		63.548
1310.000		63.483
1320.000		63.418
1330.000		63.353
1340.000		63.288
1350.000		63.224
1360.000		63.159
1370.000		63.095
1380.000		63.031
1390.000		62.967
1400.000		62.904
1410.000		62.841
1420.000		62.778
1430.000		62.715
1440.000		62.653
1450.000		62.590
1460.000		62.528
1470.000		62.466
1480.000		62.404

A-A CH1480.000 TO 2194.999 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

COMMERCIAL 1A COMMERCIAL 2

Chainage	Proposed Levels	Existing Levels
1480.000	63.500	68.225
1480.000	63.500	67.973
1500.000	63.500	67.476
1500.000	63.500	67.222
1530.000	63.500	66.881
1530.000	63.500	66.456
1570.000	63.500	66.309
1580.000	63.500	66.167
1600.000	63.500	66.023
1600.000	63.500	65.869
1630.000	63.500	65.737
1630.000	63.500	65.694
1680.000	63.500	65.528
1680.000	63.500	65.382
1700.000	63.500	65.238
1700.000	63.500	65.094
1730.000	63.500	64.951
1730.000	63.500	64.808
1760.000	63.500	64.665
1770.000	63.500	64.522
1780.000	63.500	64.380
1790.000	63.500	64.238
1800.000	63.500	64.096
1810.000	63.500	63.954
1820.000	63.500	63.812
1830.000	63.500	63.670
1840.000	63.500	63.528
1850.000	63.500	63.386
1860.000	63.500	63.244
1870.000	63.500	63.102
1880.000	63.500	62.960
1890.000	63.500	62.818
1900.000	63.500	62.676
1910.000	63.500	62.534
1920.000	63.500	62.392
1930.000	63.500	62.250
1940.000	63.500	62.108
1950.000	63.500	61.966
1960.000	63.500	61.824
1970.000	63.500	61.682
1980.000	63.500	61.540
1990.000	63.500	61.398
2000.000	63.500	61.256
2010.000	63.500	61.114
2020.000	63.500	60.972
2030.000	63.500	60.830
2040.000	63.500	60.688
2050.000	63.500	60.546
2060.000	63.500	60.404
2070.000	63.500	60.262
2080.000	63.500	60.120
2090.000	63.500	59.978
2100.000	63.500	59.836
2110.000	63.500	59.694
2120.000	63.500	59.552
2130.000	63.500	59.410
2140.000	63.500	59.268
2150.000	63.500	59.126
2160.000	63.500	58.984
2170.000	63.500	58.842
2180.000	63.500	58.700
2190.000	63.500	58.558
2194.999	63.500	57.693

A-A CH0.000 TO 1480.000 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

RESI 1 COMMERCIAL 1A COMMERCIAL 1B

Chainage	Proposed Levels	Existing Levels
0.000		66.835
10.000		66.781
20.000		66.740
30.000		66.734
40.000		66.698
50.000		66.625
60.000		66.622
70.000		66.624
80.000		66.613
90.000		66.594
100.000		66.540
110.000		66.480
120.000		66.420
130.000		66.357
140.000		66.292
150.000		66.225
160.000		66.156
170.000		66.085
180.000		66.013
190.000		65.940
200.000		65.865
210.000		65.789
220.000		65.712
230.000		65.634
240.000		65.555
250.000		65.475
260.000		65.394
270.000		65.312
280.000		65.229
290.000		65.145
300.000		65.061
310.000		64.976
320.000		64.891
330.000		64.805
340.000		64.719
350.000		64.632
360.000		64.545
370.000		64.458
380.000		64.370
390.000		64.282
400.000		64.194
410.000		64.106
420.000		64.017
430.000		63.928
440.000		63.839
450.000		63.750
460.000		63.660
470.000		63.570
480.000		63.480
490.000		63.390
500.000		63.300
510.000		63.210
520.000		63.120
530.000		63.030
540.000		62.940
550.000		62.850
560.000		62.760
570.000		62.670
580.000		62.580
590.000		62.490
600.000		62.400
610.000		62.310
620.000		62.220
630.000		62.130
640.000		62.040
650.000		61.950
660.000		61.860
670.000		61.770
680.000		61.680
690.000		61.590
700.000		61.500
710.000		61.410
720.000		61.320
730.000		61.230
740.000		61.140
750.000		61.050
760.000		60.960
770.000		60.870
780.000		60.780
790.000		60.690
800.000		60.600
810.000		60.510
820.000		60.420
830.000		60.330
840.000		60.240
850.000		60.150
860.000		60.060
870.000		59.970
880.000		59.880
890.000		59.790
900.000		59.700
910.000		59.610
920.000		59.520
930.000		59.430
940.000		59.340
950.000		59.250
960.000		59.160
970.000		59.070
980.000		58.980
990.000		58.890
1000.000		58.800



E-E - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
0.000	72.909	
10.000	72.664	
20.000	72.406	
30.000	72.174	
40.000	71.978	
50.000	71.800	
60.000	72.164	
70.000	72.501	
80.000	72.501	
90.000	73.999	
100.000	73.330	
110.000	73.075	
120.000	73.000	
130.000	73.264	
140.000	73.264	
150.000	74.202	
160.000	74.202	
170.000	74.076	
180.000	73.814	
190.000	73.814	
200.000	73.861	
210.000	72.710	
220.000	72.364	
230.000	72.035	
240.000	71.987	
250.000	71.987	
260.000	71.008	
270.000	68.582	
280.000	68.530	
290.000	68.731	
300.000	68.436	
310.000	68.320	
320.000	68.174	
330.000	68.289	
340.000	68.030	
350.000	67.573	
360.000	67.573	
370.000	66.931	
380.000	67.406	
390.000	67.406	
400.000	67.001	
410.000	66.962	
420.000	66.142	
430.000	66.725	
440.000	66.562	
450.000	66.562	
460.000	64.954	
470.000	64.954	
480.000	64.406	
490.000	64.342	
500.000	64.342	
510.000	63.760	
520.000	63.573	
530.000	63.356	
540.000	63.053	
550.000	63.053	
560.000	62.744	
570.000	62.667	
580.000	62.589	
590.000	62.589	
600.000	62.218	
610.000	62.218	
620.000	61.966	
630.000	61.840	
640.000	61.840	
650.000	61.956	
660.000	61.388	
670.000	61.241	
680.000	61.125	
690.000	61.125	
700.000	60.936	
710.000	60.826	
720.000	60.826	
730.000	60.713	
740.000	60.713	
750.000	60.577	
760.000	60.577	
770.000	60.477	
780.000	60.477	
790.000	60.702	
800.000	60.702	
810.000	60.961	
820.000	60.961	
830.000	60.036	
840.000	60.187	
850.000	60.187	
860.000	60.999	
870.000	60.999	
880.000	62.795	
890.000	62.795	
900.000	62.710	
910.000	62.710	
920.000	62.649	
930.000	62.649	
940.000	62.924	
950.000	62.924	
960.000	62.924	
970.000	62.924	
980.000	62.924	
990.000	62.924	
1000.000	62.924	
1010.000	62.924	
1020.000	62.924	
1030.000	62.924	
1040.000	62.924	
1050.000	62.924	
1060.000	62.924	
1070.000	62.924	
1080.000	62.924	
1090.000	62.924	
1100.000	62.924	
1110.000	62.924	
1120.000	62.924	
1130.000	62.924	
1140.000	62.924	
1150.000	62.924	
1160.000	62.924	
1170.000	62.924	
1180.000	62.924	
1190.000	62.924	
1200.000	62.924	
1210.000	62.924	
1220.000	62.924	
1230.000	62.924	
1240.000	62.924	
1250.000	62.924	
1260.000	62.924	
1270.000	62.924	
1280.000	62.924	
1290.000	62.924	
1300.000	62.924	
1310.000	62.924	
1320.000	62.924	
1330.000	62.924	
1340.000	62.924	
1350.000	62.924	
1360.000	62.924	
1370.000	62.924	
1380.000	62.924	
1390.000	62.924	
1400.000	62.924	
1410.000	62.924	
1420.000	62.924	
1430.000	62.924	
1440.000	62.924	
1450.000	62.924	
1460.000	62.924	
1470.000	62.924	
1480.000	62.924	
1490.000	62.924	
1500.000	62.924	

D-D - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
0.000	68.586	
10.000	68.095	
20.000	68.642	
30.000	70.963	
40.000	70.578	
50.000	70.834	
60.000	70.803	
70.000	70.696	
80.000	70.696	
90.000	71.518	
100.000	69.970	
110.000	72.168	
120.000	71.071	
130.000	71.071	
140.000	71.071	
150.000	71.071	
160.000	71.071	
170.000	71.071	
180.000	71.071	
190.000	71.071	
200.000	71.071	
210.000	71.071	
220.000	71.071	
230.000	71.071	
240.000	71.071	
250.000	71.071	
260.000	71.071	
270.000	71.071	
280.000	71.071	
290.000	71.071	
300.000	71.071	
310.000	71.071	
320.000	71.071	
330.000	71.071	
340.000	71.071	
350.000	71.071	
360.000	71.071	
370.000	71.071	
380.000	71.071	
390.000	71.071	
400.000	71.071	
410.000	71.071	
420.000	71.071	
430.000	71.071	
440.000	71.071	
450.000	71.071	
460.000	71.071	
470.000	71.071	
480.000	71.071	
490.000	71.071	
500.000	71.071	
510.000	71.071	
520.000	71.071	
530.000	71.071	
540.000	71.071	
550.000	71.071	
560.000	71.071	
570.000	71.071	
580.000	71.071	
590.000	71.071	
600.000	71.071	
610.000	71.071	
620.000	71.071	
630.000	71.071	
640.000	71.071	
650.000	71.071	
660.000	71.071	
670.000	71.071	
680.000	71.071	
690.000	71.071	
700.000	71.071	
710.000	71.071	
720.000	71.071	
730.000	71.071	
740.000	71.071	
750.000	71.071	
760.000	71.071	
770.000	71.071	
780.000	71.071	
790.000	71.071	
800.000	71.071	
810.000	71.071	
820.000	71.071	
830.000	71.071	
840.000	71.071	
850.000	71.071	
860.000	71.071	
870.000	71.071	
880.000	71.071	
890.000	71.071	
900.000	71.071	
910.000	71.071	
920.000	71.071	
930.000	71.071	
940.000	71.071	
950.000	71.071	
960.000	71.071	
970.000	71.071	
980.000	71.071	
990.000	71.071	
1000.000	71.071	

C-C CH1480.000 TO 2347.148 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
1480.000	56.558	
1490.000	56.949	
1500.000	56.704	
1510.000	56.809	
1520.000	56.750	
1530.000	56.798	
1540.000	56.691	
1550.000	56.799	
1560.000	57.046	
1570.000	57.191	
1580.000	57.191	
1590.000	57.191	
1600.000	57.191	
1610.000	57.191	
1620.000	57.191	
1630.000	57.191	
1640.000	57.191	
1650.000	57.191	
1660.000	57.191	
1670.000	57.191	
1680.000	57.191	
1690.000	57.191	
1700.000	57.191	
1710.000	57.191	
1720.000	57.191	
1730.000	57.191	
1740.000	57.191	
1750.000	57.191	
1760.000	57.191	
1770.000	57.191	
1780.000	57.191	
1790.000	57.191	
1800.000	57.191	
1810.000	57.191	
1820.000	57.191	
1830.000	57.191	
1840.000	57.191	
1850.000	57.191	
1860.000	57.191	
1870.000	57.191	
1880.000	57.191	
1890.000	57.191	
1900.000	57.191	
1910.000	57.191	
1920.000	57.191	
1930.000	57.191	
1940.000	57.191	
1950.000	57.191	
1960.000	57.191	
1970.000	57.191	
1980.000	57.191	
1990.000	57.191	
2000.000	57.191	
2010.000	57.191	
2020.000	57.191	
2030.000	57.191	
2040.000	57.191	
2050.000	57.191	
2060.000	57.191	
2070.000	57.191	
2080.000	57.191	
2090.000	57.191	
2100.000	57.191	
2110.000	57.191	
2120.000	57.191	
2130.000	57.191	
2140.000	57.191	
2150.000	57.191	
2160.000	57.191	
2170.000	57.191	
2180.000	57.191	
2190.000	57.191	
2200.000	57.191	
2210.000	57.191	
2220.000	57.191	
2230.000	57.191	
2240.000	57.191	
2250.000	57.191	
2260.000	57.191	
2270.000	57.191	
2280.000	57.191	
2290.000	57.191	
2300.000	57.191	
2310.000	57.191	
2320.000	57.191	
2330.000	57.191	
2340.000	57.191	
2347.148	57.191	

C-C CH0.000 TO 1480.000 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
0.000	65.852	
10.000	65.860	
20.000	65.829	
30.000	65.838	
40.000	65.838	
50.000	66.131	
60.000	66.542	
70.000	67.027	
80.000	67.746	
90.000	68.073	
100.000	68.073	
110.000	68.258	
120.000	68.065	
130.000	68.065	
140.000	68.216	
150.000	70.876	
160.000	71.506	
170.000	72.138	
180.000	72.733	
190.000	73.233	
200.000	73.733	
210.000	74.127	



G-G CH1480.000 TO 1839.831 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 60.000

RESI 12

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
1480.000	66.137	66.831
1480.000	66.245	66.939
1510.000	66.288	68.106
1530.000	66.318	67.629
1550.000	66.224	67.381
1560.000	65.956	66.915
1570.000	65.737	66.676
1580.000	65.564	66.438
1590.000	65.329	66.202
1610.000	64.981	65.724
1620.000	64.805	65.485
1630.000	64.627	65.247
1640.000	64.460	65.009
1660.000	64.149	64.533
1670.000	63.938	64.294
1680.000	63.757	64.056
1690.000	63.478	63.778
1710.000	63.286	63.342
1730.000	63.123	63.103
1750.000	62.975	62.911
1760.000	62.876	62.719
1770.000	62.503	62.503
1780.000	62.346	62.346
1790.000	62.158	62.158
1800.000	61.958	61.958
1810.000	61.718	61.718
1820.000	61.531	61.531
1839.831	61.642	61.642

G-G CH0.000 TO 1480.000- LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 60.000

RESI 2

RESI 4

RESI 8

RESI 12

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
0.000	76.188	76.188
10.000	76.275	76.275
20.000	76.404	76.404
30.000	76.444	76.444
40.000	76.688	76.688
50.000	76.688	76.688
60.000	76.726	76.726
70.000	76.613	76.613
80.000	76.630	76.630
90.000	76.389	76.389
100.000	72.525	72.525
110.000	72.468	72.468
120.000	72.525	72.525
130.000	72.550	72.550
140.000	72.607	72.607
150.000	72.681	72.681
160.000	75.916	75.916
170.000	75.664	75.664
180.000	75.422	75.422
190.000	75.399	75.399
200.000	75.399	75.399
210.000	75.395	75.395
220.000	75.438	75.438
230.000	75.727	75.727
240.000	75.989	75.989
250.000	76.087	76.087
260.000	76.189	76.189
270.000	76.268	76.268
280.000	76.333	76.333
290.000	76.638	76.638
300.000	76.638	76.638
310.000	76.712	76.712
320.000	76.787	76.787
330.000	73.086	73.086
340.000	73.111	73.111
350.000	73.162	73.162
360.000	76.837	76.837
370.000	73.201	73.201
380.000	73.280	73.280
390.000	76.198	76.198
400.000	76.198	76.198
410.000	76.018	76.018
420.000	75.698	75.698
430.000	75.333	75.333
440.000	75.333	75.333
450.000	74.994	74.994
460.000	74.341	74.341
470.000	74.672	74.672
480.000	74.802	74.802
490.000	73.684	73.684
500.000	73.684	73.684
510.000	73.427	73.427
520.000	73.324	73.324
530.000	73.330	73.330
540.000	73.291	73.291
550.000	73.106	73.106
560.000	72.963	72.963
570.000	72.853	72.853
580.000	72.962	72.962
590.000	72.207	72.207
600.000	72.207	72.207
610.000	72.004	72.004
620.000	71.690	71.690
630.000	71.690	71.690
640.000	71.081	71.081
650.000	70.771	70.771
660.000	70.528	70.528
670.000	70.159	70.159
680.000	69.683	69.683
690.000	69.683	69.683
700.000	69.744	69.744
710.000	68.750	68.750
720.000	68.486	68.486
730.000	67.965	67.965
740.000	67.965	67.965
750.000	67.965	67.965
760.000	66.847	66.847
770.000	66.298	66.298
780.000	64.805	64.805
790.000	64.567	64.567
800.000	64.567	64.567
810.000	63.909	63.909
820.000	63.909	63.909
830.000	63.592	63.592
840.000	63.269	63.269
850.000	63.269	63.269
860.000	63.581	63.581
870.000	63.814	63.814
880.000	63.924	63.924
890.000	63.924	63.924
900.000	64.406	64.406
910.000	64.790	64.790
920.000	65.156	65.156
930.000	65.452	65.452
940.000	65.736	65.736
950.000	65.736	65.736
960.000	66.128	66.128
970.000	66.310	66.310
980.000	66.491	66.491
990.000	66.491	66.491
1000.000	67.067	67.067
1010.000	67.151	67.151
1020.000	68.057	68.057
1030.000	68.338	68.338
1040.000	68.563	68.563
1050.000	68.563	68.563
1060.000	68.283	68.283
1070.000	68.283	68.283
1080.000	68.283	68.283
1090.000	68.102	68.102
1100.000	68.102	68.102
1110.000	69.053	69.053
1120.000	71.249	71.249
1130.000	71.855	71.855
1140.000	71.855	71.855
1150.000	72.498	72.498
1160.000	72.498	72.498
1170.000	72.305	72.305
1180.000	72.337	72.337
1190.000	72.268	72.268
1200.000	72.268	72.268
1210.000	71.603	71.603
1220.000	71.140	71.140
1230.000	70.746	70.746
1240.000	68.459	68.459
1250.000	68.459	68.459
1260.000	68.311	68.311
1270.000	68.262	68.262
1280.000	68.212	68.212
1290.000	68.163	68.163
1300.000	68.076	68.076
1310.000	67.553	67.553
1320.000	67.151	67.151
1330.000	67.022	67.022
1340.000	67.898	67.898
1350.000	67.898	67.898
1360.000	67.882	67.882
1370.000	67.844	67.844
1380.000	66.363	66.363
1390.000	67.810	67.810
1400.000	66.983	66.983
1410.000	66.915	66.915
1420.000	66.899	66.899
1430.000	66.852	66.852
1440.000	66.852	66.852
1450.000	66.006	66.006
1460.000	66.197	66.197

F-F CH1480.000 TO 2553.399 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

RESI 4

RESI 9

RESI 10

RESI 12

Chainage	Existing Levels	Proposed Levels
1480.000	59.852	62.367
1490.000	59.852	62.367
1500.000	59.744	62.366
1510.000	59.744	62.366
1520.000	59.750	61.220
1530.000	59.750	61.220
1540.000	59.758	59.758
1550.000	59.549	59.549
1560.000	59.306	59.306
1570.000	59.306	59.306
1580.000	59.087	59.087
1590.000	59.087	59.087
1600.000	59.085	59.085
1610.000	59.173	59.173
1620.000	59.173	59.173
1630.000	59.524	59.524
1640.000	59.524	59.524
1650.000	60.443	60.443
1660.000	60.711	60.711
1670.000	60.711	60.711
1680.000	61.621	61.621
1690.000	61.621	61.621
1700.000	61.859	61.859
1710.000	62.146	62.146
1720.000	62.146	62.146
1730.000	62.629	62.629
1740.000	62.629	62.629
1750.000	62.948	62.948
1760.000	63.161	63.161
1770.000	63.161	63.161
1780.000	63.352	63.352
1790.000	63.414	63.414
1800.000	63.337	63.337
1810.000	63.227	63.227
1820.000	63.075	63.075
1830.000	62.948	62.948
1840.000	62.948	62.948
1850.000	62.752	62.752
1860.000	62.752	62.752
1870.000	61.195	61.195
1880.000	61.195	61.195
1890.000	61.028	61.028
1900.000	61.028	61.028
1910.000	60.986	60.986
1920.000	60.986	60.986
1930.000	60.933	60.933
1940.000	60.933	60.933
1950.000	60.786	60.786
1960.000	60.786	60.786
1970.000	60.692	60.692
1980.000	60.692	60.692
1990.000	60.551	60.551
2000.000	60.551	60.551
2010.000	60.375	60.375
2020.000	60.375	60.375
2030.000	60.216	60.216
2040.000	60.216	60.216
2050.000	60.066	60.066
2060.000	59.977	59.977
2070.000	59.977	59.977
2080.000	59.623	59.623
2090.000	59.574	59.574
2100.000	59.574	59.574
2110.000	58.543	58.543
2120.000	58.543	58.543
2130.000	61.211	61.211
2140.000	61.211	61.211
2150.000	60.934	60.934
2160.000	60.934	60.934
2170.000	60.601	60.601
2180.000	60.601	60.601
2190.000	59.978	59.978
2200.000	59.753	59.753
2210.000	59.753	59.753
2220.000	59.628	59.628
2230.000	59.314	59.314
2240.000	59.314	59.314
2250.000	59.759	59.759
2260.000	59.759	59.759
2270.000	59.689	59.689
2280.000	59.689	59.689
2290.000	60.157	60.157
2300.000	60.202	60.202
2310.000	60.350	60.350
2320.000	60.350	60.350
2330.000	60.457	60.457
2340.000	60.457	60.457
2350.000	60.623	60.623
2360.000	60.623	60.623
2370.000	60.668	60.668
2380.000	60.738	60.738
2390.000	60.738	60.738
2400.000	60.549	60.549
2410.000	60.450	60.450
2420.000	60.752	60.752
2430.000	60.752	60.752
2440.000	60.561	60.561
2450.000	60.561	60.561
2460.000	60.320	60.320
2470.000	60.320	60.320
2480.000	60.472	60.472
2490.000	60.472	60.472
2500.000	61.159	61.159
2510.000	61.159	61.159
2520.000	61.800	61.800
2530.000	61.757	61.757
2540.000	61.757	61.757
2553.399	61.757	61.757

F-F CH0.000 TO 1480.000 - LONGSECTION  
SCALE: H 1:5000,V 1:5000. DATUM: 55.000

COMMERCIAL 1

RESI 2

RESI 4

Chainage	Existing Levels	
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# Appendix C5

## Lighting Assessment

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Berkeley St James

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# MILTON KEYNES EAST

Lighting Assessment Report





Berkeley St James

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# MILTON KEYNES EAST

## Lighting Assessment Report

**PUBLIC**

**PROJECT NO. 70057521**

**OUR REF. NO. 70057521-WSP-MKE-XX-RP-LI-0001**

**DATE: MARCH 2021**

**WSP**

Unit 9, The Chase  
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# QUALITY CONTROL

Issue/revision	P01	P02		
Remarks	First Issue	Second Issue		
Date	10.03.21	25.03.21		
Prepared by	D. Hawkins	D. Hawkins		
Signature		 Hawkins, Dean (UKDLH001) 2021.03.26 12:28:12		
Checked by	N. Griffin	N. Griffin		
Signature		 Griffin, Nick (UKNJG004) Checker 2021.03.26 12:32:02 Z		
Authorised by	P. Batchelor	K. Bartlett		
Signature		 Bartlett, Kimberly (UKKCB002) APPROVER 2021.03.26 12:45:32		
Project number	70057521	70057521		
Report number	70057521-WSP-MKE-XX-RP-LI-0001	70057521-WSP-MKE-XX-RP-LI-0001		
File reference	70057521-WSP-MKE-XX-RP-LI-0001-P01.docx	70057521-WSP-MKE-XX-RP-LI-0001-P01.docx		



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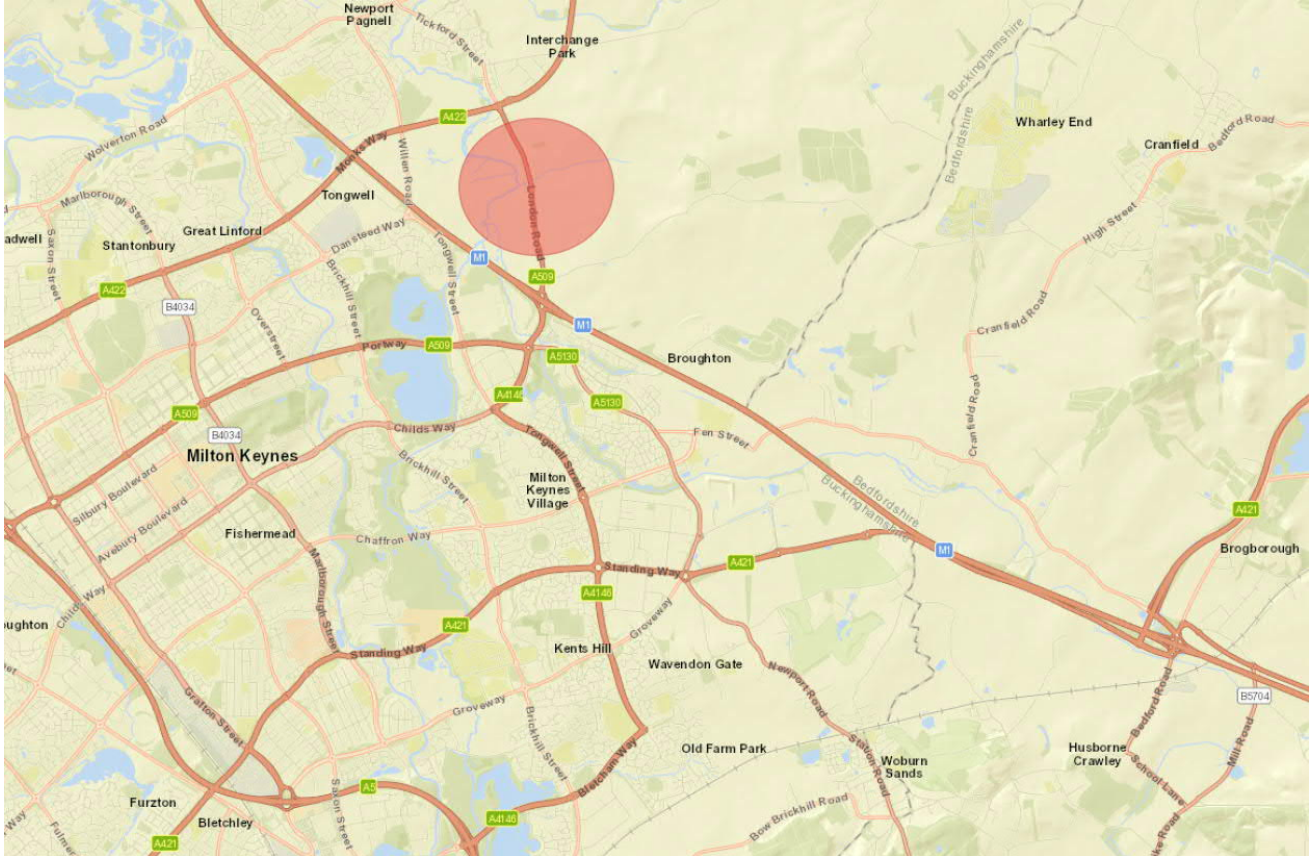
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# 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 BACKGROUND

This document is provided regarding the submission of a hybrid planning application on behalf of Berkeley St James for the Milton Keynes East (MKE) development on the land to the east of Milton Keynes and the M1 motorway and south of Newport Pagnell in Buckinghamshire as shown in **Figure 1-1**, hereby referred to as ‘the Site’.



**Figure 1-1 – Location of Proposed Development**

## 1.2 THE SITE AND SURROUNDINGS

The Site is located immediately north-east of Junction 14 of the M1 motorway, circa (c.) 3.5km north-east of central Milton Keynes and c. 4.5km west of the village of Cranfield covering an area of c. 440 hectares.

Much of the Site consists of agricultural fields with hedgerow and treeline boundary features along with larger wooded areas. Running north to south through the Site is the River Ouzel; the topography of the Site is mainly flat.

There are residential dwellings within the Site, but these are intermittent. There are settlements surrounding the site including the village of Moulsoe to the east and the built-up suburban areas of Milton Keynes are present with Willen to the west and Boughton to the south which are both

separated from the Site by the M1 motorway. To the north-west the outer suburban areas of Newport Pagnell are separated from the Site by the A509 and A422 A-roads.

There are no other formal designations covering the Site which falls within the planning authority of Milton Keynes Council (MKC).

### 1.3 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The assessment of the Proposed Development will include the following:

- Outline element (with all matters reserved) for a large-scale mixed-use urban extension (creating a new community) comprising: residential development; employment including business, general industry and storage/distribution uses; a secondary school and primary schools; a community hub containing a range of commercial and community uses; a new linear park along the River Ouzel corridor; open space and linked amenities; new redways, access roads and associated highways improvements; associated infrastructure works; demolition of existing structures.
- Detailed element for strategic highway and multi-modal transport infrastructure, including: new road and redway extensions; a new bridge over the M1 motorway; a new bridge over the River Ouzel; works to the Tongwell Street corridor between Tongwell roundabout and Pineham roundabout including new bridge over the River Ouzel; alignment alterations to A509 and Newport Road; and associated utilities, earthworks and drainage works.

Construction is currently anticipated to take approximately 26 years with a possible start of construction in 2022 and concluding in 2048.

### 1.4 AIM OF THIS DOCUMENT

This document outlines:

- Legislation, planning policies and guidance applicable to the type and location of the Proposed Development.
- The existing lighting conditions within and surrounding the Site.
- The background to artificial light pollution and associated guidance.
- Environmental limitations that may be placed on the proposed lighting of the development, in accordance with current standards and guidance.
- Expected levels of illumination for the activities proposed for the development.
- Equipment performance requirements that are likely to achieve compliance with both lighting and environmental guidance.
- The assessment of potential effects of lighting on the wider environment.



## 2 IMPACT OF ARTIFICIAL LIGHTING

### 2.1 POTENTIAL NEGATIVE EFFECTS

A well-designed lighting installation may transform a space after dark, allowing it to be used safely, effectively and for uses that may not be otherwise possible. While road lighting tends to be the dominant type of lighting in a residential development, there may also be public amenity lighting in core spaces, lighting at sports facilities and decorative features.

There is a general correlation between the complexity of a task, or how hazardous that task is, and the level of illumination required to safely undertake the task. Owners with more complex and hazardous spaces will generally provide greater levels of illumination, in-line with national, international and industry standards and guidance.

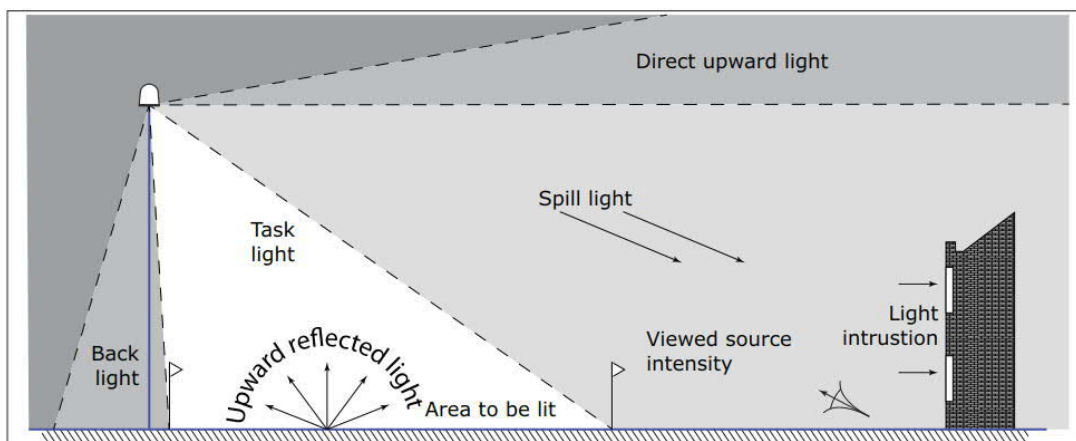
The correct level of lighting must be carefully selected to suit the task being undertaken, while ensuring that only the light necessary for the task is brought to bear. Excessive lighting is not only energy inefficient but can also negatively impact the local environment and ecology. In extreme cases poor lighting may make the task it is provided for more difficult to accomplish.

The incorrect application of lighting can have a negative effect on the local environment, in the form of pollution and nuisance. Light pollution is defined as emitted light that is serving no useful purpose as it falls outside of the area required to be illuminated. This can take the form of spill light outside the extents of a site, building or event, but also includes ‘sky glow’ which is the emission of light into the atmosphere as a result of poor control. The cumulative effects of sky glow are most noticeable above urban areas, where a variety of poorly controlled sources combine to create a brightening of the horizon and night sky. In addition to poorly controlled light, a component of sky glow will be formed from upward reflected light.

Nuisance lighting may take the form of localised spill light or glare. Glare occurs where the light source itself proves a distraction or disability to normal vision. Poorly orientated lighting units may exhibit glare and, while the disabling effects of glare diminish with distance, lighting may still provide a nuisance over several hundred metres.

A graphical representation of types of light nuisance is provided in **Figure 2-1**.

**Figure 2-1 - Types of light nuisance**



GN01 (ILP, 2020)

## 2.2 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS AND POLICIES

Details of pertinent statutory requirements and policies relevant to the Proposed Development are included within this section. These requirements and policies are considered further in **Section 3.0**, which details the existing lighting scenario and lists limitations appropriate for the Site of the Proposed Development, and **Section 4.0** which provides high level lighting proposals and mitigation measures which aim to limit the effects of lighting to the immediate and wider environment.

The requirements, policies, applicable standards and guidance referenced in this report are current at the time of writing however should be verified as current and revalued prior to undertaking further assessment or design work.

The following information is not exhaustive and further statutory requirements and policies may be applicable.

### LEGISLATION

The Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005 (the 'CNEA') gives local authorities powers to deal with artificial lighting by classifying artificial light emitted from defined premises as a statutory nuisance. The CNEA amends Section 79 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 to extend the statutory nuisance regime to include light spill and glare (emitted from certain premises) defined as, 'artificial light emitted from premises so as to be prejudicial to health or a nuisance.' Several defined types of premises are exempt from this provision, including premises where higher levels of light are to be expected for the purposes of safety, such as airports and lighthouses.

Guidance produced on Sections 101 to 103 of the CNEA by the Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) extends the duty on local authorities to ensure their areas are checked periodically for existing and potential sources of statutory nuisances, including situations where a nuisance arises from the use of artificial lighting. It should be noted that a highway is not deemed to be a premise under the CNEA, therefore light emitted from a highway lighting installation cannot be deemed a nuisance.

### NATIONAL POLICIES

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), February 2019 states that, 'Planning policies and decisions should also ensure that new development is appropriate for its location taking into account the likely effects (including cumulative effects) of pollution on health, living conditions and the natural environment, as well as the potential sensitivity of the site or the wider area to impacts that could arise from the development. In doing so they should:

c) limit the impact of light pollution from artificial light on local amenity, intrinsically dark landscapes and nature conservation.' (NPPF, Paragraph 180, 2018)

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government provides guidance on light pollution on the gov.uk website (<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/light-pollution>) and details the following:

- What light pollution consideration does planning need to address?



- What factors can be considered when assessing whether a development proposal might have implications for light pollution?
- What factors are relevant when considering where light shines?
- What factors are relevant when considering when light shines?
- What factors are relevant when considering how much the light shines?
- What factors are relevant when considering possible ecological impacts of lighting?
- What other information is available that could inform approaches to lighting and help reduce light pollution? (gov.uk, 1 November 2019)

## LOCAL POLICIES

The local planning authority, MKC have planning policies relating to lighting as detailed in the Milton Keynes Council, Plan:MK 2016 – 2031, Adopted March 2019.

The local plan recognises the safety and security benefits of artificial lighting but identifies light spillage as having the potential to be detrimental to people, wildlife and to the tranquillity and dark skies within rural areas. Recognition of the importance of carefully sited and designed lighting is noted and in certain cases assessment should be made on the impacts of sky glow, light spill and glare. The policies pertinent to this commentary are:

### Policy NE6 Environmental Pollution

*When considering development proposals, the Council will adopt the approach set out below to ensure that pollution will not have an unacceptable impact on human health, groundwater, general amenity, biodiversity or the wider natural environment.*

#### *Light pollution*

*Proposals that include external lighting schemes, including floodlighting, will be approved where it can be demonstrated through a Lighting Assessment that all of the following criteria can be satisfied:*

- *The lighting scheme is the minimum required for security and operational purposes.*
- *Glare and light spillage are minimised.*
- *The amenity of residential areas is not adversely affected.*
- *There would be no unacceptable adverse impact on the character and beauty, openness, tranquillity, dark landscapes or enjoyment of the night sky of the countryside.*
- *The visual character of historic buildings and conservation areas are not adversely affected.*
- *There would be no dazzling or distraction of drivers using nearby roads.*
- *There would be no unacceptable adverse effects on species, habitats or the wider natural environment.*

### Policy NE5 Conserving and Enhancing Landscape Character

*Development proposals will need to demonstrate that the following aspects of landscape character have been conserved and where possible enhanced through sensitive design, landscape mitigation and enhancement measures:*

- *Item 4 - Tranquillity and the need to protect against intrusion from light pollution, noise, and motion.*

## 2.3 GUIDANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION

Applicable guidance for lighting designers on the subject of obtrusive light is predominantly covered by the following international documents:

- CIE 150:2017 Guide on the Limitation of the Effects of Obtrusive Light from Outdoor Lighting Installations (International Commission on Illumination, 2017)
- CIE 126:1997 Guidelines for Minimizing Sky Glow (International Commission on Illumination, 1997)

National guidance is produced by the Institution of Lighting Professionals (ILP) in the following documents:

- Professional Lighting Guide 04, Guidance on Undertaking Environmental Lighting Impact Assessments (PLG04) (ILP, 2013)
- Guidance Note 01/20 Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light (GN01) (ILP, 2020)
- Bat Guidance Note 08/18 Bats and artificial lighting in the UK (GN08) (ILP, 2018)
- Professional Lighting Guide 05, The Brightness of Illuminated Advertisements (PLG05) (ILP, 2014)



### 3 ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

#### 3.1 METHODOLOGY

An assessment of the Site has been prepared in order to examine the existing baseline lighting conditions affecting the site and the immediate surrounds, to provide a datum for future design of the Proposed Development and identify site specific sensitivities.

Applicable guidance for the undertaking of an assessment of this type includes:

- Professional Lighting Guide 04, Guidance on Undertaking Environmental Lighting Impact Assessments (PLG04) (ILP, 2013)

PLG 04 provides guidance and methodology for the undertaking and reporting of lighting environmental impact assessments and has been closely adhered to as part of this assessment.

Baseline data collection has been undertaken by way of an on-site survey. The survey was conducted on Thursday 22 October 2020 by lighting specialists from WSP.

#### 3.2 SITE CLASSIFICATION

The criteria used to provide a baseline for the impact of lighting on the surrounding environment are drawn from GN01, based on the derived Environmental Zone. The five potential zones are as follows.

**Table 3-1 – Environmental Zones**

Zone	Surrounding	Lighting environment	Examples
E0	Protected	Dark	Astronomical Observable dark skies, UNESCO starlight reserves, IDA dark sky places
E1	Natural	Dark	Relatively uninhabited rural areas, National Parks, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, IDA buffer zones etc.
E2	Rural	Low district brightness	Sparsely inhabited rural areas, village or relatively dark outer suburban locations
E3	Suburban	Medium district brightness	Well inhabited rural and urban settlements, small town centres of suburban locations
E4	Urban	High district brightness	Town/city centres with high levels of night-time activity

GN01 (ILP, 2020)

An initial desk study of the Site has been carried out to assign an appropriate Environmental Zone.

The character of the Site is rural with much of the site contained within agricultural fields or woodland. There will be existing artificial lighting within the suburban areas of Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell, but these will not diminish the feel of the rural dark setting. It is our recommendation to classify the site as **Environmental Zone E2**, indicative of a rural low district brightness surrounding.

### 3.3 SITE-SPECIFIC SENSITIVITIES

A number of site-specific or representative sensitive locations, which have the potential to be adversely affected by lighting, have been identified as part of an initial desk study of the Site. These are shown on Lighting Assessment Viewpoint Location Plan MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-1301, a copy of which is included in **Appendix A**.

**Table 3-2 – Summary of sensitive locations**

Viewpoint number	Location	Sensitivities
L1	Public Right of Way (PRoW) – West of Tickford Lodge Farm	Landscape view
L2	PRoW – South-west of Tickford Park Farm	Landscape view
L3	Track (agricultural field boundary) – East of A509	Ecological
L4	PRoW – North of Moulsoe	Landscape view
L5	Newport Road, Moulsoe	Landscape view
L6	PRoW – South-east of St Mary’s church, Moulsoe	Landscape view
L7	Track (agricultural field boundary) – South of Newport Road	Ecological
L8	Agricultural field – South of Hermitage Farm	Ecological
L9	Nature Reserve – South-west of M1 Junction 14	Ecological
L10	Agricultural field boundary – adjacent to M1	Ecological
L11	Track (agricultural field boundary) – South-east of Holiday Inn (A509)	Ecological
L12	M1 overbridge – North-east of Tongwell Street	Landscape view
L13	Agricultural field boundary – East of and adjacent to River Ouzel	Ecological
L14	Agricultural field boundary – North of Holiday Inn (A509)	Ecological
L15	Agricultural field boundary – South of Moat Cottage	Landscape view



Viewpoint number	Location	Sensitivities
L16	Agricultural barn - East of residential properties 27 / 29 on A509	Ecological
L17	Track (agricultural field boundary) – South-east of Newport Stables	Ecological
L18	Track (agricultural field boundary) - Small wooded area c. 450m east of viewpoint L17	Ecological
L19	PRoW (agricultural field boundary) – East of A509	Ecological
L20	North Crawley Road (A509 Overbridge)	Landscape view

### 3.4 SITE LIMITATIONS

The limitations imposed on exterior lighting for Environmental Zone E2 are as follows (from GN01). Further guidance on limitations and how these are calculated are provided in CIE 150:2017.

Where a curfew is included, this refers to the time after which stricter requirements for the control of obtrusive light will apply, as stipulated by the local planning authority. If not otherwise stated, 23:00 to 05:00 hours are suggested.

**Table 3-3 – Obtrusive light limitations for E2 zone**

Sky Glow ULR (Max %)	Light intrusion (into windows) Ev (lux)	
	Pre-curfew	Post-curfew
2.5	5.0	1.0

GN01 (ILP, 2020)

Notes

1. Upward Light Ratio (ULR) is the maximum permitted percentage of luminaire flux that goes directly into the sky.
2. Ev = vertical illuminance in lux, measured flat on the glazing at the centre of the window.

**Table 3-4 – Limits for luminous intensity for E2 zone**

	Luminaire projected area Ap in m²					
	0<Ap≤0.002	0.002<Ap≤0.01	0.01<Ap≤0.03	0.03<Ap≤0.13	0.13<Ap≤0.5	Ap>0.5
Pre-curfew (maximum cd)	0.57 d	1.3 d	2.5 d	5.0 d	10 d	7,500
Post-curfew (maximum cd)	0.29 d	0.63 d	1.3 d	2.5 d	5.1 d	500
Aid to gauging Ap	2 to 5cm	5 to 10cm	10 to 20cm	20 to 40cm	40 to 80cm	>80cm

Luminaire projected area $A_p$ in $m^2$						
	$0 < A_p \leq 0.002$	$0.002 < A_p \leq 0.01$	$0.01 < A_p \leq 0.03$	$0.03 < A_p \leq 0.13$	$0.13 < A_p \leq 0.5$	$A_p > 0.5$
Geometric mean of diameter (cm)	3.2cm	7.1cm	14.1cm	26.3cm	56.6cm	>80cm
Corresponding $A_p$ representative area ( $m^2$ )	0.0008	0.004	0.016	0.063	0.251	>0.5

GN01 (ILP, 2020)

**Notes**

1.  $d$  is the distance between the observer and the luminaire in metres.
2.  $A_p$  is the apparent surface of the light source seen from the observer position
3.  $Cd$  = Candela

**Table 3-5 – Limits for road users**

	Road classification			
	No road lighting	M6/M5	M4/M3	M2/M1
Veiling luminance ( $L_v$ )	0.037 $cd/m^2$	0.23 $cd/m^2$	0.40 $cd/m^2$	0.84 $cd/m^2$
Threshold increment (TI)	15% based on adaption luminance of 0.1 $cd/m^2$	15% based on adaption luminance of 1.0 $cd/m^2$	15% based on adaption luminance of 2.0 $cd/m^2$	15% based on adaption luminance of 5.0 $cd/m^2$

GN01 (ILP, 2020)

**Notes**

1. Refer to BS 5489-1:2020 and BS EN 13201 for road classifications.

Where specified as part of the Proposed Development, further guidance and limitations for lit building facades and lit advertisements or business signs can be sought from GN01 and PLG05.



## ECOLOGY

Ecological guidance for the Site has identified sensitive areas or representative examples, as detailed in **Section 3.3**. Artificial lighting may affect sensitive fauna at these types of habitats, including impacting roosts, commuting routes and established and created dark corridors. It is useful in most situations to establish primary mitigation by assessing the impact of lighting proposals on bats and if a lighting scheme can be developed that is sensitive to bats, then it is likely not doing additional harm to other species.

The ILP Bat Guidance Note 08/18 *Bats and artificial lighting in the UK* (ILP, 2018) suggests limitations to the amount of spill light onto sensitive features being used by bats as **0.2 lux on the horizontal plane** (e.g. at ground level) and **0.4 lux on the vertical plane** (e.g. along the sides of hedgerow or treelines, calculated at an equivalent bat flying height). It is not always possible to completely remove levels of spill light onto nearby sensitive features near to artificial lighting installations as low levels of spill light can be present at significant distances from the installation.

## 3.5 CONSULTATIONS

Consultation with MKC has been initiated on 13 October 2020 to agree:

- Baseline and assessment methodology.
- Locations of viewpoints which will be used as the basis for the lighting assessment.
- Environmental zone classification E2.

At the time of writing, a response from MKC has not been provided.

### 3.6 ASSESSEMENT METHODOLOGY

The proposed development will impact on the surrounding environment in ways that may be measured by magnitude and significance, as described by PLG 04 and presented in **Table 3-6**.

The Proposed Development will either be presented in the form of a series of parameter plans with the main access roads designed in detail. For both elements, developed lighting proposals are not available at the time of this assessment and a general indication of the magnitude and temporal impact of the proposed development is made in this document. A detailed and comprehensive assessment should be made during the design of the scheme.

The assessment is therefore qualitative in nature and is based on professional judgement and predicted levels of obtrusive light. **Section 4** of this report details the type and levels of light typically used for developments of this nature and will be used to evaluate the effects on identified sensitive areas based on the following factors:

- Existing lighting conditions and Environmental Zone
- Anticipated future sources of lighting, including type, purpose, location and orientation
- Distance from receptor to light source(s)
- Screening (both existing and proposed) between light source(s) and receptor(s)

The assessment of changes in the night-time scene has considered the above factors alongside:

- The anticipated sources of lighting (temporary and permanent) viewed alongside existing sources of lighting
- The extent or absence of lighting within the overall field of view and the degree to which this would change
- The main focus of views from the receptors that contribute toward the night-time scene

**Table 3-6 – Evaluation Table**

Nature	Ref	Level	Descriptions	Remedial needs
Positive	1	Major/substantial beneficial effects	Significant improvement in night environment and/or reductions in glare, spill light and sky glow etc	None
	2	Moderate beneficial effects	Noticeable improvement in night environment and/or reductions in glare, spill light and sky glow etc	
	3	Minor beneficial effects	Slight improvement in night environment and/or reductions in glare, spill light and sky glow	
Neutral	4	None/negligible	No significant effect or overall effects balancing out	None
Negative	5	Minor adverse effects	Slight increase in visibility of site, glare, and sky glow etc	Develop appropriate levels and type of mitigation
	6	Moderate adverse effects	Noticeable increase in visibility of site, glare and sky glow etc	



Nature	Ref	Level	Descriptions	Remedial needs
	7	Major adverse effects	Significant problems with increase in visibility of site, glare and sky glow etc	

PLG04 (ILP, 2013)

### 3.7 SITE SURVEY DESCRIPTIONS

WSP lighting specialists attended the area of study on Thursday 22 October 2020. A daylight survey was conducted between 12:10 and 16:30, followed by a dark survey between 19:10 and 23:00 to take ambient light measurements and record the lighting conditions at nine of the identified viewpoints. Atmospheric conditions were mainly overcast throughout the survey with dry and sunny conditions during the day. During the evening survey there were intermittent views of the moon behind light cloud. The survey was carried out during the first quarter lunar phase.

Readings of illuminance enable baseline lighting condition values to be determined for the Proposed Development and its surrounds. Such readings were taken:

- Vertically in each compass direction at a height of 1.5m
- Horizontally at ground level

Illuminance readings were taken using a Minolta T-10 light meter. To provide perspective, for a clear sky with full moon, light measurements would range between 0.25 and 1 lux. For a typical moon lit cloudy sky, light measurements would likely be 0.01 to 0.1 lux (source ILP GN08 and IPCCTV specialists use-IP Ltd).

Photographs from each sample site, in the predetermined direction of interest, were taken in daylight and again after dark. A Canon EOS R full frame camera was used, adjusted to provide as accurate a depiction of lit conditions as possible.

Commentary on each surveyed viewpoint is provided in **Table 3-7**, together with day and night-time imagery. Where viewpoints could not be surveyed, experience and judgement has been used to anticipate existing baseline lighting conditions based on the information obtained during the survey. Where baseline data could not be obtained, it is recommended that during the detailed design stage, baseline data should be collected from areas where the addition of artificial lighting could have a significant negative effect.

#### BASELINE SUMMARY

In most instances, due to the rural nature of the Site, viewpoints near to the Site boundary appeared generally dark with only minor instances of nearby artificial lighting. Road lighting was present along Newport Road within the village of Moulsoe but only appeared intermittent in nature. The major roads adjacent to and within the Site were unlit including North Crawley Road, the A509 and the mainline of the M1.

Significant levels of lighting are present surrounding the Site, including Junction 14 of the M1 and associated slip roads and lighting within the urban areas of Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell.

Due to natural screening, in the form of deciduous vegetation, and the topography of the land, distant views of this lighting are intermittent and only affecting the viewpoints in the form of sky glow.

Not all viewpoints could be surveyed but those that were provide sufficient baseline data to inform the assessment and where lit conditions are predicted to be similar to surveyed areas, these have been noted in **Table 3-7**.



The results of the baseline survey support the classification of the area as Environmental Zone E2.



**Table 3-7 – Baseline Descriptions**

Site Reference	Commentary
<p><b>L1 and L2</b></p>	<p>Viewpoint L1 is located on a PRoW c. 250m west of Tickford Lodge Farm looking south-south-west and L2 located on a PRoW c.150m south-west of Tickford Park Farm looking west-south-west. Both viewpoints are located on the boundary of agricultural fields with the baseline descriptions used to inform the Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA).</p> <p>The viewpoints have not been surveyed however it is predicted that there will be views across open agricultural fields with distant views screened by deciduous lines of trees and hedges. Artificial lighting is unlikely to be present near to the viewpoints which will appear dark during the night. Background views will also appear dark with only intermittent views of distant artificial light sources, it is unlikely that lighting from the urban areas of Milton Keynes will be visible from the viewpoints due to natural screening features and the distance both towns are from the viewpoints. Sky glow will however be visible in these directions.</p> <p>Viewpoints L3, L4 and L20 have been surveyed, are located within similar areas and will provide additional baseline details.</p>
<p><b>L3</b></p>	<p>The viewpoint is located on the edge of an agricultural field c. 750m east of the A509 and surveyed to record the baseline conditions to support the ecological assessment. Views were recorded looking towards the west in the direction of the A509 and further afield towards the M1 motorway and eastern outskirts of Milton Keynes.</p> <p>Immediately to the south of the viewpoint there is a dense line of deciduous hedgerow and trees which continues to the west screening views to the south and south-west. Initial views to the west are of a large undulating agricultural field and behind the brow of the field, vehicles using the A509, which sits lower than the viewpoint, are visible. Behind the A509 the ground rises, and large industrial buildings can be seen interspersed between lines of dense deciduous trees. The first-floor windows of a residential property can be seen along with a large bank of deciduous trees bounding the field to the north-west. There are no sources of artificial lighting visible during the day.</p> <p>During the night the viewpoint appeared dark. The distant landscape appeared mainly dark but for intermittent lighting visible in the direction of the industrial buildings and residential property noted during the day. Sky glow appeared minimal and could be seen reflecting off the clouds above Milton Keynes to the west.</p> <p>Baseline lighting levels and views are predicted to be similar for viewpoints <b>L1</b> and <b>L2</b>.</p>

















Site Reference	Commentary						
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-3 - Daytime (west)</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-4 - Night-time (west)</b></p>  </div> </div>						
<p><b>L5</b></p>	<p>The viewpoint is located on Newport Road in the village of Moulsoe and has been surveyed to inform the LVIA. Views are recorded looking north-west towards Newport Pagnell.</p> <p>To the north-west there are views across open fields with deciduous hedgerow boundaries. The landform initially falls sharply with the viewpoint looking across from a highpoint and then gradually rises towards Milton Keynes. Distant views are mainly of dense deciduous vegetation with intermittent views of large industrial buildings visible above the vegetation.</p> <p>There are localised views to the north-west of the rear gardens of residential properties located on Newport Road with some decorative lighting visible within the garden. Further residential properties can be seen adjacent to the viewpoint to the north-east and south-east.</p> <p>Artificial lighting is visible along Newport Road, attached to utility poles. Luminaires with high pressure sodium light sources are mounted at approximate heights of 4m, with five-degree tilts. The spacing of the luminaires is intermittent however there is one luminaire located next to the residential property noted to the north-east of the viewpoint.</p> <p>During the night-time survey the viewpoint appeared dark as indicated by the levels of recorded illuminance. There are localised views of the lighting along Newport Road which appeared yellow in nature along with light spilling through some of the residential property windows to the north-west.</p> <p>There are distant views of artificial lighting visible above the dense vegetation noted during the day likely to be located near to the industrial buildings and suburban residential areas of Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell. Lighting appeared mainly white in colour. Sky glow was apparent in the direction of the two towns, medium in intensity with white and orange appearance.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>Ground</b> – 0.04</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>North</b> – 0.02</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>East</b> – 0.02</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.06</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.04</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.04	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.02		<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.04
<b>Ground</b> – 0.04	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.02					
	<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.04					

Site Reference	Commentary						
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-5 - Daytime (north-west)</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-6 - Night-time (north-west)</b></p>  </div> </div>						
<p><b>L6</b></p>	<p>The viewpoint is located on a PRoW south-east of St Mary’s Church, Moulsoe and has been surveyed to inform the LVIA. Views are recorded looking south-by-west in the direction of the M1 motorway and south-eastern outskirts of Milton Keynes.</p> <p>The viewpoint is located on top of a hill overlooking Milton Keynes. There are initial views in the foreground of large open agricultural fields bounded by deciduous hedges and tree lines where the land gradually slopes down. The open view is broken by dense deciduous vegetation lining the M1 motorway, there are breaks in the vegetation where larger vehicles using the M1 can be seen. A small cluster of two-storey residential properties and industrial farm buildings can be seen in front of the M1. Behind the M1 the urban sprawl of Milton Keynes can be seen with a mixture of large industrial warehouses and residential buildings visible across the entire vista. Behind these urban features the landform appears to rise, and large clusters of deciduous trees located on the higher ground can be seen forming a backdrop to the town. Artificial lighting installations were not visible during the day.</p> <p>During the night-time survey no artificial lighting was noted near to the viewpoint which appeared dark with initial views across dark open fields. A large expanse of artificial lighting is visible from the urban area of Milton Keynes providing views of a mixture of white and yellow street lighting along with lit business signage attached to the industrial warehouses.</p> <p>Sky glow is visible in the direction of Milton Keynes, mildly intense appearing white and orange.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>Ground</b> – 0.05</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>North</b> – 0.01</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>East</b> – 0.02</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.06</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.04</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.05	<b>North</b> – 0.01	<b>East</b> – 0.02		<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.04
<b>Ground</b> – 0.05	<b>North</b> – 0.01	<b>East</b> – 0.02					
	<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.04					









Site Reference	Commentary						
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-7 - Daytime (south-by-west)</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-8 - Night-time (south-by-west)</b></p>  </div> </div>						
<p><b>L7</b></p>	<p>The viewpoint is located on the edge of an agricultural field c. 500m south of the village of Moulsoe and surveyed to inform the ecological assessment. Views are recorded looking west-north-west.</p> <p>Daytime views are of an open agricultural field which rises to the west-north-west and is bounded by dense deciduous vegetation approximately 2m in height. Onward views are screened by the vegetation and there is no visible artificial lighting infrastructure.</p> <p>The viewpoint appeared dark during the night-time survey, artificial lighting is not visible to the west-north-west due to the screening and topography near to the viewpoint. Medium intensity distant sky glow, white and orange in appearance and likely to be emanating from the towns of Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell can be seen.</p> <p>To the north of the viewpoint, four high-pressure sodium (yellow in appearance) street lighting luminaires, previously noted at viewpoint 5 can be seen in the distance.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>Ground</b> – 0.02</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>North</b> – 0.01</td> <td style="width: 33%;"><b>East</b> – 0.01</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.02</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.02</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.02	<b>North</b> – 0.01	<b>East</b> – 0.01		<b>South</b> – 0.02	<b>West</b> – 0.02
<b>Ground</b> – 0.02	<b>North</b> – 0.01	<b>East</b> – 0.01					
	<b>South</b> – 0.02	<b>West</b> – 0.02					
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-9 - Daytime (west-north-west)</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-10–Night-time (west-north-west)</b></p>  </div> </div>						

Site Reference	Commentary						
L8	<p>The viewpoint is located on the edge of an agricultural field adjacent to and south of Hermitage Farm and surveyed to inform the ecological assessment. Views have been recorded facing north-east c.125m north-west of the viewpoint location shown on drawing MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-1301 due to access restrictions. Views are initially of two agricultural fields separated by low deciduous hedgerow. Onward views are mainly screened by dense deciduous vegetation bounding the furthest field, the roofs of three agricultural barns and two residential properties can be seen above the vegetation.</p> <p>There is no visible nearby artificial lighting and the survey location appeared dark. Sky glow appeared bright towards the urban edge of Milton Keynes and headlights of vehicles using the M1 can be seen.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Ground</b> – 0.07</td> <td><b>North</b> – 0.02</td> <td><b>East</b> – 0.03</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.06</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.05</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.07	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.03		<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.05
<b>Ground</b> – 0.07	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.03					
	<b>South</b> – 0.06	<b>West</b> – 0.05					
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 949 836 981"><b>Figure 3-11 - Daytime (north-east)</b></td> <td data-bbox="922 949 1433 981"><b>Figure 3-12 – Night-time (north-east)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 987 911 1352">  </td> <td data-bbox="922 987 1476 1352">  </td> </tr> </table>	<b>Figure 3-11 - Daytime (north-east)</b>	<b>Figure 3-12 – Night-time (north-east)</b>				
<b>Figure 3-11 - Daytime (north-east)</b>	<b>Figure 3-12 – Night-time (north-east)</b>						
							
L9	<p>The viewpoint is located within grassland between the sewage works and Milton Keynes Coachway, south of the M1 motorway and surveyed to inform the ecological assessment.</p> <p>Initial views looking north-east are of a flat grassed field bounded by a line of tall deciduous trees through which there are intermittent views of a short embankment and the M1.</p> <p>Although not clear during the day, road lighting located on the M1, Junction 14 slip road can be seen through the tree line during the night. The road lighting appeared yellow, indicative of high-pressure sodium lamps and light spilling onto the embankment and adjacent treeline was visible. Vehicle headlights were also visible. To the south-east of the viewpoint, white LED road lighting was visible, likely located on the A509. Although artificial lighting is visible, the viewpoint appeared dark as indicated by the recorded levels of illuminance. Sky glow was prominent in the direction of Milton Keynes, to the south of the viewpoint.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Ground</b> – 0.04</td> <td><b>North</b> – 0.02</td> <td><b>East</b> – 0.03</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.05</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.05</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.04	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.03		<b>South</b> – 0.05	<b>West</b> – 0.05
<b>Ground</b> – 0.04	<b>North</b> – 0.02	<b>East</b> – 0.03					
	<b>South</b> – 0.05	<b>West</b> – 0.05					

Site Reference	Commentary
	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-13 - Daytime (north-east)</b></p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>Figure 3-14 – Night-time (north-east)</b></p>  </div> </div>
<p><b>L10, L12 and L13</b></p>	<p>Viewpoint L10 is located on an overbridge crossing the M1 motorway which provides access from Tongwell Street to agricultural land to the north of the M1. Viewpoints L12 and L13 are located within the agricultural land to the north of the M1, L12 is located adjacent to the M1 and west of the River Ouzel, L13 is c. 400m further north adjacent to the river.</p> <p>All three viewpoints have not been surveyed but the following predicted baseline conditions will be used to inform the LVIA (viewpoint L10 looking north-east) and ecology assessment (viewpoints L12 looking north-north-west and L13 looking north-east).</p> <p>The viewpoints will all have views across flat agricultural fields with deciduous boundary features. Due to its location on the M1 overbridge, and this being higher than nearby land, distant views from L10 will be more expansive than from L12 and L13.</p> <p>There is road lighting located on Tongwell Street, approximately 10m in height, which may spill light onto viewpoint L10. A mixture of evergreen and deciduous trees line Tongwell Street which will provide screening from some of the lighting. The nearby M1 motorway is not lit, there will however be views of vehicle headlights during the night. Views to the north-east will be generally dark looking across an expanse of fields but with intermittent views of distant light sources from singular dwellings and further afield towards Newport Pagnell.</p> <p>There are no artificial light sources near to L12 and L13 which will both appear dark. Distant views from L12 and L13 will be similar to L10 however these views are likely to be more restricted due the landform and nearby natural vegetative screening.</p> <p>Distant sky glow is likely to be visible above Newport Pagnell to the north and Milton Keynes to the south.</p>
<p><b>L11</b></p>	<p>Viewpoint L11 is located on an agricultural track between two fields, c. 250m south-east of the Holiday Inn off the A509 looking south. The viewpoint has not been surveyed and the following description will be used to inform the ecological assessment.</p> <p>There will be daytime views across flat open fields with low level deciduous hedgerow boundaries. Visible above these hedgerow boundaries, it is likely that there will be views of artificial lighting to the south-south-west in the form of road lighting at the A509 junction with Newport Road and Junction 14 of the M1. This road lighting consists of c. 10m mounting height columns with a mixture of white LED and yellow high-pressure sodium light sources.</p> <p>There is no artificial lighting near to the viewpoint which will appear dark. There will be distant views of previously described road lighting however due to its distance from the viewpoint it is unlikely that the viewpoint will be affected by spill light or glare. Further distant views of</p>



Site Reference	Commentary						
	artificial lighting on the outskirts of Milton Keynes are likely including views of sky glow above the town.						
L14	<p>The viewpoint is located on the edge of a grassed field to the east of the A509 and north of the Holiday Inn hotel and surveyed to inform the ecological assessment.</p> <p>Views to the north-east are of a flat field bounded by thin deciduous hedgerow with onward views limited to intermittent deciduous tree lines. To the east of the viewpoint there is a cluster of deciduous trees screening the A509.</p> <p>There is no visible artificial lighting during the night other than vehicle headlights from the adjacent A509 and the viewpoint appeared dark. Minor instances of sky glow were visible.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table border="0" data-bbox="363 857 1276 947"> <tr> <td><b>Ground</b> – 0.02</td> <td><b>North</b> – 0.00</td> <td><b>East</b> – 0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.00</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.01</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.02	<b>North</b> – 0.00	<b>East</b> – 0.00		<b>South</b> – 0.00	<b>West</b> – 0.01
<b>Ground</b> – 0.02	<b>North</b> – 0.00	<b>East</b> – 0.00					
	<b>South</b> – 0.00	<b>West</b> – 0.01					
	<table border="0" data-bbox="363 1003 1476 1406"> <tr> <td data-bbox="363 1003 917 1406"> <p><b>Figure 3-15 - Daytime (north-east)</b></p>  </td> <td data-bbox="917 1003 1476 1406"> <p><b>Figure 3-16 – Night-time (north-east)</b></p>  </td> </tr> </table>	<p><b>Figure 3-15 - Daytime (north-east)</b></p> 	<p><b>Figure 3-16 – Night-time (north-east)</b></p> 				
<p><b>Figure 3-15 - Daytime (north-east)</b></p> 	<p><b>Figure 3-16 – Night-time (north-east)</b></p> 						
L15	<p>Viewpoint L15 is located on the boundary of an agricultural field to the south of Moat Cottage looking south-south-east in the direction of viewpoints L12 and L13. The viewpoint has not been surveyed and the following description will be used to inform the LVIA.</p> <p>Much like viewpoints L12 and L13, there will be views across flat agricultural fields with deciduous boundary features. There are unlikely to be forms of artificial lighting near to the viewpoint other than that associated with the residential property to the north-west and the viewpoint will appear dark. Intermittent views of distant light sources from lighting present on the outskirts of Milton Keynes could be available but it is anticipated that the flat topography and deciduous boundary features will provide some distant screening. Sky glow is likely to be visible above Milton Keynes.</p>						
L16 and L17	<p>Viewpoint L16 is located near to agricultural farm buildings to the east of the A509 (London Road) behind residential properties 27 and 29. L17 is located to the north of L16 on an agricultural track to the south-east of Newport Stables. Views from both viewpoints have been described principally looking south-east however neither viewpoint has been surveyed. The following descriptions will be used to inform the ecology assessment.</p>						

Site Reference	Commentary						
	<p>To the south and south-east of viewpoint L16 there is a line of deciduous trees behind which is a large open field. To the north there are agricultural barns and to the west are the two previously mentioned two-storey residential properties and the unlit A509. It is assumed that there is no artificial lighting near to the viewpoint however the viewpoint could be affected by minor levels of spill light and glare emanating from the two residential properties either from domestic security lighting or from light spilling through the windows of the properties.</p> <p>Views to the south-east from viewpoint L17 will be limited to open fields and boundary features. There is no artificial lighting near to L17 and the viewpoint will appear dark. Intermittent views of distant artificial lighting could be present in the direction of Moulsoe.</p>						
<p><b>L18 and L19</b></p>	<p>Viewpoint L18 is located off an agricultural track within a small wooded area c. 450m east of viewpoint L17 looking south-west. L19 is located immediately south of L20 (A509 overbridge) along a PRoW between two agricultural fields looking south. Both viewpoint descriptions will be used to inform the ecological assessment.</p> <p>The viewpoints have not been surveyed however it is predicted that there will be views across open agricultural fields with distant views screened by deciduous lines of trees and hedges. Artificial lighting is unlikely to be present near to the viewpoints which will appear dark during the night. It is unlikely that lighting from the urban areas of Milton Keynes will be visible from the viewpoints due to natural screening features however sky glow will be visible above the town.</p> <p>Viewpoint L20 has been surveyed and is located within a similar area and will provide additional baseline details.</p>						
<p><b>L20</b></p>	<p>The viewpoint is located on the North Crawley Road overbridge which crosses the A509 below looking south-south-east and surveyed to inform the LVIA.</p> <p>Initial views are of an agricultural field which has a gentle upward slope along with deciduous hedgerow and intermittent clusters of deciduous trees. Onward views are limited due to the landform which appears to decrease in height. There is no visible artificial lighting noted during the daytime with both North Crawley Road and the A509 being unlit.</p> <p>During the night-time survey the viewpoint appeared dark and there are no distant light sources visible in the direction of the Site. Headlights from vehicles passing beneath the A509 could be seen. Low intensity sky glow was visible to the south-south-east.</p> <p>Baseline lighting levels and views are predicted to be similar for viewpoints <b>L1</b> and <b>L18, L19</b>.</p>						
	<p><b>Recorded Illuminance (in lux)</b></p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Ground</b> – 0.03</td> <td><b>North</b> – 0.07</td> <td><b>East</b> – 0.05</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><b>South</b> – 0.02</td> <td><b>West</b> – 0.04</td> </tr> </table>	<b>Ground</b> – 0.03	<b>North</b> – 0.07	<b>East</b> – 0.05		<b>South</b> – 0.02	<b>West</b> – 0.04
<b>Ground</b> – 0.03	<b>North</b> – 0.07	<b>East</b> – 0.05					
	<b>South</b> – 0.02	<b>West</b> – 0.04					

Site Reference	Commentary
	<p data-bbox="363 360 879 394"><b>Figure 3-17 - Daytime (south-south-east)</b></p>  <p data-bbox="922 360 1326 394"><b>Figure 3-18 - (south-south-east)</b></p> 



## 4 LIGHTING PROPOSALS

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### 4.1 ANTICIPATED LIGHTING SOLUTION

At this early stage of the Proposed Development, lighting designs including lighting methodologies, layouts and specifications have not been developed for the main land uses that will be submitted in outline, and which are otherwise supported by a series of parameters plans. These include areas such as residential, employment, schools and parks. This document outlines proposed lighting solutions based on experience and best practice in relation to the standards and guidance detailed, and aims to predict the likely artificial lighting design impact.

Although the main access roads to the site, otherwise known as Link Roads, will be designed in detail, only high-level lighting proposals have been developed to include for indicative lighting standards and levels, lighting specification for luminaires and column heights. Much like the details provided for the outline planning stage, this detail will be used to predict the likely artificial lighting impact.

The proposed details for both outline and detailed stages are subject to change and will be developed further through consultation with MKC as the highway adoption authority.

Lighting should be designed by competent designers and in accordance with publications listed in this document, as well as other industry and site-specific documents dealing with lighting. Pertinent standards and guidance include (in addition to those detailed in **Section 2.3**):

- BS 5489-1:2020 Design of road lighting Part 1: Lighting of roads and public amenity areas – Code of practice (BSI, 2020)
- BS EN 13201 (all parts) Road lighting (BSI, 2014-2015)
- Design Manual for Roads and Bridges, TD 501 Road lighting design (Highways England, 2020)
- BS EN 12464-2:2014 Light and lighting – Lighting of work places – Part 2: Outdoor work places (BSI, 2014)
- BS EN 12193:2018 Light and lighting – Sports lighting
- Milton Keynes Council Street Lighting Specification (June 2017 Revision 2)

As the Site of the Proposed Development is located within areas of low ambient lighting, lighting should only be provided within areas where safety or security is a concern. Where lighting is deemed necessary, areas should not be over-lit and specified in-line with the minimum requirements of the applicable lighting standards.

A range of national guidance documents for external lighting are available from the ILP and where applicable should be adhered to for the provision of artificial lighting.

Typical lighting levels are provided as a guide aligning with industry recommendations and best practice. Where lighting levels are quoted these as based on average levels of illuminance for the area being lit.

## CONSTRUCTION

During the construction phase of the Proposed Development there may be the need to provide temporary lighting for construction tasks and security.

Lighting provided during construction would generally be standard fixings and equipment. Working areas may be surrounded by hoarding onto which lighting may be attached. Such lighting may perform directional and security tasks.

Construction works are likely to be limited to agreed working hours and these will generally take place between 08:00 and 17:30. During the early evenings of winter months, working could extend into the hours of darkness, there will however generally be no working throughout the night-time period.

Construction lighting may be assessed as part of a temporary lighting design, undertaken by a competent lighting professional. All such lighting should meet the constraints of the applicable Environmental Zone. Purely temporary task lighting may not be subject to a design process but should adhere to the same constraints during its operation.

Specifically, construction-related lighting would:

- Be required to provide the correct levels of lighting to ensure the safety of workers and general users of the site.
- Be designed such that, where practicable, all luminaires are installed internal to the site (such as on the inside of hoarding) and are directed towards the working area.
- Be operational only during construction works, except where lighting is required for out-of-hours security or safety reasons.
- Adhere to industry best practice, including guidance from industry bodies (such as the Construction Industry Research and Information Association, CIRIA). CIRIA guidance, for example, notes that lighting on construction sites is typically required for security and safety, while at the same time being required to minimise impact on the surrounding environment in accordance with current best practice.
- Be mindful of temporary impacts on sensitive flora and fauna, limit the intensity and duration of lighting to the minimum required and maintain a suitable buffer from retained sensitive receptors.

Lighting will be mounted either on lighting columns or attached to temporary buildings and likely to be limited to 8m mounting heights. The design of construction lighting should be carried out in accordance with BS EN 12464-2:2014 and any specific industry guidance.

The Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) will include details of temporary lighting.

## OPERATIONAL

As the development becomes operational, lighting will be required during hours of darkness to provide a safe and attractive environment for users to aid safe movement and provide a feeling of security and well-being.

Where areas within the Proposed Development will be adopted by the local highway authority, in this case MKC, lighting levels and equipment will need to be agreed and provided in line with the authority's requirements which may differ to the advice provided in this report.

With reference to the Land Use Plan, included at Appendix C2 of the Environmental Statement (ES) and Illustrative Plot Plan shown in Figure C3.2 of Chapter C of the ES, the Proposed Development will consist of the following area types:

- Residential
- Employment
- Community hub including shops and other services
- Secondary school
- Three primary schools
- Linear park
- Primary Street and Non-Grid Roads including pedestrian and cycle route
- Grid Roads

### Residential areas

Lighting within residential areas will be provided for security and safe movement and will be located along footpaths, cycleways, parking areas, building perimeters and communal areas. Lighting will mainly take the form of street lighting and likely to be limited to 6m mounting heights.

Lighting levels for residential areas will be typically range from 2.0 to 7.5 lux along roads and parking areas and will be design to BS 5489-1:2020 increasing to 10 lux around building perimeters.

### Employment, community and retail areas

Lighting for employment, community and retail areas will be used to provide workers and visitors with safe walking routes, parking for vehicles and bicycles and security to enhance the users experience. Retail areas will be accompanied with storage and vehicle unloading areas which may require a greater level of lighting in addition to lit signage and advertisements.

Column heights will typically be between 6m and 10m and based on the size and usage of each area but should be designed to be in keeping with the locality considering adjacent building types and heights and wider views of the area. Larger lit areas with greater usage will be lit using lighting column heights at the taller height range whereas remote walking routes could be lit using low level lit bollards.

Lighting levels will likely range from 5 to 20 lux for general vehicle and pedestrian areas rising to 50 lux for outside storage and unloading areas and designed to BS 5489-1:2020 or BS EN 12464-2:2014.



## Educational areas

Educational areas will require lighting for safety and security and will be needed for walking routes, vehicle and bicycle parking, around the perimeter of buildings, storage areas and outdoor sporting activities such as Multi-Use Games Areas (MUGA) (should these be in use during the hours of darkness).

Lighting for general areas such as walking routes and parking areas will either be lit from lighting columns typically no greater than 8m in heights or from low level lit bollards with lighting levels ranging between 5 and 10 lux and designed in line with BS EN 12464-2:2014.

Where sports lighting is required this will be provided by floodlighting mounted to lighting columns ranging in height from 8m to 12m. Dependent on the level and type of sports activities being undertaken lighting levels will range from 75 lux to 200 lux designed in accordance with BS EN 12193:2018 and any sports specific governing body requirements.

## Linear park (and other ecological features)

Lighting within the Linear park and similar areas will be limited to pedestrian walking and cycle routes. As these areas are likely to be within remote rural settings, only minimal levels of lighting would be required in the region of 3 lux and be either mounted on lighting columns no greater than 5m in height or from low level lit bollards. Existing dark areas should be maintained where possible and where there are nearby ecological sensitivities the provision of lighting should be reviewed.

In addition to sensitive lighting design in the vicinity of ecological receptors in the linear park, as discussed in **Section 4.2** below similar principles will be applied elsewhere across the site in the vicinity of retained and newly created habitats such as hedgerows, woodland edges, retained and replacement bat roosts and wetland habitats.

## Primary Street and Non-Grid Roads including adjacent pedestrian and cycle routes

Lighting will be provided for security and safe movement and provided in the form of street lighting located adjacent to the carriageway, redways and footpaths. Street lighting column heights will likely range between 8m to 10m with typical lighting levels ranging from 5.0 to 10.0 lux.

## Grid Roads

A number of access roads and roundabouts will be provided to link the Proposed Development to; Milton Keynes via a new bridge over the M1 motorway; Junction 14 of the M1; and Newport Pagnell via the existing A509. These road types will be adopted by MKC who have requested that lighting is provided to these areas.

Grid roads, along with Primary Street and Non-Grid Roads including pedestrian and cycle routes will be designed to BS 5489-1:2020 alongside Milton Keynes Council Street Lighting Specification.

Lighting will be tailored to the types and level of usage of each access road and roundabout with details provided on drawings MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0101 to MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0103 and summarised in **Table 4-1**.

**Table 4-1 – Indicative lighting proposals for Grid Roads**

Area	Lighting class	Target lighting levels	Column heights
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Link 101</li> <li>■ Link 102</li> <li>■ Link 106</li> </ul>	<p>Traffic route lighting class – M3</p> <p><i>(Equivalent to lighting class – C3)</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ L – 1.0 Cd/m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> <li>■ Lane uniformity 0.6</li> <li>■ Threshold increment 15%</li> <li>■ Surround lighting – 0.3</li> </ul> <p><i>Equivalent to -</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 15 Lux</li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> </ul>	10m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Link 103</li> <li>■ Link 104</li> <li>■ Link 107</li> <li>■ Link 108</li> <li>■ Link 109</li> </ul>	<p>Traffic route lighting class – M3</p> <p><i>(Equivalent to lighting class – C3)</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ L – 1.0 Cd/m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> <li>■ Lane uniformity 0.6</li> <li>■ Threshold increment 15%</li> <li>■ Surround lighting – 0.3</li> </ul> <p><i>Equivalent to -</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 15 Lux</li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> </ul>	8m to 10m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Link 105</li> </ul>	<p>Traffic route lighting class – M2</p> <p><i>(Equivalent to lighting class – C2)</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ L – 1.5 Cd/m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> <li>■ Lane uniformity 0.7</li> <li>■ Threshold increment 10%</li> <li>■ Surround lighting – 0.35</li> </ul> <p><i>Equivalent to -</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 20 Lux</li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> </ul>	10m to 12m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Link 110</li> <li>■ Link 301 to 306</li> <li>■ Link 501 to 510</li> <li>■ Link 601</li> </ul>	<p>Traffic route lighting class – M4</p> <p><i>(Equivalent to lighting class – C4)</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ L – 0.75Cd/m<sup>2</sup></li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> <li>■ Lane uniformity 0.6</li> <li>■ Threshold increment 15%</li> <li>■ Surround lighting – 0.3</li> </ul> <p><i>Equivalent to -</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 10 Lux</li> <li>■ Uniformity 0.4</li> </ul>	8m to 10m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Carelton Gate Roundabout</li> </ul>	<p>Conflict area lighting class – C1</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 30 Lux</li> <li>■ Uniformity – 0.4</li> </ul>	10m to 12m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eastern Link Roundabouts 1 to 4</li> <li>■ A509 Roundabout 1 &amp; 2</li> </ul>	<p>Conflict area lighting class – C2</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Eav - 20 Lux</li> </ul>	10m to 12m

Area	Lighting class	Target lighting levels	Column heights
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Willen Link Roundabout</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Uniformity – 0.4</li> </ul>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cranfield Link Roundabout</li> </ul>	Conflict area lighting class – C3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Eav - 15 Lux</li> <li>Uniformity – 0.4</li> </ul>	10m
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Redways – Remote from carriageway</li> </ul>	Subsidiary road lighting class – P6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Eav – 2.0 Lux</li> <li>Emin – 0.4</li> </ul>	5m

**Notes**

1. Eav is the average horizontal illuminance, Emin is the minimum horizontal illuminance
2. L is the average road surface luminance
3. Uniformity is the ratio between minimum and average values
4. Threshold increment is the maximum percentage of contrast increase needed to make an object visible as a consequence of disability glare.
5. Surround lighting is the ratio of lighting required for adjacent areas
6. Subsidiary road lighting classes are intended for pedestrian areas, footpaths and cycle tracks (BS 5489-1:2020, BSI 2020)

Lighting for the pedestrian underpasses and overbridges forming part of the Proposed Development will be designed in accordance with BS 5489-1:2020.

The lighting proposals provided in **Table 4-1** are subject to change following further design development considering sensitive environmental constraints and approval requirements of MKC.



To put the lighting levels mentioned previously into context, the comparable examples detailed in **Table 4-2** can be used.

**Table 4-2 – Typical lighting levels**

Lighting condition	Lighting level	Lighting condition	Lighting level
Bright moonlight	1 Lux	Candle	1 Candelas
Subsidiary roads with medium traffic flow	7.5 - 10 Lux	100W incandescent lamp	80 Candelas
Parking area for large shopping centre	20 Lux	Car head lamp	15,000 Candelas
City centre / family living room	50 Lux		
School circulation halls	100 Lux		
Railway waiting room	200 Lux		
Office reception areas	300 Lux		
Overcast day	1,000 Lux		



## 4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRINCIPLES

All lighting should be designed under the most efficient principles practicable. This means:

### Right Light

Look to the correct application of the lighting standards, defining the required lighting levels dependent on the task being undertaken and the level of activity and risk. Right light refers to the correct selection of light source, with due consideration of the most energy efficient modern sources, such as LED. Balanced against these requirements is the need to consider the impact of lighting on local sensitive flora and fauna, especially bats.

### Right Time

The lighting standards permit levels to be adjusted dependent on the use of an area, such as when traffic or pedestrian activity falls. Lowering levels to the minimum required for safety and security, or even full switch-off regimes, may be considered at certain times. Such an approach may be across the proposed development or suitably zoned.

### Right Place

Ensure that only the areas required are illuminated. Reductions in spill and obtrusive light to at least the constraints imposed by the applicable Environmental Zone should be achieved, through the careful consideration of luminaires and how they are installed.

The most energy efficient lighting installations will require a suitable control system. Dependent on the operator and operating regime, a system that allows monitoring and control may be considered.

## EQUIPMENT

The selection of equipment is critical to controlling light distribution and reducing the installation's impact on the surrounding environment. Good quality equipment should be proposed that restricts light to the areas required and does not contribute to excessive levels of spill, intensity or upward output.

For lighting to be adopted by MKC, the following measures may contradict with the requirements of the council as outlined in Milton Keynes Council Street Lighting Specification. Where areas have been identified with specific sensitivities, deviations to the Council's specification should be discussed and agreed to limit any associated impacts.

The following specific design requirements to mitigate the impact of lighting should be followed:

- The extent of lit sections should be constrained to the minimum required for safety.
- Selected lighting levels should be reduced to the minimum required for safety.
- LED luminaires should be specified so that light distribution is easily controllable to reduce spill light and other obtrusive parameters.
- Luminaires to be specified so that no light is emitted directly upward above the horizontal.
- Luminaires with a minimum luminous intensity class of G4 (refer to BS EN 13201-2:2015, Table A.1) should be utilised, to remove any light emission above the horizontal and to reduce source intensity over greater distances.
- Luminaires should be installed at 0° to the horizontal to preserve their luminous intensity class.
- Luminaires with maximum colour temperatures of 3000K should ideally be used, to minimise

the blue-light component and the proposed development's impact on fauna populations.

- A more limited range of spectral power distribution is used, with predominance in the longer wavelength end of the spectrum, to aid environmental mitigation.
- A system of control and operation should be considered that allows; dimming of lighting to a lower level during periods of low use or switch-off when areas are not in use. The use of detection-operated lighting should be considered where appropriate.
- Shield and baffles to be used where levels of obtrusive light cannot be limited through good design.
- The selection of luminaire mounting heights will need to be in keeping with the surrounding environment taking consideration of the daytime appearance of the installation along with night-time implications of light spill and luminaire intensity from bright light sources (resulting in disability or discomfort glare). Mounting luminaires on taller columns can provide options for lower luminaire aiming angles potentially reducing spill light and intensity.
- Remote walking and cycling routes should ideally not be lit.
- Residents should be made aware of the need to direct security light fittings so that light does not spill into neighbouring areas and is only lighting the associated property, does not spill light directly into the sky and is controlled via motion detection to limit the times of operation.

## COLOUR TEMPERATURE

All light sources have an associated colour temperature which is a measure of how cool or warm the colour appears when viewed and is measured in Kelvin (K). Lighting which appears warm will have hints of red, orange or amber and have a lower colour temperature, usually around 1800K to 2000K. As the colour temperature increases to 3000K to 4000K, the light will appear more neutral and finally, light will begin to take on a blue tinge and appear cooler at colour temperatures in the region of 5000K and above.

Generally, with higher colour temperatures the amount of blue light (shorter wavelength) present in the distribution will increase. The amount of power emitted at each wavelength by a light source is known as the spectral power distribution and is discussed in more detail below.

It is generally preferable to use warmer light sources when trying to limit short wavelength ('blue') output, to create a more comfortable environment for humans and an acceptable installation for ecologically. While cooler sources have generally been more efficient, advances in technology continue to reduce the discrepancy.

## ECOLOGY MITIGATION - SENSITIVE LIGHTING DESIGN

Artificial lighting may affect sensitive fauna, including impacting roosts, commuting routes and established and created dark corridors. It is useful in most situations to establish primary mitigation by assessing the impact of lighting proposals on bats. If a lighting scheme can be developed that is sensitive to bats, then it is likely that the proposed installation will not be presenting any additional harm to other species.

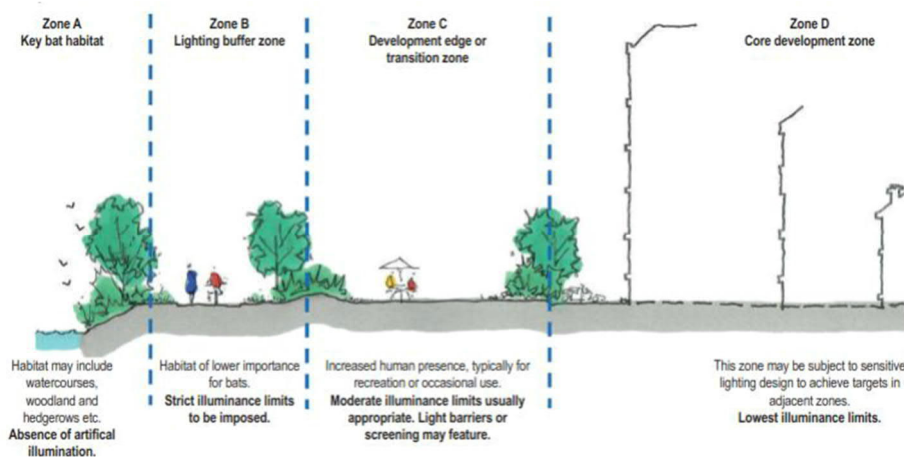
Different species of bat are affected by lighting in different ways. Reducing the spectral output of proposed units will limit the number of species that may be affected. In addition, shorter wavelength sources should be avoided as much as possible. Therefore, the use of warmer white LED sources,

which may inherently have a more limited spectral distribution and naturally limit shorter wavelength output, is recommended.

In addition to the equipment requirements detailed above, the presence of bat and other sensitive wildlife in the area would necessitate specific design requirements to mitigate the impact of lighting:

- Light spill onto confirmed, suspected or introduced roosts, boxes and the like is prohibited and should be avoided primarily through good design and secondarily by physical shields where necessary.
- Light spill onto trees and hedgerows should be minimised through good design, with physical shields installed where necessary.
- A 'buffer zone' of very low illuminance (if any) should be created adjacent to established or proposed key habitats, such as adjacent to treelines, hedgerows and wetlands. In accordance with GN08 a wider system of zoning may be employed to mitigate against artificial lighting (example shown in **Figure 4-1**).
- Landscaping measures in the form of shrubs and tree planting to further act as secondary mitigation to screen and soften the effects of installed artificial light sources should be considered.

**Figure 4-1 – Buffer Zone**



GN08 (ILP, 2019)

To minimise effects on foraging and commuting bats (and other nocturnal species) as a result of light spill, as elements of the Proposed Development are progressed to detailed design, lighting designs for each element should be prepared incorporating measures to reduce the effects of lighting on bats. This should be reviewed by a suitably qualified ecologist to ensure that effects on sensitive habitats are avoided.

Further advice on limiting the impact of lighting on bats is provided in Bat Conservation Trust and ILP Guidance Note 08/18 Bats and artificial lighting in the UK (ILP, 2018).

## LIGHTING CONTROL

Lighting should be suitably controlled by way of photoelectric control units (PECUs) or other control systems. Lighting should only be provided during the hours of darkness and be dependent on safety and security requirements. Controls should allow temporal changes in lighting levels where appropriate, such as switch-off or dimming during periods of reduced usage.

As can be seen from the limitations detailed in **Section 3.4**, figures are given for both pre and post curfew. At this stage of the development application no indication has been given if a curfew will be applied to the lighting installations within the Proposed Development. Where a curfew is applied, switch off or dimming will be crucial in achieving the limitations set for an **E2 Environmental Zone**.

It should be noted that MKC may in the future utilise a Central Management System (CMS) to monitor and control lighting where it is maintained by the council.

The dimming regime to be applied to the operational lighting should be discussed with MKC at the detailed design stage, Milton Keynes Council Street Lighting Specification currently requests that lighting on residential roads is dimmed by 30% between 22:30 hours and 05:30 hours.



## 5 ANTICIPATED EFFECTS

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The assessment of potential effects considers the site-specific sensitive areas described in **Section 3.3** and how these are impacted by the lighting proposals taking account of the recommended proposals and environmental principles outlined in **Section 4.1** and **Section 4.2**.

Where lighting is to be adopted by MKC and in areas identified with specific or representative sensitivities, deviations to the council's specification should be discussed and agreed to limit any associated impacts. It is however unknown whether the recommended environmental principles will be accepted by MKC and therefore the assessment of effects are presented as worst-case. Accepted environmental principles outlined in Milton Keynes Council Street Lighting Specification are considered in the assessment of effects.

While the matrix outlined in **Table 3-6** has been used, it is not prescriptive and professional judgement has been applied, where appropriate. It is recommended that these anticipated impacts are re-assessed once detailed lighting designs have been developed. Where assumptions regarding baseline conditions have been made these should be verified as accurate.

### CONSTRUCTION

Adopting the principles outlined provides a methodology to ensure that lighting required for construction activities does not cause a nuisance and is not obtrusive to the surrounding environment. If the guidance is implemented appropriately then the residual effects of construction lighting are likely to be negligible to minor adverse during the construction period.

### OPERATION

The assessment of operational lighting effects has been undertaken based on the Land Use Plan, Illustrative Plot Plan, the proximity of the development parcel to the viewpoint and prediction of likely lighting levels as detailed in **Table 5-1**.

In relation to the ILP obtrusive light limits and based on the high-level lighting specification detailed on drawings MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0101 to MKE-WSP-ZZ-ZZ-C-SK-0103 and summarised in **Table 4-1**, direct horizontal spill light is anticipated to fall adjacent to lit highways to the following distances:

- 0.2 lux horizontal illuminance – up to 56m from the carriageway
- 1.0 lux horizontal illuminance – up to 42m from the carriageway
- 5.0 lux horizontal illuminance – up to 13m from the carriageway

**Table 5-1 – Assessment Table (Landscape)**

Viewpoint number / description	Baseline conditions / nearby development	Predicted impacts
<p><b>L1</b> Public Right of Way (PRoW) – West of Tickford Lodge Farm</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with intermittent views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located outside redline boundary, c. 190m from nearest development (Grid Road).</li> <li>Will have views across lit development parcels.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>It is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> <li>Landscaping is recommended to screen views of access road and wider development.</li> </ol>
<p><b>L2</b> PRoW – South-west of Tickford Park Farm</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with intermittent views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located outside redline boundary, c. 650m from nearest development (Grid Road).</li> <li>Will have views across lit development parcels.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>It is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> <li>Landscaping is recommended to screen views of access road and wider development.</li> </ol>
<p><b>L4</b> PRoW – North of Moulsoe</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with no views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located outside redline boundary, nearest development, c. 250m to proposed tree planting and c. 280m to Grid Road.</li> <li>Views across lit development parcels likely to be screened in summer months by proposed tree planting.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>With a consideration of the screening provided by the proposed deciduous tree planting, it is anticipated that there will be a <b>minor adverse lighting effect</b> (Slight increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area) during the summer months</li> <li>During the period where landscaping is maturing and in winter months it is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> </ol>
<p><b>L5</b> Newport Road, Moulsoe</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minor instances of artificial lighting nearby but viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with views of distant light sources, sky glow</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> </ol>

Viewpoint number / description	Baseline conditions / nearby development	Predicted impacts
	<p>will be visible above existing urban settlements.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Located outside redline boundary, nearest development, c. 330m to proposed tree planting and c. 450m to Grid Roads.</li> <li>Views across lit development parcels likely to be screened in summer months by proposed tree planting.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With a consideration of the screening provided by the proposed deciduous tree planting, it is anticipated that there will be a <b>minor adverse lighting effect</b> (Slight increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area) during the summer months</li> <li>During the period where landscaping is maturing and in winter months it is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> </ol>
<p><b>L6</b> PRoW – South-east of St Mary’s church, Moulsoe</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located outside redline boundary, nearest development, c. 175m to proposed primary school.</li> <li>Will have views across lit development parcels.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>With a consideration of the primary school only having a minimal level of artificial lighting, it is anticipated that there will be a <b>minor adverse lighting effect</b> (Slight increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> </ol>
<p><b>L12</b> M1 overbridge – North-east of Tongwell Street</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nearby artificial lighting likely visible in direction of Milton Keynes. Existing views of dark landscape with intermittent views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, adjacent to Grid Road.</li> <li>Will have views across lit development parcels.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although viewpoint is close to lit Grid Road, adhering to environmental lighting principles in <b>Section 4.2</b> will mean that viewpoint is likely to be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>It is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> </ol>
<p><b>L15</b> South of Moat Cottage</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with intermittent views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements.</li> <li>Located outside redline boundary, c. 250m from nearest development (Grid Road).</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits.</li> <li>It is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area).</li> </ol>

Viewpoint number / description	Baseline conditions / nearby development	Predicted impacts
	3. Will have views across lit development parcels.	3. Landscaping is recommended to screen views of access road and wider development.
<b>L20</b> North Crawley Road (A509 Overbridge)	1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark. Existing views of dark landscape with no views of distant light sources, sky glow will be visible above existing urban settlements. 2. Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Grid Road. 3. Will have views across lit development parcels.	1. Due to distance from Proposed Development, will be within ILP GN01 obtrusive light limits. 2. It is anticipated that there will be a <b>moderate adverse lighting effect</b> (Noticeable increase in visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area). 3. Landscaping is recommended to screen views of access road and wider development.

## Sky Glow

Sky glow is the illumination of the night sky by artificial lighting. Limitations to control effects to sky glow consider the upward light ratio (ULR) of an installation and aim to limit the direct upward light emitted from luminaires.

Reflected light can also contribute to levels of sky glow but can be harder to control which is why lighting levels should be correctly specified in accordance with relevant guidance and standards and the design should aim to not exceed these specified levels.

Artificial light sources with a higher component of blue light, such as those with higher colour temperatures (Cool White  $\geq 4000\text{K}$ ) can have a greater impact to levels of sky glow than light sources with a warmer appearance (colour temperatures  $\leq 3000\text{K}$ ). The use of warmer colour temperatures has also been shown to have less of an effect to light sensitive ecology.

Incorporating the environmental principles outlined in **Section 4.2** and ensuring luminaires are not tilted in accordance with Milton Keynes Street Lighting Specification will ensure that proposed lighting will not exceed the ILP limitations detailed in GN01 and replicated in **Section 3.4**. Sky glow is present above existing urban settlements, mainly Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell. The established environmental principles will greatly reduce the Proposed Development's contribution to existing sky glow, this contribution cannot be entirely eliminated where new lighting is provided. It is therefore anticipated that distant views will experience an increase in sky glow as a result of the Proposed Development resulting in **minor adverse lighting effects** (slight increase in visibility of the site).



## Ecology

To support the ecology assessment, an assessment has been undertaken to predict whether there will be an increase in levels of artificial lighting from those recorded or predicted as part of the baseline survey. The limitations detailed within LP Bat Guidance Note 08/18 Bats and artificial lighting in the UK (GN08) (ILP, 2018) have been used as a basis for this assessment.

**Table 5-2 – Assessment Table (Ecology)**

<b>Viewpoint number / description</b>	<b>Baseline conditions / nearby development</b>	<b>Predicted impacts</b>
<b>L3</b> Track (agricultural field boundary) – East of A509	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located within redline boundary, near to development parcels (secondary school and residential)</li> <li>3. Will be located adjacent to lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> <li>2. Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L7</b> Track (agricultural field boundary) – South of Newport Road	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Grid Road and residential.</li> <li>3. Will be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As the receptor is located adjacent to the lit system of grid type roads, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> <li>2. Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L8</b> Agricultural field – South of Hermitage Farm	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located within redline boundary, near to employment development parcels.</li> <li>3. Will be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> </ol>
<b>L9</b> Nature Reserve – South-west of M1 Junction 14	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located outside redline boundary, south of the M1. There are no planned development parcels near to viewpoint.</li> <li>3. Will not be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It is anticipated that there will not be an increase to the recorded baseline lighting levels.</li> </ol>
<b>L10</b> Agricultural field boundary – adjacent to M1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located inside redline boundary, within the River Ouzel Linear Park.</li> <li>3. Will not be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It is anticipated that there will not be an increase to the recorded baseline lighting levels.</li> </ol>

Viewpoint number / description	Baseline conditions / nearby development	Predicted impacts
<b>L11</b> Track (agricultural field boundary) – South-east of Holiday Inn (A509)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, near to residential development parcels and Grid Roads.</li> <li>Will be located adjacent to a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> <li>Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L13</b> Agricultural field boundary – East of and adjacent to River Ouzel	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located inside redline boundary, within the River Ouzel Linear Park.</li> <li>Will not be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It is anticipated that there will not be an increase to the recorded baseline lighting levels.</li> </ol>
<b>L14</b> Agricultural field boundary – North of Holiday Inn (A509)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, near to residential development parcels.</li> <li>Will be located adjacent to lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> <li>Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L16</b> Agricultural barn - East of residential properties 27 / 29 on A509	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Grid Road and Primary School development parcel.</li> <li>Will be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the viewpoint is located adjacent to the lit Grid Road, lighting levels are expected to exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> </ol>
<b>L17</b> Track (agricultural field boundary) – South-east of Newport Stables	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Grid Road and Residential development parcels.</li> <li>Will be located adjacent to lit environments.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> <li>Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L18</b> Track (agricultural field boundary) - Small wooded	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Residential and Community Hub development parcels.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the receptor is located adjacent to lit development, lighting levels could exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> </ol>

Viewpoint number / description	Baseline conditions / nearby development	Predicted impacts
area c. 450m east of viewpoint L17	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Will be located adjacent to lit environments.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Implementing a suitable unlit buffer and considering the location of luminaires in relation to sensitive features will reduce spill light.</li> </ol>
<b>L19</b> PRoW (agricultural field boundary) – East of A509	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No nearby artificial lighting and viewpoint will appear dark.</li> <li>2. Located within redline boundary, near to proposed Grid Road and Residential development parcels.</li> <li>3. Will be located within a lit environment.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As the receptor is located adjacent to the lit Grid Road, lighting levels are expected to exceed ILP GN08 limitations.</li> </ol>

## 6 SUMMARY

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A lighting assessment has been prepared in support of the hybrid planning application on behalf of Berkeley St James for the Milton Keynes East development, encompassing both outline permission (with all matters reserved) for a large-scale mixed-use urban extension and detailed permission for strategic highway and multi-modal transport infrastructure.

The Site of the Proposed Development is located on the eastern rural edge of Milton Keynes, immediately north-east of Junction 14 of the M1 motorway. The Site and surrounding areas are rural in nature, and mainly dark, but with views of distant light sources from the urbanised outskirts of Milton Keynes and Newport Pagnell. The Site has been classified as **Environmental Zone E2**, indicative of areas of low district brightness.

Artificial lighting will be provided for construction activities and during normal operational, where needed for safety and security, during the hours of darkness. The principal sources will be located along access roads (e.g. Grid Roads) and within residential and employment areas.

Identified specific and representative sensitivities will require deviations to the Council's specification and should be discussed and agreed to limit any associated impacts. It is unknown whether the recommended environmental principles will be accepted by MKC and the assessment of effects are presented as worst-case.

It is anticipated that the limitations set within the Institution of Lighting Professionals *Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Lighting* (GN01) will not be exceeded for the identified sensitive areas, following the application of mitigations laid out in this document. The results of the baseline survey have indicated that views within and surrounding the Site will be of mainly dark landscape and existing residential areas such as Moulsoe will experience increased visibility of the site due to the introduction of new lighting within an existing dark area. Areas identified as part of the ecology assessment, some of which are located adjacent to development parcels such as Grid Roads and residential areas, will experience an increase in lighting compared to that recorded during the baseline survey. These effects will be considered further as part of the landscape and ecological assessment.

As the Proposed Development progresses to detailed design, lighting calculations should be carried out along with further assessment of anticipated effects to ensure that lighting limitations are not exceeded and the environmental principles are implemented, so that long term environmental lighting impacts are minimised.



# Appendix A

VIEWPOINT LOCATION PLAN



**DO NOT SCALE**

NOTES:  
 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.  
 2. DO NOT SCALE IF IN DOUBT CONTACT WSP UK LIMITED.

KEY:  
 LIGHTING VIEWPOINT TO SUPPORT LVA, ARROW INDICATES DIRECTION OF SURVEY  
 LIGHTING VIEWPOINT TO SUPPORT ECOLOGY ASSESSMENT, ARROW INDICATES DIRECTION OF SURVEY  
 REDLINE BOUNDARY

LIGHTING VIEWPOINT REFERENCE NUMBER  
 LVA 1-10000  
 LVA 1-10001  
 LVA 1-10002

NO	REV	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION	CHK	APP
1						

PROJECT REFERENCE: S0 - WORK IN PROGRESS



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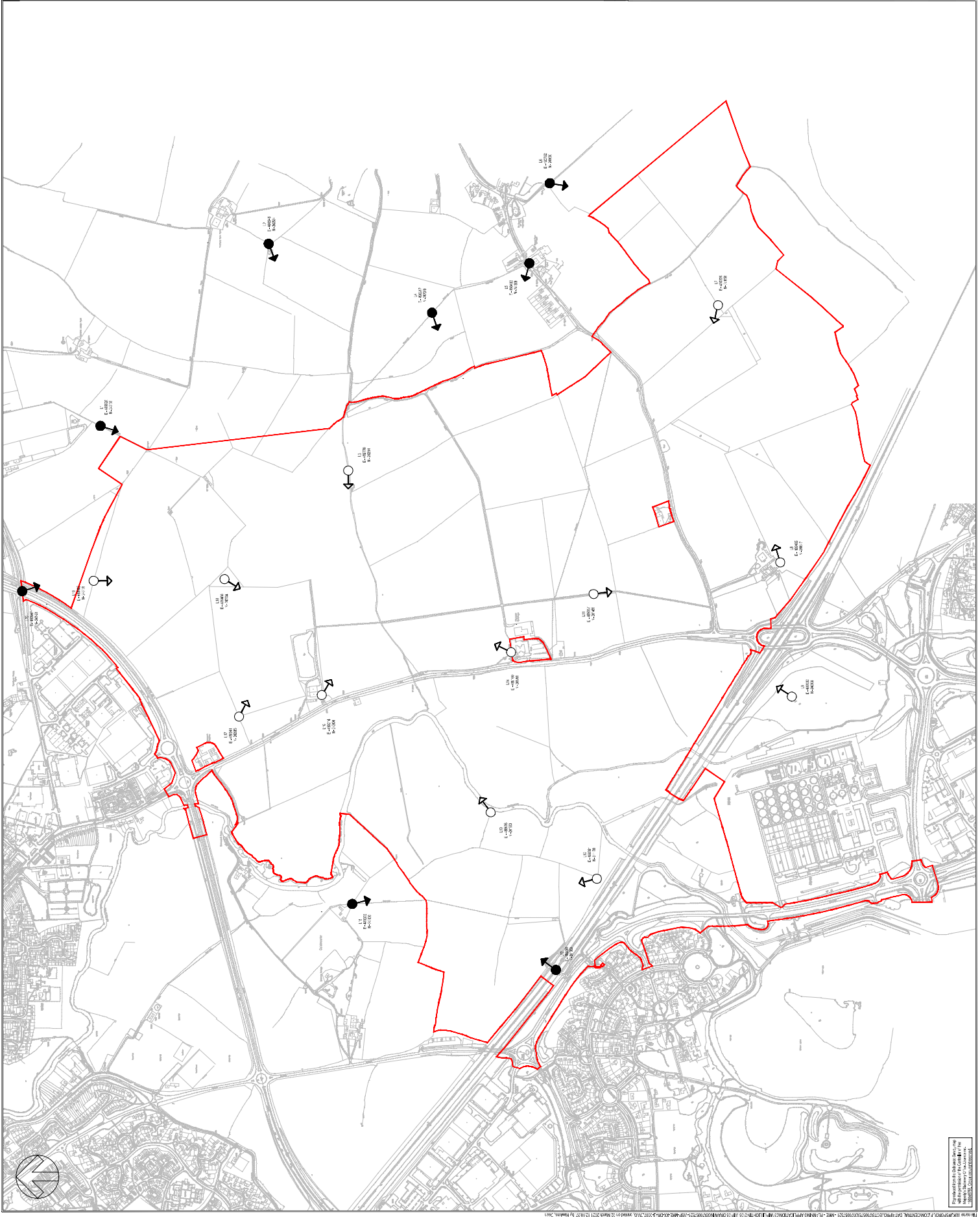
CLIENT: BERKELEY ST JAMES  
 PROJECT: JTP/STEPHEN GEORGE AND PARTNERS  
 SUBPROJECT: MILTON KEYNES EI8T

TITLE: LIGHTING ASSESSMENT - VIEWPOINT LOCATION PLAN

DATE (B.M.)	INTS	EXPIRES	REV	BY	DATE	REV	DATE

DATE: 11/05/21  
 TIME: 10:00  
 PROJECT: MKE-WSP-ZZZ-C-SK-1301  
 REV: 1  
 P01

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# Appendix C6

## Arboricultural Survey

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**MILTON KEYNES EAST**

**TREE SURVEY REPORT and ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

In accordance with BS5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations'

**Prepared for St James**

**by**

**Hankinson Duckett Associates**

**HDA ref: 2090.83**

**Issue: 01**

**March 2021**

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HDA Document Control and Quality Assurance Record

#### **APPENDICES**

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- B Tree Data Schedule
- C Explanation of Terms
- D Tree Retention & Removal Plans (Highway Infrastructure)
- E Tree Retention & Removal Plans (Illustrative Masterplan)
- F Preliminary Tree Protection Plans (Highway Infrastructure)

# 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Background

1.1.1 This report describes the results of a Tree Survey and Arboricultural Impact Assessment undertaken in accordance with BS5837:2012 in relation to the proposed development of 437ha land at Milton Keynes East, hereinafter referred to as 'the site'. The extent of the survey area is shown on the Tree Survey Plan in *Appendix A*. The study was undertaken by Don Newling (ND Arb) TechArborA of Hankinson Duckett Associates (HDA) and commissioned by St James in April 2020.

## 1.2 Scope and purpose of report

1.2.1 The report is intended to inform the planning process in accordance with the guidelines set out in BS5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations' (BSI, 2012). This standard provides recommendations and guidance on the principles to be applied to achieve a satisfactory juxtaposition of trees, including larger shrubs and hedgerows, with structures.

*'This British Standard gives recommendations and guidance on the relationship between trees and design, demolition and construction processes. It sets out the principles and procedures to be applied to achieve a harmonious and sustainable relationship between trees and structures. The standard is applicable whether or not planning permission is required.'* (BSI, 2012)

1.2.2 The guidance recommends a three-stage approach incorporating: (i) initial tree survey and report; (ii) Arboricultural Impact Assessment and (iii) Arboricultural Method Statement, which details the specific tree protection measures to be adopted in relation to construction activity across the site, and in particular in the vicinity of retained trees. This report fulfils the first two stages in this process.

## 1.3 Aims

1.3.1 Specifically, the aims of the study are:

- To conduct a ground-based visual survey of trees within or adjacent to the proposed development, along with any trees situated on adjacent third-party land that have the potential to be impacted upon by the proposals;
- To record the nature, extent and condition of the existing tree cover, and assign a retention category to each tree or group of trees, in accordance with BS5837:2012;
- To compile the survey results in a Tree Data Schedule (*Appendix B*) and produce an accompanying Tree Constraints Plan (*Appendix A*) which provides information on the retention category, crown spread, Root Protection Area (RPA) and location of each tree or group of trees; AND
- To assess the implications of the proposals in relation to existing trees.

## **1.4 Date of survey**

1.4.1 The tree survey was carried out from ground-level by Don Newling (ND Arb) TechArborA assisted by Shannon Davies MSc BSC (Hons) and Anna Potter MSc BSC (Hons) between May 2020 and February 2021.

## **2 METHODOLOGY**

### **2.1 Information recorded**

2.1.1 All trees potentially affected by the proposed works were surveyed from ground-level using the *Visual Tree Assessment* (VTA) technique developed by Mattheck and Broeler (1994). Two approaches were employed, depending on whether the land is subject to the full planning application for key highways infrastructure or the outline planning application for the wider scheme (see *Section 5.1*).

2.1.2 The land subject to the full planning application for key highways infrastructure was subject to a full BS5837 Tree Survey in order to provide a sufficient level of information to inform detailed design. For those trees surveyed in accordance with BS5837:2012, the following data was gathered for each tree surveyed:

- Tree, group or hedge number (sequentially and separately for trees, groups, hedges and stumps)
- Tree species (English names follow Stace [2010] for higher plants)
- Life stage (expressed within a defined 'age-class' category)
- Tree height (in metres)
- Stem diameter (measured at 1.5m above uppermost ground-level)
- Observations on tree position, form, condition, and comments on any significant defects
- Recommendations for arboricultural works
- The physiological and structural condition of the tree(s)
- Estimated Remaining Contribution expressed within defined categories
- BS5837 retention category

2.1.3 The land subject to the outline planning application for the wider scheme was subject to a less detailed level of survey using the *Visual Tree Assessment* (VTA) technique. Whilst this provides an appropriate level of information to inform this report, it is intended that the survey of these areas is updated and extended to comprises a full BS5837 survey in advance of any detailed design or reserved matters applications. The following data was gathered for each tree surveyed within these areas:

- Tree, group or hedge number (sequentially and separately for trees, groups, hedges and stumps)
- Tree species (English names follow Stace [2010] for higher plants)
- Life stage (expressed within a defined 'age-class' category)
- Stem diameter (measured at 1.5m above uppermost ground-level)

- The physiological and structural condition of the tree(s)
- Estimated Remaining Contribution expressed within defined categories
- BS5837 retention category

2.1.4 Category definitions in relation to the above are described fully in *Appendix C*.

## **2.2 Observed tree defects and recommendations**

2.2.1 Where appropriate and with due regard to the methodologies outlined in *Section 2.1* above and limitations of this survey outlined in *Section 2.3.1* below, recommendations have been provided on arboricultural works which should be undertaken in the interests of safety or as part of sound management practice.

2.2.2 It should be noted that recommendations for tree works identified within the Tree Data Schedule and summarised in *Section 4* are provided in accordance with the guidance set out in BS5837:2012, and not in connection with the proposals. Under the Occupiers Liability Act (1957 and 1984), responsibility for ensuring the safety of individual trees in relation to the statutory 'duty of care' rests with the relevant owner/occupier. Specific details of any tree work which will be required to facilitate the proposals are included in *Section 5* of this report.

## **2.3 Limitations**

2.3.1 This survey and the results contained within this report represent a preliminary assessment from ground-level. Observations have been made for the purposes of assessment in terms relevant to planning and development, and not tree safety. No climbed inspections, invasive or non-invasive decay detection devices have been used in assessing tree condition. As such, the survey conducted and results presented should not be used as a tree safety evaluation, which would require a *Tree Safety Survey*, designed to provide a more detailed appraisal of the risk and liability associated with specific individual trees or groups of trees.

2.3.2 Whilst efforts have been made to detect significant defects within inspected trees, no guarantee can be given as to the safety or otherwise of surveyed trees. Climatic conditions including storms, droughts, and temperature changes can and do cause failure in apparently healthy trees. In addition to these restrictions on access and the presence of dense undergrowth, ivy and other climbing plants can obscure defects from view. It should also be noted that the presence of tree pests and diseases can be affected by the time of year and climatic conditions.

2.3.3 All tree observations, and any recommendations, are based upon the site conditions, levels and patterns of usage observed at the time of survey only. Alterations in these



factors will affect any evaluations made and would require a re-assessment of both the trees and site.

2.3.4 The location of the majority of the surveyed trees is taken from the topographical survey provided by the client and is shown on the Tree Survey Plans in *Appendix A*.

2.3.5 Access to several of the trees was restricted due to dense vegetation. These trees were, however, assessed as far as site conditions would allow, to gather the necessary information. As access to the site itself was unrestricted this limitation is therefore not considered to be an overall constraint on the robustness of the survey or subsequent assessment. In accordance with BS5837, where appropriate trees have been surveyed as groups or hedgerows rather than individual trees where one or more of the following points apply:

- there was little discernable difference between individuals within the group;
- the trees have a collective value but would have little or no individual merit; and/or
- not all the trees were included in the topographical survey and lack of access prevented them being accurately plotted manually.

2.3.6 The land subject of the outline planning application has not yet been subject of a full BS5837 Tree Survey. Whilst the level of survey carried out to date provides an appropriate level of information to inform this report, it is intended that the survey of these areas is updated and extended to comprises a full BS5837 survey in advance of any detailed design or reserved matters applications.

2.3.7 One field, located on the eastern bank of the River Ouzel in the north of the site was not subject to survey (see *Appendix A*). This is because there are no proposals for this area of the site other than informal open space, and it is understood that all existing trees and hedgerows will be retained and any works such as footpath creation or habitat creation within this area would maintain an appropriate stand-off.

2.3.8 A TPO and Conservation Area search was carried out as part of this report. Other legal restrictions relating to existing trees on the site such as historic planning conditions, restrictive covenants and lease clauses were not investigated. Before any recommended tree work is undertaken it should be ensured that all legal obligations are fully met.

### **3 LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY AREA**

#### **3.1 Location**

3.1.1 The site is located on the eastern edge of Milton Keynes to the south of Newport Pagnell and west of Moulsoe. The approximate grid reference for the centre of the site is SP 89283 41804.

#### **3.2 Description of survey area**

3.2.1 The survey area is shown on the Tree Survey Plan included in *Appendix A*. In general terms, the site is dominated by a series of arable fields bordered by hedgerows, treelines, ditches and fencing. Other habitats include grazed grassland fields, small areas of amenity grassland and small pockets of deciduous woodland. The River Ouzel and its tributary, the Broughton Brook, flow in a northerly direction through the western and central area of the site and, associated with these watercourses, the Pineham Nature Reserve in the south of the site supports a mosaic of scrub, rough grassland, tall ruderal vegetation and ponds. The M1 motorway crosses through the western area of the site, and Tongwell Street with its associated tree planting, forms the western site margin.

#### **3.3 Topography**

3.3.1 With the exception of watercourses, ditches and highway embankments the ground level across the site is relatively flat with a gradual rise from the south west to the north east.

#### **3.4 Soils**

3.4.1 The geological data identifies most of the site as lime-rich loamy and clayey soils with impeded drainage. Within the east of the site (either side of the A509) the soil is described as slightly acid lime-rich loamy and clayey soils with impeded drainage.

### **4 TREE SURVEY RESULTS**

#### **4.1 Trees within survey area**

4.1.1 The majority of the surveyed trees are located along the field boundaries or within the groups of trees planted either side of Tongwell Street. The mature trees comprise predominantly of Ash and Oak within the arable land. A variety of tree species are found within the highway planting including Norway maple, Field maple, Ash, Silver maple, Silver birch but the planting is dominated by Corsican pine, Crack willow with Poplars<sup>1</sup> dominating the riverbanks and wetland area.

4.1.2 The hedgerows predominantly comprise mixed native species and some have become overgrown. Where regular hedgerow management has lapsed the features have been surveyed as groups.

4.1.3 Several of the copses/woods include some mature trees but generally they are dominated by semi-mature/early mature trees that although originally planted to create woodland have subsequently been neglected and receive little or no management.

4.1.4 Tree locations are shown on the Tree Survey Plan provided in *Appendix A* and a description of all trees located within the site is given in the Tree Data Schedule provided in *Appendix B*.

## 4.2 Tree quality assessment

4.2.1 Surveyed trees and tree groups have been graded in accordance with the retention categories described in BS5837:2012. *Table 1* provides an at-a-glance overview of the quality of tree cover within and adjacent to the site, with reference to BS5837 Retention Categories. An explanation of these categories is provided below:

- Category A: Trees of high quality, in such a condition as to make a substantial contribution. Retention is highly desirable.
- Category B: Trees of moderate quality, in such a condition as to make a significant contribution. Retention is desirable.
- Category C: Trees of low quality, currently in adequate condition to remain until new planting is established, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.
- Category U: Trees in such condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.

**Table 1:** Number of trees in each retention category\*

Retention Category	Description	Number
A	Trees of high quality and value, in such a condition as to make a substantial contribution. Retention is highly desirable.	4
B	Trees of moderate quality and value, in such a condition as to make a significant contribution. Retention is desirable.	430
C	Trees of low quality and value, in adequate condition to remain until new planting is established, or young trees.	88
U	Trees which cannot realistically be retained for longer than 10 years.	11
Total		533

\* Groups, hedgerows and woodland counted as one entity.

4.2.2 Four trees were classified within Retention Category A, representing approximately 1% of the surveyed trees. Retention of Category A trees is highly desirable.

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<sup>1</sup> No native Black Poplar were recorded from within the site.

- 4.2.3 One hundred seventy-two trees, one hundred twenty-one groups, one hundred and six hedgerows and thirty-one woods were classified within Retention Category B, representing approximately 81% of the surveyed trees. Where possible, Category B trees should be retained and managed to improve their future value.
- 4.2.4 Forty-five trees, twenty-eight groups and fifteen hedgerows were classified as Category C, representing approximately 16% of the surveyed trees. These represent poor quality trees, low value specimens, or young trees, which could readily be replaced by new planting subject to ecological considerations.
- 4.2.5 Eleven trees were classified as Category U, representing approximately 2% of the surveyed trees. These represent trees in such condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.
- 4.2.6 The Tree Data Schedule (*Appendix B*) provides further details of all the surveyed trees, tree groups, woodlands and hedgerows.

### **4.3 Tree protection status**

- 4.3.1 A check of Milton Keynes Councils' online interactive map in March 2021 confirmed that two Tree Preservation Orders affect some trees on either side of Tongwell Street in the west of the site between Willen Road and the River Ouzel. Clarification of the extent of these TPO's has been requested but at the time of writing this report the information is not available.
- 4.3.2 The site is not within a Conservation Area but the eastern boundary of Willen Conservation Area does come very close to the western end of Carleton Gate.

### **4.4 Tree condition assessment and summary**

- 4.4.1 With the exception of the hedgerows the majority of the surveyed trees have received little or no maintenance.
- 4.4.2 Although the condition of many of the planted trees has suffered as a result of the lack of maintenance this has not generally affected their collective visual amenity value.
- 4.4.3 A number of the trees have been noted as supporting veteran features and where several such features have been recorded on the same tree these have been identified as 'potential veterans'. In the absence of definitive guidance regarding the identification of veteran trees in the context of the 2019 National Planning Policy Guidance and standing

advice provided by Natural England and the Forestry Commission<sup>2</sup> which relates to irreplaceable habitats (not all veteran trees are irreplaceable), for the purpose of this assessment and design work to date, a cautious approach has been taken and all 'potential veteran' trees have been identified as having an extended buffer zone extending beyond the root protection area on the Tree Constraints Plans provided in *Appendix A*. It should be noted that most of these trees are Ash trees and ash die-back disease is prevalent in the area; the effects of this disease together with their structural condition means that their life expectancy is likely to be significantly reduced.

## **5 ARBORICULTURAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

### **5.1 Overview of the proposals**

5.1.1 The current application is a hybrid planning application encompassing:

- i. Outline permission (with all matters reserved) for a large-scale mixed-use urban extension (creating a new community) comprising: residential development; employment including business, general industry and storage/distribution uses; a secondary school and primary schools; a community hub containing a range of commercial and community uses; a new linear park along the River Ouzel corridor; open space and linked amenities; new redways, access roads and associated highways improvements; associated infrastructure works; demolition of existing structures; and
- ii. Detailed permission for strategic highway and multi-modal transport infrastructure, including: new road and redway extensions; a new bridge over the M1 motorway; a new bridge over the River Ouzel; works to the Tongwell Street corridor between Tongwell roundabout and Pineham roundabout including new bridge over the River Ouzel; alignment alterations to A509 and Newport Road; and associated utilities, earthworks and drainage works.

5.1.2 This Arboricultural Impact Assessment is therefore divided into two sections providing a detailed assessment of the implications of the main highway infrastructure that has been prepared by WSP and a separate assessment of the likely effects of the outline application including consideration of the development parameters and illustrative masterplan prepared by JTP.

5.1.3 Although some design elements of the highway infrastructure have not been finalised at this stage it is considered that the level of information provided allows an adequate assessment of the likely effects of the proposed development on existing trees. For the remainder of the site it is recommended that the Arboricultural Impact Assessment is reviewed against the final detailed layout to ensure constraints relating to trees have been

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<sup>2</sup> <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ancient-woodland-and-veteran-trees-protection-surveys-licences>



avoided wherever possible (outline guidance in this regard is provided in Section 5.4 below).

- 5.1.4 Where impacts on retained trees are unavoidable this information can be used to identify appropriate mitigation and working practice. Where incursions into the root protection areas or buffer zones of retained trees and other woody vegetation are necessary it is likely that the Local Authority would require the submission of an Arboricultural Method Statement to demonstrate that any significant encroachment into the root protection area (RPA) of retained trees can be practically achieved.

## **5.2 Full Application for Highway Infrastructure**

### *5.2.1 Implications of tree removal*

- 5.2.1.1 Two Category A trees, twenty-one Category B trees, nine Category C trees and two Category U trees are to be removed to facilitate the proposals. Four of the Category B trees and one Category C tree have been identified as potential veterans (see *Section 4.5.3* above).
- 5.2.1.2 Twelve Category B groups and seven Category C groups are to be removed to facilitate the proposals. A further thirteen Category B groups and one Category C group would require partial removal.
- 5.2.1.3 Four Category B hedges and one Category C hedge are to be removed to facilitate the proposals. A further thirty-two Category B hedges and four Category C hedges would require partial removal.
- 5.2.1.4 Three Category B woodlands are to be removed to facilitate the proposals and a further six would require partial removal.
- 5.2.1.5 The feasibility of relocating the two Category A trees, six Category B trees, one Category B group and part of a Category B hedge is currently under investigation. This includes the four potential veteran trees.
- 5.2.1.6 The majority of the trees identified for removal are located alongside Tongwell Street and comprise early mature highways planting that can be replaced relatively easily with new planting.
- 5.2.1.7 A number of the trees to be removed are Ash which have a relatively short life expectancy due to the presence of ash die-back in the area and it is considered that landscaping will compensate for these losses. This is discussed further below.

## 5.2.2 *Implications of construction activity*

5.2.2.1 The RPAs of all the retained trees and hedgerows should be protected by tree protection fencing and, where appropriate, ground protection. All temporary tree protection should be approved by the relevant planning authority prior to any works taking place. This fencing would protect the construction exclusion zone (the rooting area of retained trees that is outside the footprint of the proposed development and working area required for its construction). Within the construction exclusion zone, the following rules should apply:

- No construction activity;
- No tree works without prior written consent from the Council;
- No excavation or alteration to ground levels or conditions (apart from those outlined for soft or hard landscape works and drainage works);
- No temporary structures;
- No storage of materials;
- No vehicles or machinery to be used or parked;
- No fixtures of any kind attached to trees; and
- No fires within 15m of the canopy edge of any tree or hedge.

5.2.2.2 Recommendations for the siting of the proposed tree protection fencing during the construction phase of the Highway Infrastructure are shown on the Preliminary Tree Protection Plan provided in *Appendix F*.

## 5.2.3 *Hazardous materials*

5.2.3.1 All hazardous materials (including cement and petrochemicals) would need to be appropriately stored, and their usage controlled, to ensure no detrimental impact on tree health, both in terms of existing trees and areas proposed for new landscape planting.

## 5.2.4 *Implications of tree pruning*

5.2.4.1 Pruning required to facilitate the proposed layout relating to the groups, hedgerows and woodlands that require partial removal should be undertaken to ensure the appearance and structural integrity of the remaining trees is appropriate for their setting.

## 5.3 **Outline Application for Wider Site**

5.3.1 The development parameters (JTP, 2021) identify land use across the site including those where development, infrastructure and green infrastructure will be provided. Although the development parameters reflect some of the existing tree, woodland and hedgerow resource of the site, as is often the case the development parameters are necessarily 'high level' and do not identify specific tree retention and loss. Assessment of the scheme against the parameters alone would therefore not provide a useful indication of the likely impact of the scheme on the tree, woodland and hedgerow resource of the site.

5.3.2 The development parameters have however been used to inform preparation of an Illustrative Masterplan (JTP, 2021) which identifies how the proposed development could be delivered within the defined parameters. Although by definition this is 'illustrative' it is considered that this provides a more useful initial indication of the likely effects of the proposed development on the tree, woodland and hedgerow resource of the site. An assessment of the effects of the outline development scheme on trees based on the Illustrative Masterplan is provided below. This includes identification of how effects on trees, woodlands and hedgerows identified on the Illustrative Masterplan can be further avoided at the detailed design stage.

5.3.3 *Implications of tree removal*

5.3.3.1 Thirty-seven Category B trees, twelve Category C trees and one Category U tree would be removed to facilitate illustrative layout. Five of the Category B trees and the Category U tree have been identified as potential veterans (see *Section 4.5.3* above).

5.3.3.2 Sixteen Category B groups and six Category C groups are to be removed to facilitate the proposals. A further eight Category B groups and two Category C groups would require partial removal.

5.3.3.3 Thirty-one Category B hedges and four Category C hedges are to be removed to facilitate the illustrative layout. A further thirty-six Category B hedges and one Category C hedge would require partial removal.

5.3.3.4 Six Category B woodlands are to be removed to facilitate the illustrative layout and a further three would require partial removal.

5.3.3.5 It should be noted that this assessment is based on an illustrative layout and that a more detailed assessment will be needed when a fixed layout is being considered. This should be informed by an updated and full BS5837 tree survey to identify the tree constraints applicable at that time.

5.3.3.6 As the layout shown on the masterplan is illustrative it should also be noted that there are a number of opportunities to increase the extent of existing tree and hedgerow retention to that currently shown which can be addressed when the detailed layouts are prepared. The following measures should therefore be considered during subsequent design stages:

- Minor adjustments to the position of hard surfaces, SuDS features, play areas and proposed landscaping will enable additional existing trees including potential veteran trees to be retained.

- Where proposed footpath/cycleways and roads are shown crossing hedgerows, these should be adjusted so that they cross at right angles and not diagonally in order to reduce hedgerow loss at crossing points.
- Repositioning some of the proposed planting will enable increased retention of existing trees and hedgerows.
- Where existing hedgerows are incorporated within larger proposed planting areas some of the existing vegetation can be retained within the new planting providing an increased diversity in the age range of the vegetation.
- Pollarding and coppicing of some of the existing trees will increase the amount of tree retention possible.
- Some of the existing trees could be lifted and relocated.

5.3.3.7 In addition, it is noted that some hedgerows and trees, for example those located in association with areas of open space around site boundaries, have not been depicted on the Illustrative Masterplan. Although loss has been assumed in the assessment given above, it is expected that these would be retained in the detailed design given the absence of proposals in their proximity that would otherwise necessitate loss.

#### 5.3.4 *Implications of construction activity*

5.3.4.1 The RPAs of all the retained trees and hedgerows should be protected by tree protection fencing and, where appropriate, ground protection. All temporary tree protection should be approved by the relevant planning authority prior to any works taking place. This fencing would protect the construction exclusion zone (the rooting area of retained trees that is outside the footprint of the proposed development and working area required for its construction). Within the construction exclusion zone, the following rules should apply:

- No construction activity;
- No tree works without prior written consent from the Council;
- No excavation or alteration to ground levels or conditions (apart from those outlined for soft or hard landscape works and drainage works);
- No temporary structures;
- No storage of materials;
- No vehicles or machinery to be used or parked;
- No fixtures of any kind attached to trees; and
- No fires within 15m of the canopy edge of any tree or hedge.

#### 5.3.5 *Hazardous materials*

5.3.5.1 All hazardous materials (including cement and petrochemicals) would need to be appropriately stored, and their usage controlled, to ensure no detrimental impact on tree health, both in terms of existing trees and areas proposed for new landscape planting.

- 5.3.6 *Implications of tree pruning*
- 5.3.6.1 Pruning required to facilitate the proposed layout relating to the groups, hedgerows and woodlands that require partial removal should be undertaken to ensure the appearance and structural integrity of the remaining trees is appropriate for their setting.
- 5.3.7 *Implications of ground level changes*
- 5.3.7.1 Details of changes in ground level in relation to the RPA of retained trees are not known at this stage. Should any unavoidable ground level changes within the RPA of a retained tree be identified during detailed design, suitable mitigation and/or working practices should be incorporated into the Arboricultural Method Statement.
- 5.3.8 *Implications of changes to ground surfacing*
- 5.3.8.1 Details of changes in ground surfacing in relation to the RPA of retained trees are not known at this stage. Should any unavoidable ground level changes within the RPA of a retained tree be identified during detailed design, suitable mitigation and/or working practices should be incorporated into the Arboricultural Method Statement.
- 5.3.8.2 The proposed houses and hard surfacing will result in an increase in ground water runoff, although, subject to suitable surface water drainage design, this is not expected to affect the retained trees. Soakaways should be located outside the RPA of retained trees.
- 5.3.9 *Implications of new foundations*
- 5.3.9.1 Details of dwelling foundation locations in relation to the RPA of retained trees are not known at this stage. Should any new foundation works within the RPA of a retained tree be identified during detailed design, suitable mitigation and/or working practices should be incorporated into the Arboricultural Method Statement.
- 5.3.10 *Implications of underground services and drainage*
- 5.10.1.1 In order to avoid impacts on existing trees, all new services required in connection with the proposed development should be located outside the RPA of any retained tree. Where essential service provision intrudes on the RPA of any retained tree, all works should be conducted in accordance with the *NJUG Guidelines for the Planning, Installation and Maintenance of Utility Apparatus in Proximity to Trees* (NJUG, 2007), details of which would be finalised in the technical design stage and, where necessary, covered by an Arboricultural Method Statement.
- 5.3.11 *Implications of over ground services*
- 5.3.11.1 Any new over ground services required in connection with the proposed development should be located outside and a suitable distance away from the canopies of retained trees. Where new planting is to be established, consideration should be given to providing



adequate clearance from over ground services to allow for future growth without the need for regular pruning.

#### 5.3.12 *Boundary treatment*

5.3.12.1 Design details of the boundary treatment for the proposed dwellings will be confirmed at the detailed design stage. It is therefore recommended that siting and a design that minimises the effect on retained trees are adopted, details of which should be agreed in the technical design stage and where necessary covered by an Arboricultural Method Statement.

#### 5.3.13 *Implications of demolition*

5.3.13.1 Adequate precautions should be taken to protect the trees and hedgerows which are to be retained from physical damage and accumulation of dust during demolition, so that these works will not adversely affect the retained trees and hedgerows.

### 5.4 **New planting**

5.4.1 In addition to the retention of several of the woodland copses within the site, the development parameters secure the creation of community woodland and orchard within the scheme. This is expected to be substantially greater than tree cover to be lost.

5.4.2 Furthermore, the Illustrative Masterplan indicates opportunities for extensive new tree, woodland and hedgerow planting within the site, in addition to the opportunities for further tree, woodland and hedgerow retention identified in *Section 5.3.3.6* above. This would be provided in association with areas of open space, development areas and as part of the highway infrastructure. The Illustrative Masterplan currently shows:

- An increase of woodland and scrub cover;
- A substantial increase in the number of standard trees across the site; and
- An increase of hedgerows.

5.4.3 It is therefore considered that that the proposed development could result in a substantial increase in the tree and hedgerow resource of the site. This should be subject to ongoing review during the detailed design of the proposed development.

### 5.5 **Issues to be addressed by Arboricultural Method Statement**

5.5.1 Prior to any works in relation to the proposals that would affect the retained trees, an Arboricultural Method Statement should be prepared along with an updated Tree Protection Plan. The Arboricultural Method Statement should, where appropriate, contain the following information:

- Details of any proposed tree works;
- Installation of temporary ground protection and/or fencing;

- Construction methodologies for installation of new hard surfacing within the RPA of retained trees; and
- An auditable/audited system of arboricultural site monitoring, including a schedule of specific site events requiring input or supervision.

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## HDA Document Control and Quality Assurance Record

Project Title: Newport Pagnell Trees  
Project Reference: 2090.83  
Document Title: Tree Survey Report and AIA  
Commissioning Party: St James

Issue	Description	Date of Issue	Signed
1	Tree Survey Report and AIA	March 2021	AM

	Personnel	Position
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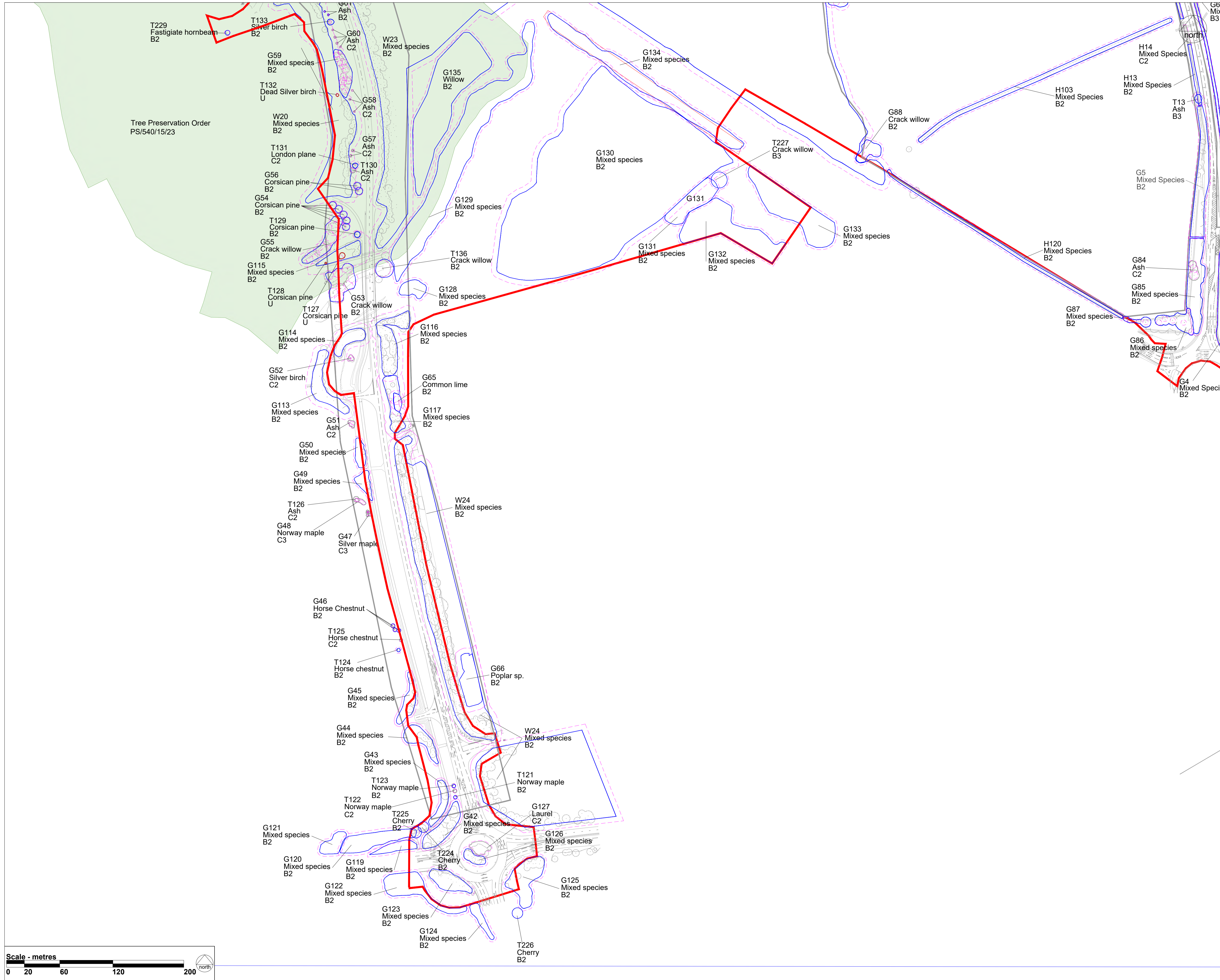
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**APPENDIX A**

**Tree Survey Constraints Plans**





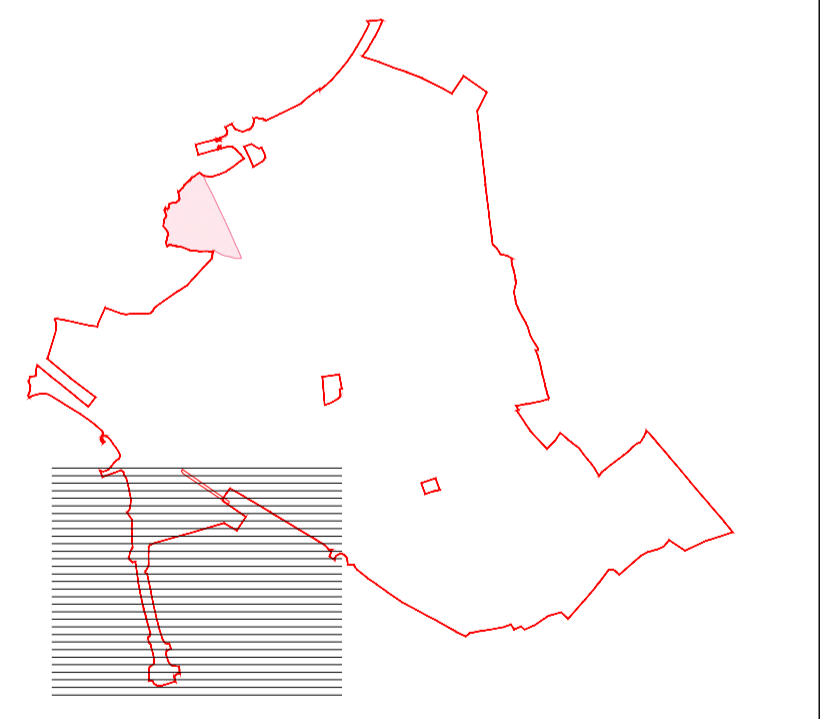
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Approximate area included within a Tree Preservation Order
- Area not subject to survey due to absence of works potentially affecting trees

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Area of Tree Preservation Order taken from Milton Keynes Council 'Planning Constraints Map'



CLIENT:  
St James

PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Survey Constraints Plan  
(Sheet 1 of 7)

SCALE AT A3:  
1:2000

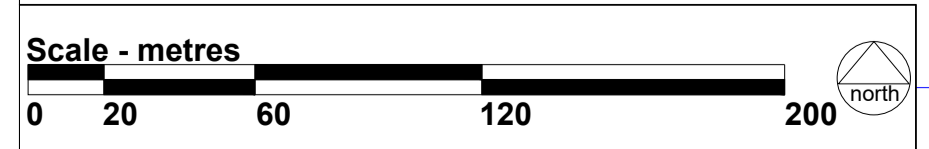
DATE:  
March 2021

2090.83 / 25

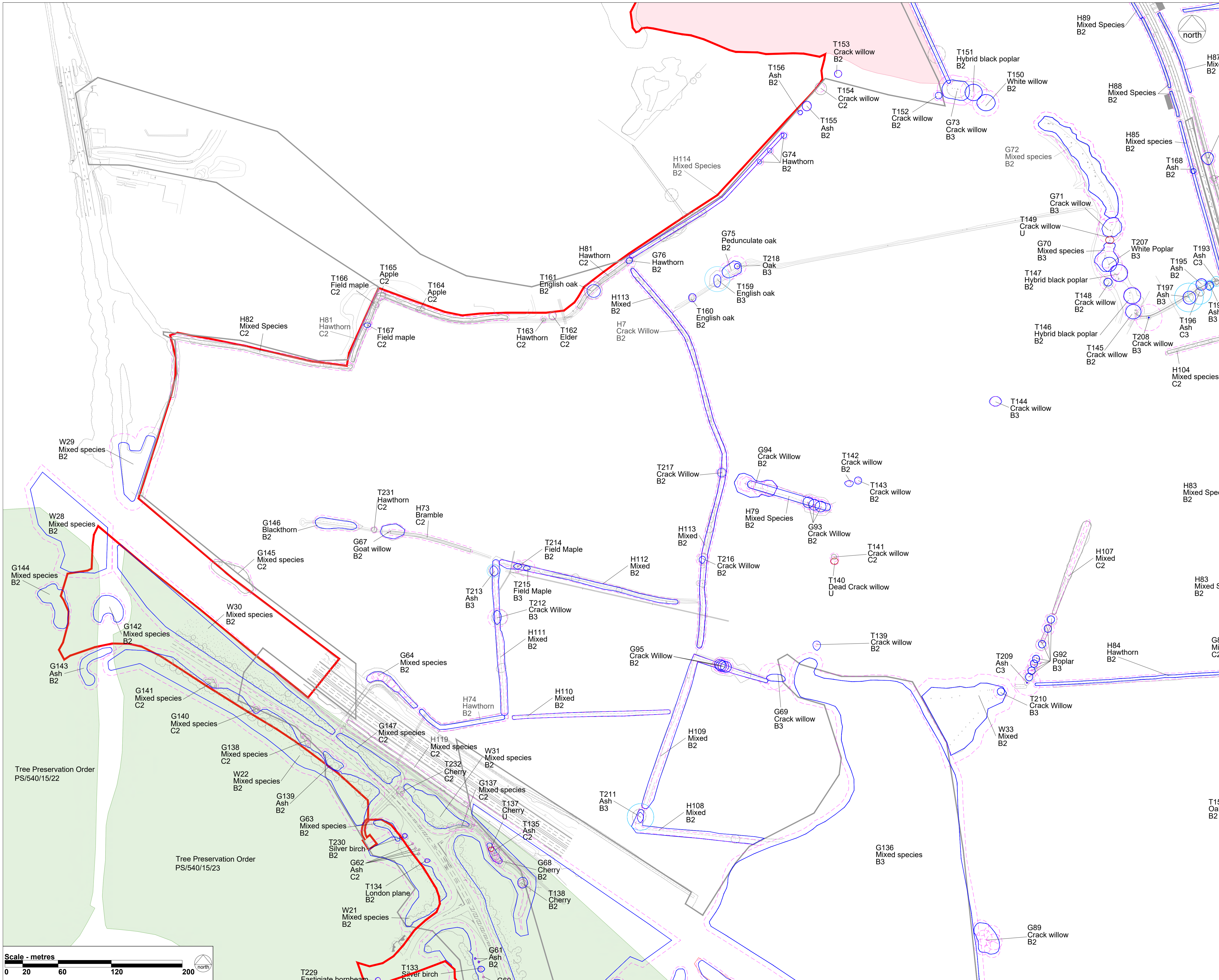
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**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed line)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red line)	Site Boundary
(Green area)	Approximate area included within a Tree Preservation Order
(Pink area)	Area not subject to survey due to absence of works potentially affecting trees

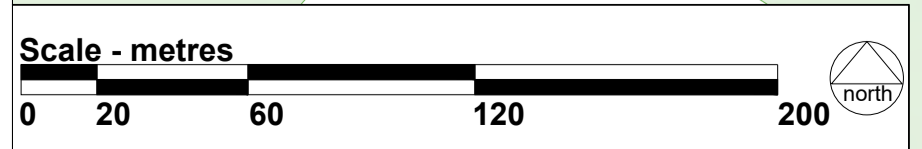
**BS5837 Tree Categories**

(Green circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category A
(Blue circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category B
(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Area of Tree Preservation Order taken from Milton Keynes Council 'Planning Constraints Map'



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 PROJECT: Milton Keynes East - Trees  
 TITLE: Tree Survey Constraints Plan (Sheet 2 of 7)  
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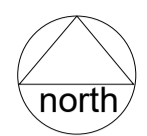


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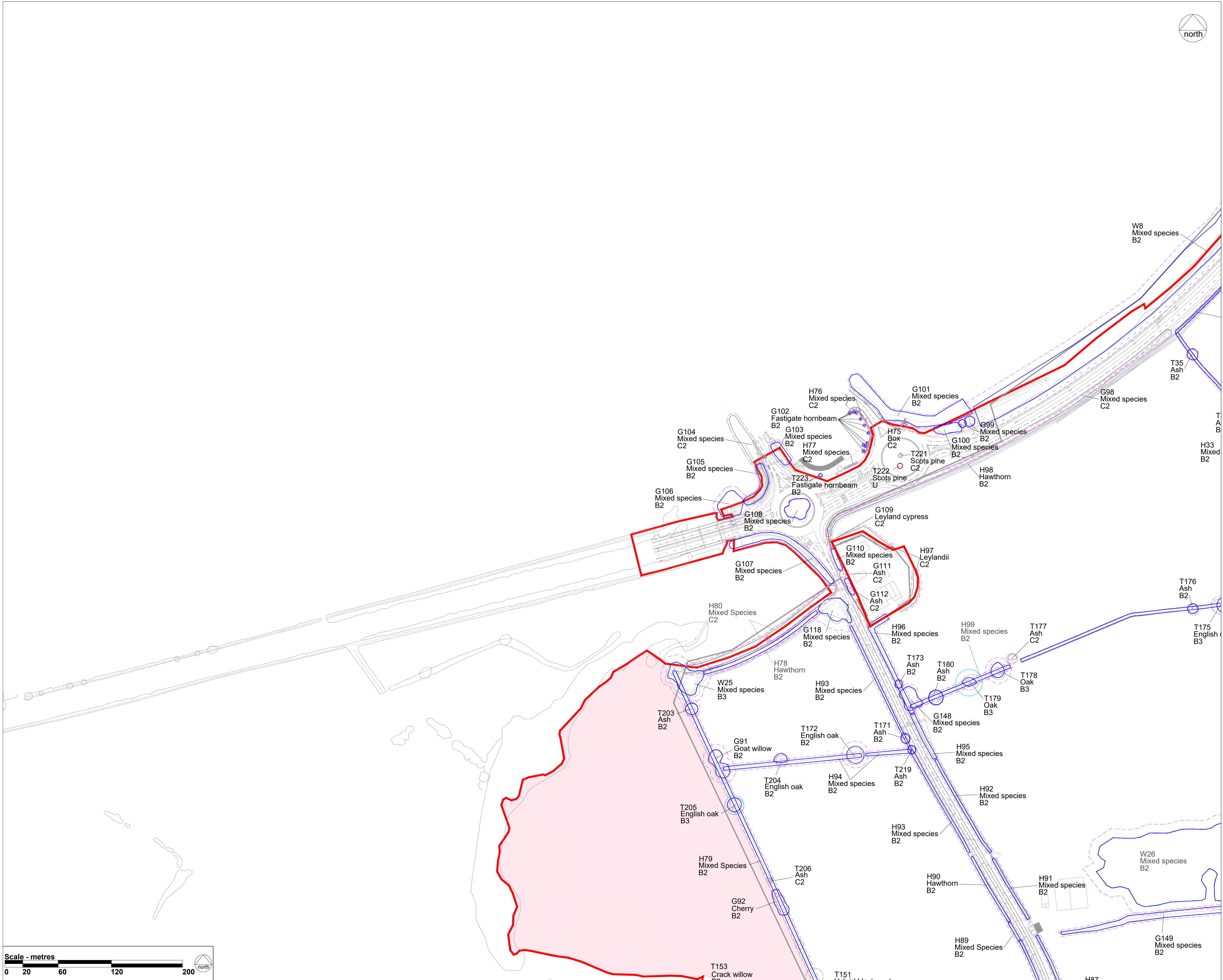


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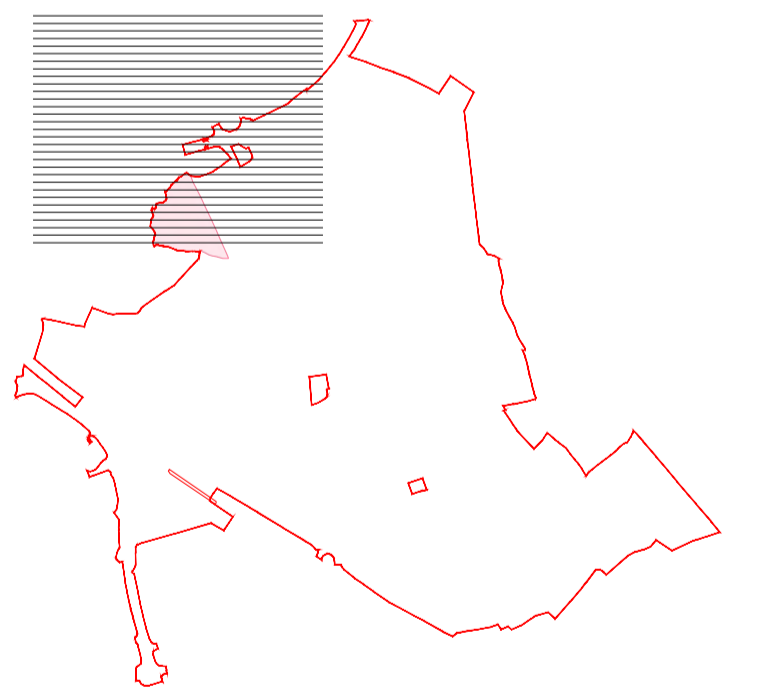
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G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed line)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red solid line)	Site Boundary
(Green shaded area)	Approximate area included within a Tree Preservation Order
(Pink shaded area)	Area not subject to survey due to absence of works potentially affecting trees

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

(Green circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category A
(Blue circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category B
(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
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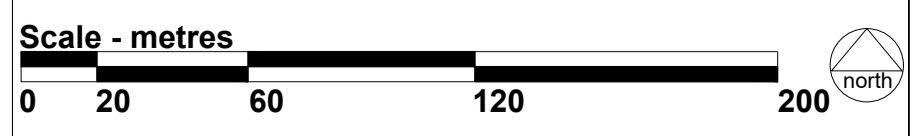


Note: Area of Tree Preservation Order taken from Milton Keynes Council 'Planning Constraints Map'



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TITLE:	Tree Survey Constraints Plan (Sheet 3 of 7)
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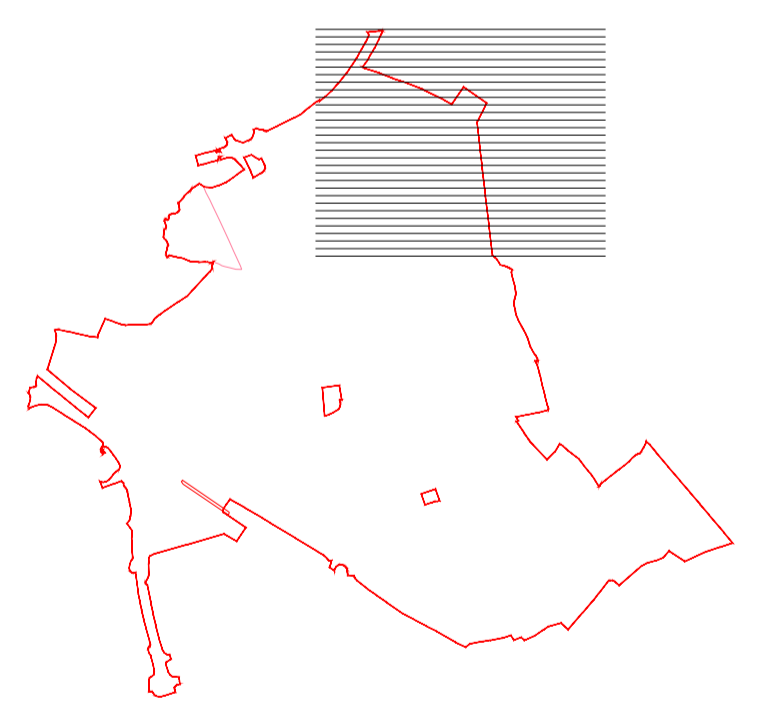
**KEY**

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Note: Area of Tree Preservation Order taken from Milton Keynes Council 'Planning Constraints Map'



CLIENT:  
St James

PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Survey Constraints Plan  
(Sheet 4 of 7)

SCALE AT A3:  
1:2000

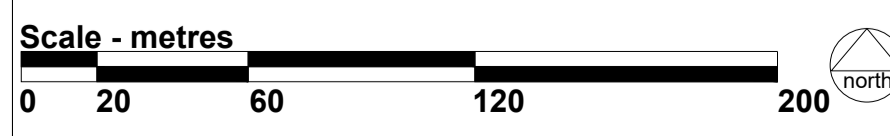
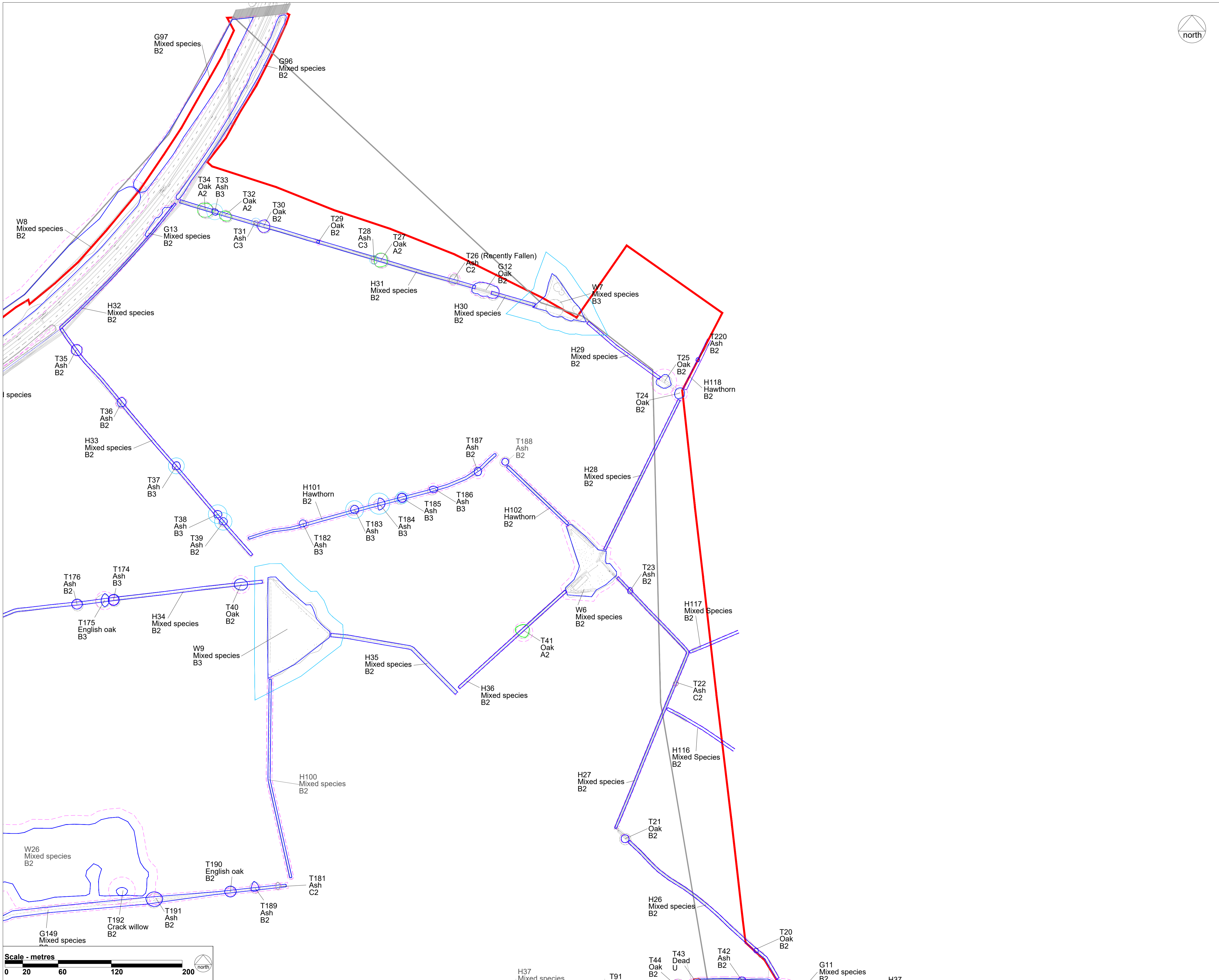
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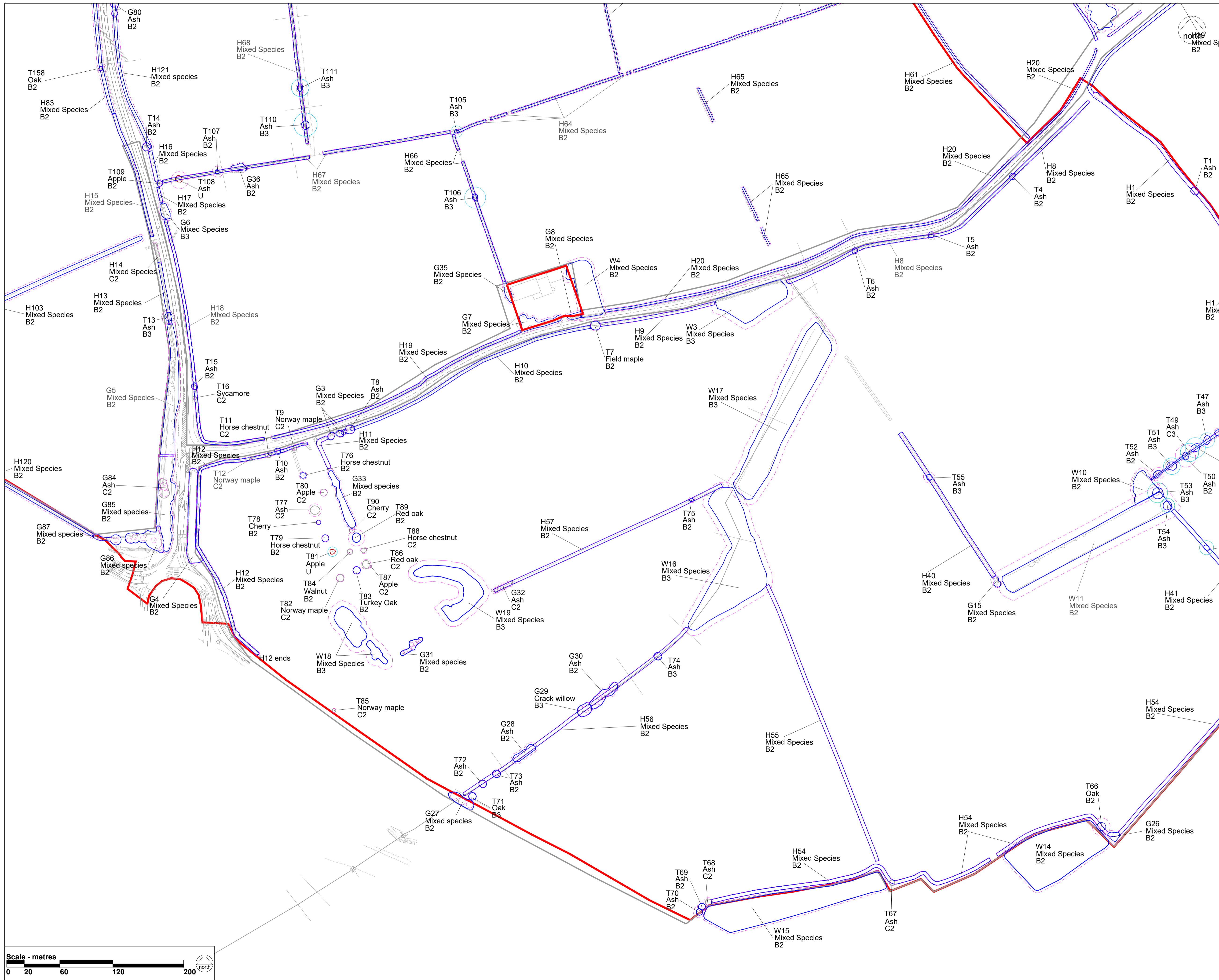
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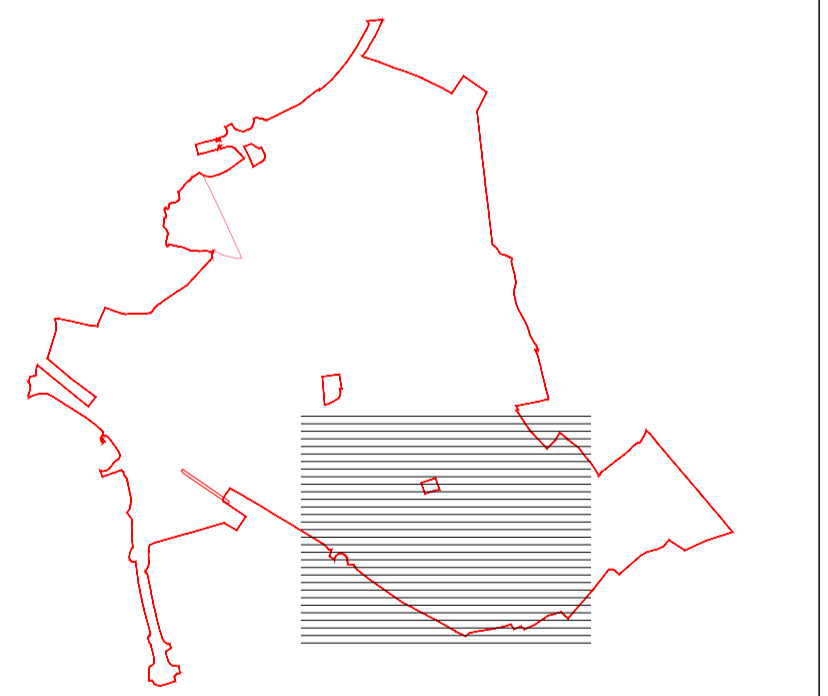
**KEY**

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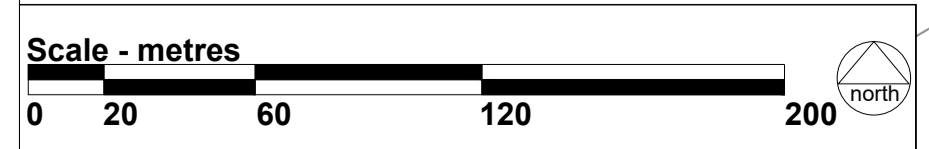
Note: Area of Tree Preservation Order taken from Milton Keynes Council 'Planning Constraints Map'



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 PROJECT: Milton Keynes East - Trees  
 TITLE: Tree Survey Constraints Plan (Sheet 6 of 7)  
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**APPENDIX B**

**Tree Data Schedule**

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T1	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	350	4	4	5	Ditch west side, in hedgerow, old trunk wound, lichen	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		4	5	Fair						
T2	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	3	300	6	6	5	Ditch west side, in hedgerow, basal suckers, trunk scars	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				W		6	5	Fair						
T3	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	500	4	5	5	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, large trunk wound, hollow, upper trunk cavity, lichen, die-back, potential veteran	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		4	6	Poor						
T4	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	180	-	-	-	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
T5	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	2	300	6	4	2	Ditch north and east side, in hedgerow, stunted, partially suppressed, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				W		6	3	Fair						
T6	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	1.5	2	200	5	4	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, basal suckers, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				N		5	2	Fair						
T7	M <b>Field maple</b> <i>Acer campestre</i>	7	0	1.5	400 280	8	8	8	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, twin stem	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				SW		8	6	Fair						
T8	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	1.5	2.5	400	6	7	6	Ditch north side filled, in hedgerow, established basal suckers, old pollard at 2.5m, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				W		6	6	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T9	EM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	6	-	-		100	-	-	-	Partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Good	20+	C2
				-								Fair		
T10	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	2	-		200	5	5	5	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, ivy, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-								Fair		
T11	EM <b>Horse chestnut</b> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	6	2	-		100	4	2	2	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2
				-								Fair		
T12	EM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	5	2	-		100	3	2	2	Ditch north side, in hedgerow	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2
				-								Fair		
T13	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	2	3		600	7	8	7	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, Daldinia concentrica fungal fruiting body on trunk, small upper trunk cavity, small branch cavity, crown lifted, bat roost potential	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3
				N								Fair		
T14	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	0	-		400	6	6	6	Ditch east side, multi-stemmed, lichen, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-								Fair		
T15	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	2		220	2	5	4	Ditch west side, in hedgerow, twin stem, canopy cut back west side to maintain clearance from road sign and street light, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				NW		160		6				Fair		
T16	SM <b>Sycamore</b> <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	5	0	1.5		100	2	3	1	Ditch west side, in hedgerow, established basal suckers	No immediate action required	Good	20+	C2
				N				2				Fair		



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T17	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	1.5	2	600	4	4	2	In hedgerow, trunk wound/cavity, hollowing, lost original leader	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				SW		4	4	Poor						
T18	EM Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	7	2	-	320	4	4	4	Ditch south side, in hedgerow. Few broken branches and lichen present.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		4	4	Fair						
T19	EM Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	7	2	-	270	4	4	4	In hedgerow, ditch to the south. Few broken branches and branch tear marks. Lichen present.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		4	4	Fair						
T20	EM Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	6	2	-	270	4	4	4	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, crown lifted	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		4	4	Fair						
T21	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	9	-	-	420	6	6	6	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, ivy clad, old pollard at 3m, split branch	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		6	6	Fair						
T22	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	200	2	2	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				-		2	2	Fair						
T23	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	2	-	230 120	4	4	4	Ditch south side, in hedgerow, old coppice, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		4	4	Fair						
T24	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	8	1	-	750	5	6	6	Ditch ends south of trunk, end of hedgerow, trunk scars, epicormic growth	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		8	8	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T25	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	12	2	-	1200	10	9	8		In hedgerow, ivy clad, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-			8					Fair		
T26	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	1	2	600	3	7	5		Ditch south side, in hedgerow, trunk cavity, hollow, fire damage, slight lean north-east, basal suckers, lost original leader, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C3
				S			2					Poor		
T27	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	11	0.5	3	680	8	8	9		Ditch south side, epicormic growth	No immediate action required	Good	40+	A2
				E			9					Good		
T28	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	1.5	3	330	5	1.5	1		Ditch south side, in hedgerow, upper trunk cavities, woodpecker holes, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C3
				S			7					Poor		
T29	EM Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	5	1.5	-	100	2	2	2		Ditch south side, in hedgerow, multi-stemmed	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-			2					Fair		
T30	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	1	2	580	8	9	6		Ditch north side, small cavity at pruning point (3m, south side), epicormic growth	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				W			8					Fair		
T31	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	6	2	2	340	2	1	2		Ditch south side, in hedgerow, lost original leader, exposed heartwood, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C3
				SW			2					Fair		
T32	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	1	2	560	6	6	7		Ditch north side, epicormic growth	No immediate action required	Good	40+	A2
				E			7					Good		

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T33	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	2	600	5	2	3	Ditch south side, in hedgerow, basal cavity, trunk cavity, hollowing, exposed heartwood, branch cavity, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	B3	
				S			4				Poor			
T34	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	9	2	2	730	9	9	9	Ditch north side	No immediate action required	Good	40+	A2	
				NE			10				Good			
T35	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	13	2	2	570	8	4	6	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, fungal fruiting body of <i>Inonotus hispidus</i> in crown, deadwood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				W			8				Fair			
T36	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	1.5	-	560	6	6	6	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, fungal fruiting body remnants of <i>Inonotus hispidus</i> in crown, deadwood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			6				Fair			
T37	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	2	-	600	6	4	6	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, trunk wound, branch cavity, woodpecker hole in branch, historic branch failure, deadwood, lichen, die-back potential veteran	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-			6				Poor			
T38	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1.5	-	700	5	5	5	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, trunk wound/cavity, lost original leader, cavities, woodpecker hole, deadwood, die-back, potential veteran	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-			5				Poor			
T39	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	1.5	-	650	5	5	5	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, ivy clad, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			5				Fair			
T40	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	2	-	850	8	8	8	Ditch to south, in hedgerow, minor stag heading, possible lightning damage	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-			8				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T41	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	12	-	-	900	7	7	7	Ditch to north, in hedgerow	No immediate action required	Good	40+	A2	
				-		7	7	Fair						
T42	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	400	3	3	3	Ditch to north, in hedgerow.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		3	3	Fair						
T43	M Dead -	14	-	-	350	-	-	-	In hedgerow, dead, splits and cavities. Trunk cavity, peeling bark and cracks in branches.	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U	
				-		-	-	Dead						
T44	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	15	-	-	800	-	-	-	Ditch to north, in hedgerow. Trunk cavity and multiple dead and split branches.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
T45	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	500	6	3	4	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, trunk wound/cavity, small holes in trunk, woodpecker hole, significant dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		8		Fair						
T46	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	400	4	4	4	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, established basal suckers, trunk wound/cavity, lost original leader	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		2		Fair						
T47	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	1.5	-	550	4	6	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, basal suckers, upper trunk wound/cavity, woodpecker holes, significant dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		2		Poor						
T48	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	2	-	760	4	5	6	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, basal suckers, trunk wound/cavity, hollow, twin leader, holes in trunk, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	B3	
				-		4	6	Poor						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T49	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1.5	-	690	3	6	0	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, basal cavity, desiccated fungal fruiting body at base, established basal suckers, hollow, upper trunk wound/cavity, lost original leader, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C3	
				-		1.5					Poor			
T50	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1.5	-	550	4	5	4	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, dead wood at top	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		5					Fair			
T51	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	1.5	-	780	5	7	7	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, woodpecker hole, significant dead wood, lost original leader	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		8					Fair			
T52	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1.5	-	180 140 100 90	4	5	6	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, old coppice, established basal suckers	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		3					Fair			
T53	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	16	0	-	750	7	7	7	Ditch east & south side, edge of woodland, established basal suckers, trunk cavities, old pollard, woodpecker hole, branch cavities, significant dead wood, possible veteran	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		7					Fair			
T54	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	15	0	-	530	5	5	5	Ditch east side, edge of woodland, basal suckers, old pollard, branch cavities, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		5					Fair			
T55	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	-	250	3	3	3	Basal/trunk cavity, hollowing, established epicormic growth, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		3					Fair			
T56	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	13	2	-	480	2	4	2	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, woodpecker hole, branch cavities, significant dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		2					Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T57	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	13	2	2	900	8	8	6	Ditch east side, in hedgerow, significant dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				W			7				Fair			
T58	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	0.5	-	450	5	5	5	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, established basal suckers, trunk wound/cavity, hollow, lost original leader	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-			5				Fair			
T59	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	2	-	400	5	2	5	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, established basal suckers, partially suppressed, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			5				Fair			
T60	M Lime <i>Tilia sp</i>	17	1	-	1000	4	5	5	Off-site, epicormic growth, significant dead wood, branch cavities, die-back	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-			4				Fair			
T61	EM Alder <i>Alnus sp</i>	12	2	-	300	2	2	2	Off-site, ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-			2				Fair			
T62	EM Lawson cypress <i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>	9	2	-	300	1	1	1	Off-site, ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	C2	
				-			1				Fair			
T63	EM Alder <i>Alnus sp</i>	10	0.5	-	350	3	3	3	Off-site, ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-			3				Fair			
T64	EM Silver birch <i>Betula pendula</i>	10	1	-	250	2	2	3	Off-site	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-			2				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T65	EM <b>Sycamore</b> <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	9	2	3	300 300	4	4	4	Twin stem, some dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				S			4				Fair			
T66	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	10	2	2	450	5	5	5	Ditch east side, branch cavities, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				E			4				Fair			
T67	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	4	200 150 150	3	2	2	Multi-stemmed, one stem dead/decaying/peeling bark and woodpecker hole, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C3	
				S			3				Poor			
T68	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	1	3	450	4	2	4	Restricted access, ditch, in hedgerow, multiple dead/decaying branches	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				W			4				Fair			
T69	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	3	450	4	3	4	Some dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				N			4				Fair			
T70	M <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1	2	560	3	3	4	Branch cavities, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				N			4				Fair			
T71	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	11	0	1	390	3	5	4	Peeling bark, cavities, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				E			5				Fair			
T72	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	13	3	2	340	3	3	3	Base of ditch, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				S			3				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T73	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	2	-	300	4	4	4	Within ditch, dead branches, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		4	4	Fair						
T74	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	1	1	200	4	3	3	Multi-stemmed, peeling bark, dead branches, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				W	150		3	Fair						
T75	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	3	270	2	2	2	Ditch north side, dead branches	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				N			2	2			Fair			
T76	EM <b>Horse chestnut</b> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	10	2	1.5	370	4	3	4	In hedgerow, lichen, some dead wood, leaf miner	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				N			3	3			Fair			
T77	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	2	3	600	5	4	5	In hedgerow, ivy clad, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				S			4	4			Fair			
T78	EM <b>Cherry</b> <i>Prunus sp</i>	6	2	1	200	2.5	2.5	2.5	Ditch west side, in hedgerow, ivy, some dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				S			2.5	2.5			Fair			
T79	EM <b>Horse chestnut</b> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	9	2	1	320	3	3	3	Some dead wood, leaf miner	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				W			3	3			Fair			
T80	M <b>Apple</b> <i>Malus sp</i>	6	2	1	340	3	3	3	Basal/trunk cavity, one stem failed leaving tear, cavity in main branch going all the way through, decay in branch, bark stripping by livestock, lichen, dead wood	Protect from livestock	Good	20+	C3	
				E			3	3			Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T81	M <b>Apple</b> <i>Malus sp</i>	5	1.5	2	360	1.5	0	3		Hollow, lichen, bark stripping by livestock, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	<10	U
				E								3		
T82	EM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	13	1	1	380	4	4	4		No access, crown lifted, some brown foliage	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2
				W								4		
T83	EM <b>Turkey oak</b> <i>Quercus cerris</i>	12	2	2	380	4	4	4		Old pollard, minor dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				W								4		
T84	EM <b>Walnut</b> <i>Juglans sp</i>	8	1	-	210	2	3	3		Livestock damage, lichen	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-								3		
T85	SM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	8	4	-	180	2	2	2		Dead snag	No immediate action required	Good	40+	C2
				-								2		
T86	EM <b>Red oak</b> <i>Quercus rubra</i>	12	1	-	430	4	4	3		Trunk/branch cavities, dead wood, foliar discoloration indicating disease or nutrient deficiency	Investigate cause of foliar discoloration	Fair	20+	C2
				-								5		
T87	SM <b>Apple</b> <i>Malus sp</i>	4	0.5	-	110	1	1	1		Trunk fissures, peeling bark, dead wood, suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2
				-								1		
T88	EM <b>Horse chestnut</b> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	9	0	-	300	3	1	3		In hedgerow, twin leader, fungal fruiting bodies, peeling bark, one stem topped and decaying, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2
				-								4		



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T89	M Red oak <i>Quercus rubra</i>	13	0	-	560	3	5	5	Animal burrow below tree, multi-stem (one removed exposed heartwood decaying, two remaining), burrs on trunk, dead wood, peeling bark	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-	540		5				Fair			
T90	M Cherry <i>Prunus sp</i>	6	1	-	250	2	2	2	Basal cavity, hollow, twin leader, peeling bark and cavities	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C3	
				-			2				Poor			
T91	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	4	-	350	3	3	3	Crack in trunk, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-			3				Fair			
T92	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	16	2	-	940	8	4	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, possible lightening damage - large scar, exposed heartwood, large snag, splits/cracks, cavities, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-			5				Fair			
T93	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	3	-	480	3	3	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			3				Fair			
T94	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	3	-	470	2	3	3	Lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			3				Fair			
T95	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	9	3	-	760	3	3	3	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, fungal fruiting bodies at base, hollow, trunk cavity, multiple woodpecker holes, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-			3				Poor			
T96	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	3	-	350	4	2	4	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, twin stem	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-	200		4				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T97	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	0	-	400	2	2	4	Snag, cavities, fungal fruiting body ( <i>Inonotus hispidus</i> ), die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							Fair			
T98	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	0	-	400	2	3	6	Basal cavity, bees nest, snags, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-							Fair			
T99	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	15	0	-	500	7	4	1	Cavities, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							Fair			
T100	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	0	-	300	1	0	1	Ditch south side, in hedgerow, die-back, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T101	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	2	-	500	4	4	4	Cavities, multiple woodpecker holes, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		4	5	Fair						
T102	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	3	-	230 160	2	2	2	In hedgerow, twin stemmed, fused, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		2	2	Fair						
T103	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	190 190 140 140	2	2	2	In hedgerow, multi-stemmed, fused, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		4		Fair						
T104	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	6	3	-	250	2	2	2	In ditch, hedgerow tree, stub, lichen, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		2		Fair						
T105	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	540	2	3	3.5	Coppiced at 0.5m, basal cavities, branch cavities, sparse canopy, die-back, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		1		Fair						
T106	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	2	-	790	3	4	3	Ditch east side, basal/trunk cavity, hollowing, burrs, significant dead wood, woodpecker holes, snags	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		3.5		Fair						
T107	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	0	-	210 x 6	3	3	1	Ditch south side, in hedge, coppiced, die-back, overhead cables	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		1		Fair						
T108	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	1	-	810	4	5	3	Ditch north side, in hedge, basal cavity, fungal fruiting body, established basal suckers, exposed heartwood on trunk	No immediate action required	Fair	<10	U	
				-		2		Poor						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T109	M Apple <i>Malus sp</i>	5	1	-	180	3	3	3	Ditch west & north side, in hedge, exposed roots due to soil erosion, branch cavities,	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-	160						Fair			
T110	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	13	2	-	880	4	4	4	Basal cavities, fungal fruiting bodies of <i>Inonotus hispidus</i> , hollow, trunk cavity, woodpecker hole on trunk, dead wood, snags	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-							5			Fair
T111	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	3	-	660	3	4	3	Basal cavities, fungal fruiting bodies, trunk cavity, hollow, dead wood, woodpecker holes	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-							4			Poor
T112	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	2	-	350 x 3	4	6	5	Multi-stemmed, lichen, branch cavities, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							3			Fair
T113	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	15	2	-	400 x 3	6	7	7	Multi-stemmed, lichen, branch cavities, dead wood, several branches removed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							5			Fair
T114	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	4	1	-	220 x 5	3	2	4	Coppiced at 0.5m, cavity at coppice point, lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							2			Fair
T115	SM Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	4	2	-	150	1	1	1	Ditch south side, in hedge	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							1			Fair
T116	EM Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	5	1	-	200	1	1	1	Ditch south side, in hedge, lichen	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							1			Fair

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T117	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	6	1	-	270	3.5	1	2.5	Ditch south side, in hedge, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		1		Fair						
T118	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	6	2	-	300	2	2	3	Ditch south side, in hedge, lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		2		Fair						
T119	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	6	2	-	300	2	2	3	Ditch south side, in hedge, lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		1		Fair						
T120	EM <b>Dead</b> -	10	-	-	250	2	2	2	Dead tree, possible lightning strike, lichen present	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U	
				-		2		Dead						
T121	SM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	8	1	-	200	3	3	3	Purple variety	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		3		Fair						
T122	SM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	6	0.2	-	180	2	2	5	Multi-stemmed, purple variety largely reverted	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		2		Fair						
T123	SM <b>Norway maple</b> <i>Acer platanoides</i>	8	2	-	200	4	5	5	Purple variety	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T124	EM <b>Horse Chestnut</b> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	6	2	-	300	2	3	3	Early Mature Horse Chestnut, within park planting scheme.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		2		Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T125	SM Horse Chestnut <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	6	2	-	150	1	2	2	Young Horse Chestnut, within park planting scheme.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	C2	
				-		2					Fair			
T126	SM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	4	-	-	150	3	3	3	Young Ash tree, within park planting scheme.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	C2	
				-		3					Good			
T127	EM Corsican pine <i>Pinus nigra</i>	8	2	-	300	5	1	4	Dead Scots pine, over hanging path.	Remove	Dead	0	U	
				-		1					Dead			
T128	EM Corsican pine <i>Pinus nigra</i>	9	3	-	200	1	1	1	Dead Scots pine within woodland, retain as standing dead wood	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U	
				-		1					Dead			
T129	EM Corsican pine <i>Pinus nigra</i>	10	3	-	410	3	3	3	Scots pine, within park planting scheme.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		3					Fair			
T130	SM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	5	2	-	200	3	4	3	Roadside planting scheme. Some evidence of Ash dieback	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		3					Fair			
T131	Y London Plane <i>Platanus × hispanica</i>	6	2	-	100	2	3	3	Roadside planting scheme. Dead leaves throughout canopy	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		4					Fair			
T132	EM Dead Sliver Birch <i>Betula pendula</i>	6	3	-	320	1	1	2	Dead tree within woodland area. Retain as standing dead wood	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U	
				-		2					Dead			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T133	EM <b>Sliver Birch</b> <i>Betula pendula</i>	7	1.5	-	140	3	3	4	Roadside planting scheme. Tree in good health	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		3		Fair						
T134	SM <b>London Plane</b> <i>Platanus × hispanica</i>	7	2	-	200	1	1	2	Roadside planting scheme. Dead leaves throughout canopy	No immediate action required	Poor	40+	B2	
				-		1		Fair						
T135	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	350	4	5	4	Planted in carparking scheme. Ash dieback present	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		5		Poor						
T136	M <b>Crack willow</b> <i>Salix fragilis</i>	17	1.5	-	770	9	9	9	Mature crack willow on river bank. One broken and split branch on western aspect.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		10		Poor						
T137	EM <b>Cherry</b> <i>Prunus avium</i>	8	2	-	400	3	2	3	Dying tree in carpark planting scheme	No immediate action required	Poor	<10	U	
				-		3		Poor						
T138	EM <b>Cherry</b> <i>Prunus avium</i>	8	2	2	250	5	6	6	Occluded trunk wound, lifted	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				S		6		Fair						
T139	SM <b>Crack willow</b> <i>Salix fragilis</i>	5	0.2	-	150	4	4	4	Self set willow, river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T140	SM <b>Dead Crack Willow</b> <i>Salix fragilis</i>	6	0.3	-	200	5	3	4	Dead self set willow, river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U	
				-		4		Dead						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T141	SM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	5	0.3	-	250	3	2	3	Self set willow, river on the eastern aspect. Dead bottom limbs, northern side of crown dead.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		3		Poor						
T142	SM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	8	0.2	-	250	6	2	4	Self set willow, river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T143	SM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	7	0.2	-	230	4	3	4	Self set willow, river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T144	EM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	7	2	-	350 320	6	6	7	Double stem, spilt apparent in early growth stages. Leans into river.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5		Poor						
T145	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	14	4	-	up to 670	9	9	8	Multi-stemmed, leading over river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		7		Fair						
T146	M Hybrid Black Poplar <i>Populus canadensis</i>	15	3	-	up to 780	8	9	10	Multi-stemmed, leading over river on the eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		9		Fair						
T147	M Hybrid Black Poplar <i>Populus canadensis</i>	14	2	-	up to 800	8	9	10	Dead branches present in south canopy	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		10		Fair						
T148	EM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	7	0.3	-	up to 290	5	3	4	On southern side of the river, Multi-stemmed.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T149	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	14	1	-	up to 350	4	5	4	4	Dead Crack Willow, on eastern side of the river.	No immediate action required	Dead	0	U
				-		4		Dead						
T150	M White Willow <i>Salix alba</i>	12	3	-	up to 890	10	9	11	8	Multi-stemmed. One trunk has split and fallen into the river, creating a large cavity on the southern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3
				-		8		Fair						
T151	M Hybrid Black Poplar <i>Populus canadensis</i>	14	4	-	up to 870	9	9	10	10	Multi-stemmed. River on southern side. Full canopy, occasional dead branches	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-		10		Fair						
T152	EM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	5	0.5	-	up to 200	2	2	3	3	Multi-stemmed, on southern side of river bank	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2
				-		3		Fair						
T153	EM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	7	0.2	-	350	4	4	4	4	Multi-stemmed. Within ditch	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2
				-		4		Fair						
T154	EM Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	2	0	-	400	6	6	7	8	Badly pollarded crack willow on north side of ditch.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C3
				-		8		Poor						
T155	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	4	-	400	6	5	5	5	Twin stemmed, east stem ivy clad. Western stem hangs over ditch	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-		5		Fair						
T156	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	1.5	-	300	3	3	2	3	Some dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-		3		Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T157	M <b>Weeping Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior 'Pendula'</i>	8	2.5	-	400	2	2	3	Canopy maintained to give 2.5m ground clearance	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		3	Fair							
T158	EM <b>Oak</b> <i>Quercus sp</i>	6	1	-	Up to 200	4	3	3	Ivy clad, lower canopy maintained as part of hedge	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		3	Fair							
T159	M <b>English Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	15	3	-	1180	4	5	4	Multiple dead & cracked branches in crown. Ditch on southside.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		9	Fair							
T160	EM <b>English Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	5	1.5	-	320	4	5	4	Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		4	Fair							
T161	M <b>English Oak</b> <i>Quercus robur</i>	16	4	-	1000	7	6	8	Ditch to the south, within hedgerow, small desiccated fungal fruiting bodies on trunk, some branches on the southern aspect removed and occasional dead branch is present.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		8	Fair							
T162	EM <b>Elder</b> <i>Sambucus nigra</i>	3	2	-	Up to 100	0.5	1	2	Multi-stemmed. Fallen over on east side. Sparse growth, top heavy. Ditch on southside.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-		0.5	Poor							
T163	EM <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	2.5	-	Up to 130	3	1	2	Multi-stemmed. Damaged from heavy flailing.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-		1	Poor							
T164	EM <b>Apple</b> <i>Malus x domestica</i>	6	3	-	up to 200	5	4	6	Damaged from vandalism. South side fire damage. North side of canopy remains intact. Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C3	
				-		0.5	Poor							



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				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T165	EM Apple <i>Malus x domestica</i>	8	4	-	Up to 230	7	3	6	Damaged from vandalism. South side fire damage. North side of canopy remains intact. Ditch on southside.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C3	
				-			0				Poor			
T166	EM Field Maple <i>Acer campestre</i>	9	6	-	Up to 300	2	4	4	Fire damaged. Eastern aspect of canopy burnt and charred. Ditch on east side. Within hedgerow.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-			3				Poor			
T167	EM Field Maple <i>Acer campestre</i>	8	2	-	Up to 250	4	2	4	Fire damaged. Eastern aspect of canopy burnt and charred. Ditch on east side. Within hedgerow.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-			3				Fair			
T168	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	2	-	400	3	2	3	Within hedgerow, ditch on west side.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-			4				Fair			
T169	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	3	-	350	3	4	2	Significant evidence of Ash die back.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-			3				Poor			
T170	M Oak <i>Quercus sp</i>	13	0.5	2	710	8	6	6	With hedgerow, ditch on west side, lifted, dead wood, topped in the past	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				N			8				Fair			
T171	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	6	-	450	4	3	4	Multi-stemmed Ash in hedgerow. Ditch on east side.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-			5				Fair			
T172	M English Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	16	6	-	800	9	9	10	Within hedgerow. Ivy covered good crown spread, some dead wood in northern side of crown.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-			10				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T173	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	10	-	Up to 380	4	4	3	Within hedgerow, ditch on west side.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T174	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	4	-	450	6	7	6	North facing limb missing, heart wood exposed. Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5		Fair						
T175	M English Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	14	6	-	860	4	8	5	Ditch on south side. Broken north facing limb, dead limb on eastern aspect.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		7		Fair						
T176	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	5	-	380	6	5	6	Some dead wood within crown, peeling bark and sparse leaves. Ditch to the south.	No immediate action required	Poor	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T177	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	4	-	Up to 530	4	4	5	Northern lower branches cut. Several snapped branches on south side.	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		1		Poor						
T178	M Oak <i>Quercus sp</i>	18	5	-	1200	8	10	7	Recently snapped large limb at trunk split. Multiple dead branches throughout.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		8		Fair						
T179	M Oak <i>Quercus sp</i>	17	5	-	1000	7	6	9	Dead wood throughout tree, damage to bottom limbs, Split in lateral branch large cavity has formed	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		4		Fair						
T180	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	16	4	-	400	8	8	8	Ivy clad, dead branches in northern canopy.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		8		Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T181	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	3	-	350	2	5	3	Manually plotted. Ash die back present. Slight northern lean. Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		4	Poor							
T182	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	4	-	550	4	4	4	Lead branch missing, large cavity in northside. Ditch on south side	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		4	Fair							
T183	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	4	-	670	4	4	5	Large cavity in split branch. South leaning Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5	Fair							
T184	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	6	-	790	1	6	7	Lead branch missing large cavity to the northwest. Lower branch missing on east side	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		7	Fair							
T185	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	6	-	450	5	0	5	Lead branch missing, large cavity on north side. Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5	Fair							
T186	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	4	-	500	6	2	4	Large branch scar in south east of trunk. Ditch south side	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5	Fair							
T187	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	5	-	up to 300	4	5	4	Multi-stemmed Ash in hedgerow. Ditch on south side.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		5	Fair							
T188	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	17	4	-	up to 360	3	3	4	Ditch on east side, leaning into ditch.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		4	Fair							

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T189	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	4	-	420	3	9	6	Leaning north, some dead wood in canopy	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		2		Fair						
T190	M English Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	13	5	-	400	6	6	7	Dead wood throughout tree, western side particularly damaged	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		6		Fair						
T191	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	15	6	-	370	9	6	8	Full canopy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		8		Fair						
T192	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	4	-	1300	7	3	5	Multiple woodpecker holes, cavity in southern aspect. Multiple dead limbs.	No immediate action required	Poor	40+	B3	
				-		6		Poor						
T193	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	2	-	370	2	2	3	Ivy clad. Missing lead branch, large cavity in trunk. Ditch north of tree	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-		4		Poor						
T194	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	8	-	350	5	4	4	Broken and missing branches in canopy. Areas of lifted bark. Ditch north of tree	No immediate action required	Poor	20+	B3	
				-		6		Poor						
T195	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	6	-	420	7	6	5	Ash die back present. Ditch on south side	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		7		Fair						
T196	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	6	4	-	900	6	5	3	Missing lead trunk. Large cavity at bole, rot its present	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-		4		Poor						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T197	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	5	-	1080	8	6	7	Enlarged bole, grown into fence. Northwest side of tree dead.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	B3	
				-		8		Poor						
T198	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	4	-	380	4	2	5	Rot hole in bole. Dead wood in canopy. Ash die back present.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T199	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	5	-	Up to 300	2	7	5	Woodpecker holes present. Ditch on northern aspect.	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B3	
				-		3		Fair						
T200	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	6	-	320	4	3	5	Within hedgerow, ditch on northside.	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		3		Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T201	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	5	-	up to 250	3	5	6		Ditch on west side. Tree in hedgerow.	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2
				-			4					Fair		
T202	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	4	-	up to 200	3	5	4		Ditch on west side. Tree in hedgerow.	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2
				-			3					Fair		
T203	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	12	5	-	780	7	6	7		Within hedgerow	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2
				-			7					Fair		
T204	M English Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	13	6	-	570	9	9	6		Southern branches have been removed.	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2
				-			2					Fair		
T205	M English Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	13	4	-	710	9	8	8		Top of crown dead, peeling bark, heart wood exposed.	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3
				-			7					Poor		
T206	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	6	3	-	200	2	2	2		Within hedgerow, much of the tree is dead.	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3
				-			2					Poor		
T207	M Poplar <i>Populus sp</i>	15	2	-	550	9	3	8		Multi-stemmed, overhangs river, moss, lichen, fungal fruiting bodies at base	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3
				-			9					Fair		
T208	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	5	4	-	1300	0.5	0.5	0.5		Old pollard, hollowing	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3
				-			0.5					Fair		

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T209	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	3	0	-	1200	0.5	0.5	0.5	Old coppice, moss, lichen, hollow	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C3	
				-		0.5								
T210	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	7	0	-	680	3	6	2	Partially fallen, cracked branches	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		1								
T211	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	2	-	1000	3	6	4	Basal/trunk cavities, Basal/trunk decay, fungal fruiting bodies in trunk cavity, lichen, moss, water pockets, ditch west side, insect bore holes, evidence of nesting birds and feeding remains of predatory bird, potential veteran tree	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		5								
T212	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	14	1	-	900	4	8	5	Originally twin stemmed (one snapped and decaying), moss, lichen, significant dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		8								
T213	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	8	0.5	-	500	4	6	5	Old coppice, multi-stemmed, lichen, moss, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B3	
				-		6								
T214	M Field maple <i>Acer campestre</i>	5	3	-	50 37	5	3	5	Twin stemmed, moss, lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		3								
T215	M Field maple <i>Acer campestre</i>	6	4	-	70 35	4	3	4	Multi-stemmed, moss, lichen, insect bore holes, water pockets, ditch east side, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		2								
T216	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	14	3	-	680	4	3	3	Moss, lichen, peeling bark, water pockets, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		5								

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T217	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	8	3	-	530	5	5	5	Lichen, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		5		Fair						
T218	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	15	4	-	910	3	3	3	Moss, lichen, water pockets, basal cavities, dead wood, woodpecker hole	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		4		Fair						
T219	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	0.5	3	330	4	5	6	West side of ditch, lichen, ivy, stem leans slightly to the east, ash die-back present, small branch cavity	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				SE		5		Fair						
T220	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	0.5	1	200	2	3	2	Ditch on west side, established basal suckers, lichen, ivy clad, twin leader, ash die-back present	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				E		2.5		Fair						
T221	SM Scots pine <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	5	2	2	170	2	3	2	Lost original leader, dead wood, canopy slightly sparse	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				N		2		Fair						
T222	SM Scots pine <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Struck by vehicle, uprooted and broken	Remove	-	-	U	
				-		-		-						
T223	EM Fastigate hornbeam <i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i>	7	1	1	180	1	1.5	2.5	In grass area of car showroom forecourt, lifted	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				E		2		Fair						
T224	EM Cherry <i>Prunus avium</i>	10	1	2	370	5	5	6	Lifted, moss on branches, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				NW		6		Fair						

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				Dir			W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
T225	M Cherry <i>Prunus avium</i>	12	1	2	410	5	6	7	Lifted, moss on branches, street light within canopy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				W			7				Fair			
T226	M Cherry <i>Prunus avium</i>	13	0.5	2.5	310	6	6	6	On bank, lifted, slight lean east	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				SW			6				Fair			
T227	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	13	0	-	900	9	9	9	Moss, basal cavity, trunk cavities, split branches, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-			9				Fair			
T228	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	10	0.5	0.5	370	8	3	8	On river bank, leans south west	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				W			10				Fair			
T229	EM Fastigate hornbeam <i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i>	10	2	2	270	2	3	3	Lichen, lifted	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				W			2				Fair			
T230	EM Silver birch <i>Betula pendula</i>	9	1	1.8	220	2	2.5	2.5	Moss, twin leader	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				NW			2				Fair			
T231	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	6	0	-	250 190	3	3	3	In ditch, twin stem, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-			3				Fair			
T232	EM Cherry <i>Prunus avium</i>	10	0.5	-	220 220 170	4	6	5	On bank adjacent bridge, cut back from bridge, twin leader	No immediate action required	Good	20+	C2	
				-			2				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G1	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, significant amount dead/dying Elm (Dutch elm disease present), some Hawthorn, overgrown hedge	Manage as a hedge, remove dead trees	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G2	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch east side, part of hedgerow, multi-stemmed, lichen, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G3	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	2	-	300	-	-	-	Ditch north side, filled, 3 trees in hedgerow, partially suppressed Field maple nearest T8 and two Ash, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G4	SM Mixed species -	up to 6	0	-	150	-	-	-	Planting on roadside embankment, unmanaged, denser towards motorway, includes Laburnum, Hawthorn, Dogwood, Purple plum, Broom, Hazel, spindle, Field maple, Cherry, Silver birch, Dog rose and self set Elm, Ash, Norway maple - die-back	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G5	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	-	250	-	-	-	Ditch east side, overgrown hedge includes Hawthorn, Elder, Goat willow, Blackthorn, Dog rose with sporadic Ash and Elm trees, Dutch elm disease present	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G6	M Mixed species -	up to 12	0	-	450	-	-	-	Ditch west side, filled, predominantly Willow, trunk cavities, hollow, old pollards at 1.5m with some Ash	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G7	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	0	-	200	-	-	-	Elder, Ash, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm - unmanaged, Dutch elm disease present	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G8	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	-	200	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Elder, Elm - unmanaged	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G9	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	1	-	300	-	-	-	Oak, Norway maple, Cherry, Beech - unmanaged	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G10	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	1	-	350	-	-	-	Oak, Norway maple, Cherry, Hawthorn - unmanaged	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G11	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	0	-	250	-	-	-	Ditch north side, overgrown hedge, Hawthorn, Elm, Blackthorn, Plum, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G12	M Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	up to 11	0	-	700	-	-	-	Ditch south side, 3 trees, middle tree largest and ivy clad, dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G13	EM Mixed species -	up to 5	0	-	250	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Oak - unmanaged	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G14	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G15	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	1	-	380	-	-	-	2 trees, adjacent to hedgerow, one twin stemmed Oak and one partially suppressed Norway maple	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G16	EM Mixed species -	up to 5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch east side, overgrown hedge, Hawthorn, Apple, Elder, Blackthorn, Goat willow, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir	Stem Diameter (mm)	W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G17	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	0	- -	250	-	-	-	Off site, predominantly Ash with Alder and Horse chestnut	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
G18	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Apple, Ash (die-back), Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
G19	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Blackthorn, Ash, Hawthorn, Dog rose, Elm (Dutch elm disease)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
G20	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	- -	200	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Plum, Blackthorn, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
G21	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
G22	M Horse chestnut <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	up to 13	1	- -	900	-	-	-	2 trees, off-site, basal cavity in one tree, ivy, reduced branches with cavities, dead wood, leaf miner	No immediate action required	Fair Fair	20+	B3
G23	Y Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	up to 5	0.5	- -	90	-	-	-	2 trees	No immediate action required	Good Fair	20+	B2
G24	EM Silver birch <i>Betula pendula</i>	up to 10	1	- -	200	-	-	-	3 trees, off-site	No immediate action required	Good Fair	20+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G25	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	0	-	up to 300	-	-	-	No access, includes Hawthorn, Elder, Apple, Blackthorn, Horse chestnut (leaf miner), Leylandii, Dog rose - mainly scrubby but Horse chestnut larger	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
G26	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Ditch north side, overgrown hedge, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
G27	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	0	-	300	-	-	-	Ditch south side, 2 Ash, 1 Sycamore, dead wood, some cavities on Ash trunks	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
G28	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	up to 12	2	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Ditch north side, in hedgerow, 4 trees (2 multi-stemmed), peeling bark, branch cavities, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
G29	M Crack willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	10	0	-	400	-	-	-	2 trees, ditch south side, multi-stemmed, stem failures, severed stem, dead wood, galls	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
G30	M Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	11	1	-	350	-	-	-	6 trees, ditch south side, largest tree has branch cavity, all have dead wood and die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
G31	EM Mixed species -	8	0	-	220	-	-	-	7 Oak, 1 Field maple, 1 Norway maple, lichen, snags	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
G32	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	0	-	300	-	-	-	6 trees, multi-stemmed, dead wood and die-back	No immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G33	M Mixed species -	12	0	-	420	-	-	-	7 Horse chestnut (leaf miner), 3 Apple (cavities/dead branches), 1 Hazel (coppiced), 1 Currant bush	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G34	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Field maple, Hawthorn, Elder, Blackthorn, Elm (Dutch elm disease present), unmanaged, bramble	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G35	EM Mixed species -	up to 15	2	-	350	-	-	-	2 Ash, 1 Apple, in hedge, multi-stemmed, lichen	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G36	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	up to 9	2	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch north side, in hedge, dead wood, die-back	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G37	SM Mixed species -	4	1	-	160	-	-	-	Oak (w), Sycamore (e), ditch south side, in hedge, lichen	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G38	EM Mixed species -	6	1	-	240	-	-	-	Oak (e), Cherry (w), ditch south side, in hedge, lichen	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G39	M Mixed species -	up to 11	1	-	360	-	-	-	3 Oak, 3 Sycamore, 1 Cherry, 1 Elm, some branch cavities and dead wood	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G40	M Leyland cypress <i>X Cupressocyparis leylandii</i>	15	0	-	300	-	-	-	2 trees, off-site	No immediate action required	Good	40+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

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				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G41	M Sycamore <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	10	1	-	350	-	-	-	Off-site, stubs/poorly pruned, branches resting on wall, lichen	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G42	EM Mixed Species 0	10	4	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Mixed species, Sycamore, Ash, Cherry. Managed for roadside screening purposes.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G43	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 10	4	-	up to 340	-	-	-	Mixed species, Sycamore, Ash, Cherry, Horse Chestnut, Corsican pine, Dog rose, Cherry, Laurel.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G44	EM Mixed Species -	up to 10	4	-	up to 320	-	-	-	Mixed species, Willow, Cherry, Dog rose, Sycamore, Sliver birch, Corsican pine.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G45	EM Mixed Species -	up to 12	3	-	up to 330	-	-	-	Mixed species, Scots pine, Silver birch, Dog rose, Elder, Crack Willow, Cherry, Alder, Ash.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G46	SM Horse Chestnut <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	6	2	-	150	-	-	-	3 Young Horse Chestnut all of similar age and height.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G47	SM Silver maple <i>Acer saccharinum</i>	4	2	-	50	-	-	-	5 trees, dead branches within canopy.	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-							Poor			
G48	Y Norway maple <i>Acer platanoides</i>	4	2	-	up to 150	-	-	-	2 trees, leaves lacking chlorophyll in leaves within crown. Dead branches within crown	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C3	
				-							Poor			



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G49	EM Mixed Species -	up to 10	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Group of early mature mixed species, Corsican pine, Dog rose, Sliver Birch, Alder, Hazel.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G50	EM Mixed Species -	up to 8	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Group of early mature mixed species, Corsican pine, Dog rose, Sliver Birch, Alder, Hazel.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G51	SM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	5	2	-	up to 140	-	-	-	4 young Ash trees with some evidence of Ash dieback.	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G52	SM Sliver birch <i>Betula pendula</i>	10	3	-	up to 190	-	-	-	3 Young sliver birch, peeling bark on trunk, small patches of exposed heart wood.	No Immediate action required	Fair	10+	C3	
				-		-	-				Poor			
G53	EM Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	4	-	up to 450	-	-	-	7 Early mature Crack Willows along river bank	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G54	EM Corsican Pine <i>Pinus nigra</i>	8	3	-	up to 400	-	-	-	2 park planted Scots pine.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G55	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	3	-	up to 680	-	-	-	5 planted crack willows, dead branches throughout canopy.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-				Poor			
G56	EM Corsican Pine <i>Pinus nigra</i>	9	3	-	up to 400	-	-	-	2 Early mature planted Scots pine.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G57	SM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	7	2	-	up to 130	-	-	-	2 Young planted Ash trees, some blackening of seed pods and new leaves. Evidence of ash dieback	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G58	Y Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	4	3	-	up to 90	-	-	-	3 Young planted Ash trees. Heavily managed	No Immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G59	EM Mixed Species -	up to 8	4	-	up to 370	-	-	-	Early Mature Field maple with Silver birch and standing dead wood. Managed understory of Laurel. High levels of litter within group.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G60	Y Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	5	-	-	up to 90	-	-	-	4 young planted Ash, heavily managed	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G61	Y Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	5	1.5	-	up to 60	-	-	-	2 young planted Ash, heavily managed.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G62	Y Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	5	1.5	-	up to 100	-	-	-	4 young planted Ash, some evidence of Ash dieback	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		-	-	Poor						
G63	EM Mixed Species -	9	-	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Early Mature Field maple and Silver birch, with the occasional hazel. Some dead wood throughout	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G64	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 400	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Norway maple, Sycamore, Hawthorn	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G65	M Common Lime <i>Tilia x europea</i>	20	5	-	up to 670	-	-	-	3 mature lime trees.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G66	M Poplar species <i>Populus sp</i>	20	6	-	up to 550	-	-	-	Mature poplar trees within woodland.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G67	EM Goat Willow <i>Salix caprea</i>	7	2	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Group of young Goat willow over ditch line.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G68	EM Cherry <i>Prunus avium</i>	8	3	-	up to 350	-	-	-	5 planted Cherry trees within carpark landscaping	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G69	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	2	-	up to 2500	-	-	-	3 Mature Crack willow trees, occasional dead branch with in canopy. Ditch on northern aspect.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G70	M Mixed Species 0	16	3	-	up to 1000	-	-	-	Mature Crack willow and poplar sp river on southern aspect, trees leaning over rivers edge.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G71	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	10	1	-	up to 2000	-	-	-	Group of 2 Crack willow on east side of the river, partial lean into river.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			
G72	M Mixed Species -	14	1	-	up to 680	-	-	-	Group of Early mature Crack willow and Poplar species on east side of the river bank, with a partial lean in to river.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-							Fair			

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				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G73	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	12	5	-	up to 750	-	-	-	Group of Crack willow, splits in several branches in group	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		-	-	-			Poor			
G74	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	2	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Basal suckers. Ditch to the south of trees. Branches to the southern aspect have been removed	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Poor			
G75	M Pedunculate Oak <i>Quercus robur</i>	14	-	-	up to 870	-	-	-	3 pedunculate oak trees dead branches throughout crowns on the southern aspect. Ditch to the south of trees.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G76	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	6	1.5	-	up to 100	-	-	-	Group of Early mature hawthorn on north side of ditch, basal suckers present. Southern branches removed	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G77	EM Mixed Species -	8	4	-	up to 360	-	-	-	Row of 7 early mature trees lining track. Species include Pedunculate oak, Elm, Sycamore, Cherry.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G78	M Mixed Species -	14	-	-	up to 340	-	-	-	Screen planting of leylandii trees with the occasional oak scattered throughout.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	C2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G79	M Leyland cypress <i>Cupressus x leylandii</i>	14	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Screen planting of leylandii trees for hotel	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	C2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G80	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	3	-	up to 300	-	-	-	2 early mature ash trees within hedgerow.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G81	EM Mixed Species -	10	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Mixed species early mature conifers and Horse Chestnut.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G82	EM Mixed Species -	13	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Screen planting of mixed conifer species and one Ash tree.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G83	EM Mixed Species -	12	3	-	up to 380	-	-	-	Screen planting of Cherry, Sliver Birch, Crack Willow and Conifer species.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G84	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	14	-	-	up to 380	-	-	-	3 Ash trees within outgrown hedgerow. Some evidence of Ash dieback.	No Immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G85	EM Mixed Species -	6	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Road screen planting, mixed species. Hawthorn, Ash, Beech, Elm occasional bramble throughout.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G86	EM Mixed Species -	10	-	-	up to 400	-	-	-	Road screen planting, mixed species. Beech, Ash, Elm, Hazel. Some deadwood throughout canopy of group.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G87	EM Mixed Species -	14	-	-	up to 420	-	-	-	Road screen planting, mixed species. 4 Elm trees, growth impaired due to proximity to other trees	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G88	EM Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	8	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Group of early mature crack willow, dead branches throughout canopy.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G89	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	11	-	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Group 2 crack willow on eastern side of river. Occasional dead branch in canopy. Good branch spread and growth.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G90	M Mixed Species -	18	-	-	up to 850	-	-	-	2 Ash and 2 Scots pine trees within hedgerow, ivy clad. Ditch to the west.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G91	EM Mixed Species -	12	-	-	up to 550	-	-	-	Poplar, Ash, Oak, Elm ivy clad.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G92	M Poplar species <i>Populus sp</i>	18	-	-	up to 600	-	-	-	Linear group of 11 Poplars	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G93	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	-	-	up to 680	-	-	-	3 trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G94	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	-	-	up to 700	-	-	-	4 trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G95	M Crack Willow <i>Salix fragilis</i>	16	-	-	up to 800	-	-	-	4 trees, ditch to the east	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G96	EM Mixed species -	up to 5	0	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Predominantly Hawthorn with Oak, Ash, Blackthorn, unmanaged but cut back field side	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G97	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	0	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged Hazel, Willow, Blackthorn, Plum, Ash, Silver birch, Field maple, Dogwood, White poplar, Downy birch, Cherry, Norway maple, one standing dead Silver birch	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G98	EM Mixed species -	up to 5	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged, sporadic shrubs including Hawthorn, Plum, Elder	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G99	M Mixed species -	up to 11	2	-	up to 550	-	-	-	2 trees, Corsican pine (larger tree), Scots pine	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G100	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged Field maple, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elder	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G101	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Field maple, Ash, Elder, Blackthorn, Corsican pine, Norway maple, Cherry, Oak, Privet, Lime, Willow	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G102	EM Fastigate hornbeam <i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i>	up to 8	-	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Within car park and grassed area of car showroom, lifted	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G103	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged Hazel, Field maple, Privet, Ash	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G104	M Mixed species -	up to 13	-	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Unmanaged apart from being cut back from footpath, southern most tree multi-stemmed mature Willow, other trees smaller early mature predominantly Ash with Apple	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G105	EM Mixed species -	up to 8	-	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged hedgerow, predominantly Hawthorn with Blackthorn, willow	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G106	M Mixed species -	up to 14	-	-	up to 600	-	-	-	No access due to high river levels, predominantly Crack willow with Poplar, Ash	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G107	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	0	-	up to 200	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Hawthorn, Elder, Blackthorn, Ash, Elm	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G108	EM Mixed species -	up to 11	-	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Silver birch, Hawthorn, Cherry, Dogwood, Viburnum	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G109	EM <b>Leyland cypress</b> <i>X Cupressocyparis leylandii</i>	12	2	-	up to 400	-	-	-	Lifted, dead wood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	C2	
G110	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	up to 6	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Originally maintained as a 2m high hedge, predominantly Hawthorn with Laurel	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
G111	EM <b>Ash</b> <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	-	-	up to 180	-	-	-	Lifted, ash die-back present	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
G112	EM <b>Field maple</b> <i>Acer campestre</i>	up to 6	0	-	up to 180	-	-	-	4 trees, redundant stakes	Remove stakes	Good	40+	B2	
G113	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	up to 12	0	-	up to 370	-	-	-	Mixed planting with a dense understory. Species include, Horse chestnut, Corsican Pine, Silver birch, Dog Rose, Cherry, Elder and Dogwood.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
G114	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	up to 16	0	-	up to 400	-	-	-	Mixed planting with little understory. Species include Wild Cherry, Dog Rose, Alder, Laurel, Silver Birch and Scots Pine.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
G115	M <b>Mixed species</b> -	up to 17	0	-	up to 780	-	-	-	Mixed planting species include Hazel, Alder, Field Maple, Elder, Dog Rose, Scots Pine.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
G116	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	up to 12	0	-	up to 450	-	-	-	Mixed planting for screening, species include Sycamore, Field Maple, Scots Pine, Silver Birch. Lacks any understory.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G117	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	0	-	up to 380	-	-	-	Ornamental roadside screening, species include Scots Pine, Cherry Laurel, Sycamore, Small Leaved Lime, Dog Rose, Wild Cherry with occasional bramble understory.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G118	M Mixed species -	up to 18	0	-	up to 700	-	-	-	Predominantly Oak with some Corsican pine and sporadic Hawthorn and bramble understory, ivy, unmanaged.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G119	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	On bank, managed Norway maple, Cherry, Plum, Hornbeam	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G120	EM Mixed species -	up to 13	-	-	up to 450	-	-	-	Majority on a bank, unmanaged, includes Plum, Norway maple, Hornbeam, Oak, Field maple, Hazel, Cherry, Holly, Pyracantha	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G121	M Mixed species -	up to 16	-	-	up to 600	-	-	-	Unmanaged, predominantly multi-stemmed Crack willow with Plum and Field maple	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G122	EM Mixed species -	up to 18	-	-	up to 340	-	-	-	Unmanaged some on bank, includes Field maple, Alder, Ash, Hornbeam, Corsican pine, Dogwood, Elder, Pyracantha	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G123	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	-	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Field maple, Alder, Hornbeam, Hazel, Oak, Silver birch, Pyracantha	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G124	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	-	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged Alder, Field maple, Oak, Cherry, Horse chestnut, Dogwood	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G125	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	-	-	up to 420	-	-	-	Partially managed Alder, Corsican pine, Elder, Cherry, Privet, Field maple, Dogwood, Hazel	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G126	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Oak, Silver birch and Pine, several of the Pine are dead/dying	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G127	SM Laurel <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>	1	0	-	<75	-	-	-	Maintained	No immediate action required	Good	40+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G128	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	-	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Silver birch, Scots pine, Cherry, Dogwood, Elder, Laurel	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G129	M Mixed species -	up to 13	0	-	up to 700	-	-	-	Predominantly multi-stemmed Crack willow but including some mature pollard specimens and occasional Elder, Ash	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G130	M Willow <i>Salix sp</i>	up to 20	3	-	up to 470	-	-	-	Planted trees, ranging from young to mature, mainly in rows but large spacing/gaps between trees, high canopies but do not appear to have been lifted, category grading of individual trees would be C2 for most of the trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G131	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged, dense area includes Hawthorn and Willow	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
G132	EM Willow <i>Salix sp</i>	up to 20	-	-	up to 510	-	-	-	Planted trees, some areas of bramble	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G133	EM Willow <i>Salix sp</i>	up to 18	-	-	500	-	-	-	Planted trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G134	EM Mixed -	up to 8	-	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged, predominantly Hawthorn with some Willow	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G135	EM Willow <i>Salix sp</i>	up to 14	2	-	up to 360	-	-	-	Planted, sporadic trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G136	M Mixed species -	up to 20	-	-	up to 900	-	-	-	Unmanaged wetland area, Crack Willow, Poplar, Willow sp, Elder	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B3	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G137	SM Mixed species -	6	-	-	up to 180	-	-	-	Predominantly Cherry includes one Silver birch and shrubs, lifted	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G138	SM Mixed species -	8	-	-	up to 150	-	-	-	1 London plane, 2 Ash, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G139	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	10	-	-	up to 310	-	-	-	2 early mature, 2 semi-mature, lichen, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			
G140	SM Mixed species -	9	-	-	up to 90	-	-	-	1 London plane, 2 Ash, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	-			Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
G141	SM Mixed species -	8	-	-	up to 75	-	-	-	1 London plane, 2 Ash, partially suppressed	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G142	EM Mixed species -	up to 11	-	-	up to 410	-	-	-	16 Silver maples with coppiced Willow and Dogwood understorey	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G143	EM Ash <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	9	-	-	up to 280	-	-	-	Linear group with Cotoneaster below	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G144	EM Mixed species -	up to 11	-	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Unmanaged, predominantly Alder with Ash, Elder, Oak, Willow, standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G145	EM Mixed species -	up to 9	0	-	up to 280	-	-	-	Unmanaged, predominantly multi-stemmed Elm with Blackthorn, Dutch elm disease present	No immediate action required	Fair	10+	C2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G146	EM Blackthorn <i>Prunus spinosa</i>	5	0	-	up to 150	-	-	-	Unmanaged, in ditch	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G147	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	-	-	up to 350	-	-	-	Unmanaged, Corsican pine, Cherry, Silver birch, Ash, Cotoneaster, Hawthorn, Field maple, standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			
G148	M Mixed species -	up to 16	-	-	up to 850	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes a Corsican pine and Ash	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-				Fair			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m) Dir	Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread N (m) S	E	Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	BS5837 Ret. Cat.
G149	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	- -	up to 250	0 0	0	An out grown hedgerow, species present include Ash, Field maple and Willow.	No Immediate action required	Fair Fair	40+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H1	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Plum, Field maple, Dogwood, Elm, Elder, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H2	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Elm, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Plum, Ash (die-back), Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H3	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Hawthorn, Plum, Elm	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H4	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Plum, Ash (die-back), Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H5	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Elder, Hawthorn, Elm, Blackthorn	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H6	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elder, Ash (die-back), Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H7	EM Mixed species -	up to 4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north & east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Plum, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H8	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Plum, Field maple, Elm, Apple, Dog rose, Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H9	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Elm, Hawthorn, Plum, Blackthorn, Dog rose, Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H10	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Ash, Plum, Elm, Dogwood, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H11	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch north side (section filled), Hawthorn, Goat willow, Elm, Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H12	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Elm, Hawthorn, Plum, Blackthorn, Elder, Ash (die-back), one Oak sapling	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H13	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elder, Ash, Elm, Dog rose, ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H14	EM Mixed species -	up to 2	0	-	100	-	-	-	Ditch east side, gappy, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm (some dead)	No immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H15	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Elm, Ash, Blackthorn, Dog rose, ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H16	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H17	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Hawthorn, Elm	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H18	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch west & south side, Hawthorn, Plum, Elder, Ash, Blackthorn, Dog rose, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H19	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch south side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Ash, Elder, Apple, Plum, Dog rose, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H20	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		100	-	-	-	Ditch south side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm, Elder, Apple, Plum, Field maple, Goat willow, Dog rose, Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H21	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	-		200	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Plum, Blackthorn, Field maple, Elder, Dog rose, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H22	EM Mixed species -	up to 2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Plum, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H23	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Hawthorn, Plum, Elm, Blackthorn, Goat willow, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H24	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Cherry, Norway maple, Plum, Elder	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H25	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch west side, Hawthorn, Elm, Blackthorn, Dog rose, along eastern edge sporadic Elm up to 2m in height, overall hedge up to 3m adjacent W5, Dutch elm disease present	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H26	EM Mixed species -	up to 4	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Field maple, Blackthorn, Elder, Elm, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H27	EM Mixed species -	up to 2.5	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Ash, Field maple, Elm, Apple, Elder, Dog rose, one layered Ash with fungal fruiting bodies of Inonotus hispidus	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H28	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Elder, Elm, Blackthorn, Ash, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H29	EM Mixed species -	up to 6	0	-		200	-	-	-	Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Plum, Field maple, Wych elm, Dog rose, Oak (saplings), Ash (die-back), gaps	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H30	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch south side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Elm, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H31	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch south side, Hawthorn, Ash, Grey poplar, Field maple, Blackthorn, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H32	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	1.5	0	-		150	-	-	-	Hawthorn, maintained	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Branch Spread			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir	Stem Diameter (mm)	W	N (m)	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H33	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Plum, Dog rose, Apple (frequent), Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H34	EM Mixed species -	up to 4	0	- -	200	-	-	-	Ditch to south, Hawthorn, Elm	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H35	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Elm, Field maple, Plum, Elder, Dog rose, ivy	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H36	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Elder, Hawthorn	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H37	EM Mixed species -	up to 6	0	- -	200	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Elm, Blackthorn	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H38	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Elm, Hawthorn, Ash, Blackthorn, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H39	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm, Privet, Ash, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H40	EM Mixed species -	2	0	- -	150	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Ash (die-back), Elm (Dutch elm disease present), Dogrose, gaps	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H41	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Apple, Blackthorn, Ash (die-back), Elm (Dutch elm disease present), Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H42	EM Mixed species -	up to 3	0	-		200	-	-	-	Ditch north & east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Plum, Apple, Field maple, Elm (Dutch elm disease present), dead wood, side cut back very hard in places (ditch side)	No immediate action required	Fair Fair	20+	C2
H43	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Field maple, Elm, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H44	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Elm (Dutch elm disease present), Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H45	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-		150	-	-	-	Ditch north side, maintained but gaps, predominantly Hawthorn with Blackthorn, Ash (die-back)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H46	Y Mixed species -	up to 2	0	-		<75	-	-	-	Predominantly Hawthorn with Plum, in grow tubes, gappy	No immediate action required	Good Fair	20+	C2
H47	EM Mixed species -	2	0	-		100	-	-	-	Ditch west side, dense/wide, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Plum, Elder, Dog rose	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H48	EM Mixed species -	up to 2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Off-site, ditch west side, includes Hawthorn, Blackthorn	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H49	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-		200	-	-	-	Off-site, includes Hornbeam, Elm, Hawthorn, Field maple, Hazel, Wayfaring tree. Laurel and golden variety of Leyland cypress at southern end	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H50	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Overhangs footpath	Cut back from footpath	Good Fair	40+	B2
H51	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		150	-	-	-	Road to the west, fence to the east. Hawthorn, Elder, Bramble, Elm, Ash, Dogwood, White Bryony. Thinning at base.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H52	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 7	0	-		200	-	-	-	Outgrown hedgerow, Ash, Elm, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Bramble, Dog rose, Cherry, Sessile Oak, dense understory. Fence to the south and road to the north.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H53	EM Mixed Species 0	1.5	0	-		100	-	-	-	Managed. Dominated by Elm, occasional Elder present.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H54	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		30	-	-	-	Unfrequently managed, appears in good health. Elm (die back present), Dog Rose, Dogwood, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Elder, Goat Willow and Bramble. Ditch to the north and east.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H55	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		30	-	-	-	Unfrequently managed, appears in good health. Elm (die back present), Dog Rose, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Field Maple and Elder. Ditch to the north and east.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2
H56	EM Mixed Species 0	2.5	0	-		100	-	-	-	Unfrequently managed, appears in good health. Fenced to the north and ditch to the south. Hawthorn, Elm(in poor health) Dog Rose Ash, Cherry, Apple. Mostly intact.	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H57	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-	100	-	-	-	Occasional management. Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Ash, Dog rose and Elm (in poor health) Ditch to the north.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H58	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-	100	-	-	-	Occasional management, ditch to the east. Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elder, Bramble, Elm (in poor health) Apple, Ash.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H59	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 5	0	-	up to 150	-	-	-	Ditch to the south. Hawthorn, Apple, Elm, Blackthorn, Plum, Dog Rose and Bramble.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H60	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-	up to 100	-	-	-	Evidence of occasional flail use. Mostly intact. Ditch to the east. Dog Rose, Elm (in poor health), Hawthorn, Ash, Blackthorn, Apple, Ivy, Elder and Cherry	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H61	EM Mixed Species 0	3	0	-	up to 100	-	-	-	Evidence of occasional flail use. Mostly intact. Ditch to the east. Dog Rose, Elm (in poor health), Hawthorn, Ash, Blackthorn, Apple, Ivy, Elder and Cherry	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H62	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 3	0	-	up to 150	-	-	-	Mostly intact. Ditch in centre of hedgerow. Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Ash, Bramble, Dog Rose, Plum.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H63	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 6	0	-	up to 150	-	-	-	Mostly intact. Ditch in centre of hedgerow. Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Ash, Bramble, Dog Rose, Plum and Elm (In poor health).	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H64	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-	up to 120	-	-	-	Thick, mostly intact. Gaps to the west. Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Ash, Elder, Elm (in poor health) and Bramble.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H65	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		120	-	-	-	Defunct. Hawthorn, Elder. Ground flora present.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H66	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		120	-	-	-	Defunct. Hawthorn, Wild Privet, Dog Rose, Blackthorn, Ash, Apple and Elm (in poor health). Ditch to the east.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H67	EM Mixed Species 0	2	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Ditch to the north. Mostly Intact. Hawthorn, Ash, Elm (in poor health), Dog Rose, Bramble, Apple and Blackthorn.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H68	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 3	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Three metres in width, irregular management. Ditch to the west. Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Dog rose, Apple, Elm, Cherry. Mostly intact.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H69	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	2	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Intact. Ditch to the south. Hawthorn dominant with occasional Blackthorn, Elder and Bramble.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H70	EM Mixed Species -	up to 3	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Largely intact few gaps. Thin in places. Ditch to the east and south. Hawthorn, Dog Rose, Apple, Ash, Blackthorn and Elm (in poor health)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H71	EM Mixed Species -	2	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Apple, Dog Rose, Ash, Sycamore and Elm (in poor health)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		
H72	EM Mixed Species -	2	0	-		up to 100	-	-	-	Mostly intact occasional thinning in places. Hawthorn and Elm.	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2
				-								Fair		



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)			Branch Spread (m)	W	N	E	Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		Life Expectancy	BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir												Struct Cond		
H73	Y <b>Bramble</b> <i>Rubus fruticosus</i>	2	0	-	<75	-	-	-					Bramble dominated hedgerow. Ditch on southside.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-											Fair			
H74	M <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	0	-	300	-	-	-					Mature outgrown hedgerow	No Immediate action required	Good	20+	B2	
				-											Fair			
H75	SM <b>Box</b> <i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	0.5	0	-	<75	-	-	-					Maintained in the shape of an A	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	C2	
				-											Fair			
H76	SM <b>Mixed species</b> -	1.5	0	-	<75	-	-	-					Maintained, includes Berberis, Dogwood, Privet	No Immediate action required	Good	20+	C2	
				-											Fair			
H77	SM <b>Mixed species</b> -	1	0	-	<75	-	-	-					Maintained, includes Berberis, Dogwood	No Immediate action required	Good	20+	C2	
				-											Fair			
H78	EM <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	10	0	-	170	-	-	-					Outgrown unmanaged hedgerow, occasional self seeded ash present. Ivy covered.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-											Fair			
H79	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	4	0	-	150	-	-	-					Mixed species hedgerow with Blackthorn, elder, elm and hazel.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-											Fair			
H80	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	8	0	-	300	-	-	-					Mixed species hedgerow with Blackthorn, Hawthorn and Ash. Failed on the eastern side.	No Immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-											Poor			

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H81	SM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Hawthorn dominated hedgerow with occasional blackthorn. Large percentage of canopy gaps present. Flailed	No Immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Poor						
H82	EM Mixed species -	6	0	-	150	-	-	-	Native species hedgerow species include Hawthorn, Elder and Blackthorn. Damage from fire.	No Immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Poor						
H83	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	200	-	-	-	Intact, Hawthorn dominated hedgerow with occasional Blackthorn and self seeded Ash.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H84	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Fully intact Hawthorn hedgerow.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H85	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	250	-	-	-	Flailed Hawthorn dominated hedgerow, Elder, Elm and Ash present.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H86	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	200	-	-	-	A partially out grown hedgerow species include hawthorn and elm. Evidence of Dutch elm disease.	No Immediate action required	Poor	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Poor						
H87	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	150	-	-	-	A partially out grown hedgerow species include hawthorn and elm. Evidence of Dutch elm disease. With a ditch on the eastern side.	No Immediate action required	Poor	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H88	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	100	-	-	-	Elm dominated hedgerow with occasional hawthorn and blackthorn throughout. Some evidence of Dutch elm disease. A ditch is present on the eastern side and the western side has been recently managed with a flail.	No Immediate action required	Poor	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H89	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	A Blackthorn dominated hedgerow with occasional hawthorn present. Ditch located on the eastern side and subject to flail management on the west	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H90	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	A hawthorn hedgerow, with a ditch to the east and subject to a flail on the western side.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H91	M Mixed species -	4	0	-	210	-	-	-	A partially outgrown mixed species hedgerow. Elm and Hawthorn present.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H92	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-	120	-	-	-	A mixed species hedgerow with Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Elm, Ash and bramble throughout.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H93	M Mixed species -	3	0	-	200	-	-	-	A partially outgrown hedgerow with a ditch on the eastern side. Species include Hawthorn, Hazel, Ash, Blackthorn and Elder.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H94	M Mixed species -	5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Flailed mixed species hedgerow with a ditch on the southside. Species present Elder, Hawthorn, Ivy and Bramble throughout.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H95	M Mixed species -	4	0	-	220	-	-	-	A partially out grown hedgerow, species include Ash, Elder, Hawthorn and Dog Rose.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H96	M Mixed species -	5	0	-	250	-	-	-	A partially out grown hedgerow dominated by Blackthorn with the occasional Hawthorn present.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H97	M <b>Leylandii</b> <i>X Cupressocyparis leylandii</i>	14	0	-	270	-	-	-	Unmanaged Leylandii hedgerow, planted for hotel screening.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H98	EM <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Partially managed hedgerow.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H99	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	4	0	-	200	-	-	-	Intact native species hedgerow, species include Ash, Elder, Hawthorn, Field maple and dog rose. Well managed second years growth present.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H100	EM <b>Mixed species</b> -	4	0	-	150	-	-	-	Intact native species hedgerow, species include Ash, Crab Apple, Hawthorn, Blackthorn and Dog Rose. Well managed second years growth present.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H101	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	3	0	-	150	0	0	0	Hawthorn dominated hedgerow with the occasional self set Field maple throughout. Occasional gaps present in hedgerow.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H102	EM Hawthorn <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	3	0	-	100	0	0	0	A heavily flailed Hawthorn dominated hedgerow. The occasional self set Ash is present	No Immediate action required	Poor	40+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H103	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	250	0	0	0	Includes Hawthorn, Ash, Field maple	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H104	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-	150	0	0	0	An heavily flailed hedgerow, with large canopy gaps. Species include Hawthorn, Elder and Elm.	No Immediate action required	Poor	10+	C2	
				-		0	0	Poor						
H105	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	200	0	0	0	A heavily flailed hedgerow, species include Hawthorn and Elm. occasional gaps within canopy. Ditch is present to the north side.	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H106	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch east side, includes Hawthorn, Crab apple, Ash, Hazel, Blackthorn, Hornbeam, Elm, bramble, flailed, dense	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H107	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	180	-	-	-	Sporadic, includes Apple, Hawthorn, Elm	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	C2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H108	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch in centre of hedge, includes Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Field maple, Elm, bramble	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H109	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch in centre of hedge, includes Hawthorn, Field maple, Elm, bramble	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H110	EM Mixed species -	3	0	-	150	-	-	-	Maintained, includes Hawthorn, Elm, Blackthorn, bramble	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H111	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	250	-	-	-	Includes Ash, Hazel, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, Field maple, Elm, Willow, bramble, occasional gap	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H112	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	160	-	-	-	Ditch south side, includes Hawthorn, Field maple, Ash, gappy	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H113	EM Mixed species -	5	0	-	170	-	-	-	Ditch east side, includes Hawthorn, Field maple, Ash, Hazel, Blackthorn, Elder, bramble, gappy	No Immediate action required	Fair	20+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H114	EM Mixed species -	4	0	-	180	-	-	-	Maintained but gaps, includes Hawthorn, Ash, Willow, Elder	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H115	EM Mixed species -	1.8	0	-	150	-	-	-	Ditch south side, maintained, includes Hawthorn, Field maple, Elm, Blackthorn, Elder	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H116	EM Mixed species -	1.5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch south side, maintained, includes Hawthorn, Elder but only part of hedgerow surveyed as majority off site	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						



Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
H117	EM <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	1.5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch north side, maintained, only part of hedgerow surveyed as majority off site	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H118	EM <b>Hawthorn</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	1.5	0	-	200	-	-	-	Ditch west side, maintained, only part of hedgerow surveyed as majority off site	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
H119	SM <b>Mixed species</b> <i>0</i>	up to 4	0	-	<75	0	0	0	Partially maintained, western section Privet, eastern section Laurel	No Immediate action required	Good	20+	C2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H120	EM <b>Mixed species</b> <i>0</i>	3	0	-	up to 250	0	0	0	Predominantly Hawthorn with Field maple, Ash, Elder	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						
H121	EM <b>Mixed species</b> <i>0</i>	up to 4	0	-	up to 200	0	0	0	Ditch west side, includes Hawthorn, Field maple, Willow, Elder, Elm	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		0	0	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
W1	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	1	-	200	-	-	-	Off-site, no access, unmanaged includes Oak, Ash (die-back), several standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W2	EM Mixed species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Off-site, planted but unmanaged includes Oak, Goat willow, Rowan, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Dogwood, Ash (die-back), several standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W3	M Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Ditch north side, unmanaged, includes large pond, Cherry, Oak, Ash, Crack willow, Blackthorn, Hawthorn, one dead Scots pine	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W4	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 250	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Hawthorn, Elm, Elder, Cherry, Field maple, Rowan	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W5	EM Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 300	-	-	-	Off-site, unmanaged includes Scots pine, Sycamore (purple), Field maple, Cherry, Sycamore, Lime, Norway maple, Red oak, standing dead trees, Laurel	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W6	M Mixed species -	up to 16	0	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Old coppice, unmanaged includes Norway maple, Ash, Hawthorn	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W7	M Mixed species -	up to 14	0	-	up to 600	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Hawthorn, Ash, Lime, Oak, Horse chestnut, Field maple, Dog rose, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good Fair	40+	B2	
W8	M Mixed species -	up to 18	0	-	up to 700	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Hawthorn, Horse chestnut, Cherry, Willow, Field maple, Plum, Grey poplar, Ash, Elder, Crab apple, Silver birch, Oak, some areas of dumped rubbish	Remove rubbish	Good Fair	40+	B2	

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
W9	M Mixed species -	up to 16	0	-	up to 700	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Hawthorn, Grey poplar, Apple, Ash, Oak, Elm, Wych elm, Dog rose, ivy, Ash with woodpecker holes on eastern edge	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W10	EM Mixed species -	up to 16	0	-	up to 400	-	-	-	Ditch east and south side, unmanaged includes Oak, Elm, Apple, Norway maple, Scots pine, Bird cherry, Ash, Sycamore (Sooty bark disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W11	M Mixed species -	up to 16	0	-	up to 550	-	-	-	Ditch north and east side, unmanaged, dense in places, includes Hawthorn, Apple, Field maple, Horse chestnut, Norway maple, Scots pine, Cherry, Alder, Blackthorn, Corsican pine, Dog rose, Ash (die-back), Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W12	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0	-	210	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Grey poplar, Apple, Elder, Elm (Dutch elm disease present), ivy, bramble, dense	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W13	EM Mixed species -	up to 13	0.5	-	300	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Poplar, Cherry, Elm, Hawthorn, Elder, Horse chestnut, Ash, Scots pine, Blackthorn, Bird cherry, Dogwood, Field maple, Leylandii, Dog rose, ivy, dense	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W14	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0.5	-	200	-	-	-	Off-site, unmanaged includes Goat willow, Field maple, Ash, Oak, Elder, Hawthorn, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W15	EM Mixed species -	up to 7	0.5	-	300	-	-	-	Off-site, unmanaged includes Oak, Ash, Elm (Dutch elm disease present)	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W16	M Mixed species -	up to 18	0	-	390	-	-	-	Ditch north & south side, unmanaged includes Lime, Hawthorn, Elder, Bird cherry, Field maple, Blackthorn, Alder, Sycamore, Grey poplar, Silver birch, Red oak, Oak, Plum, Cherry, Ash (die-back), Elm (Dutch elm disease present), bramble, dense, several standing dead trees, trees with trunk cavities and woodpecker holes	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B3	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
W17	M Mixed species -	up to 13	-	-	380	-	-	-	Planted Sycamore, Scots pine, Oak, Plum, Norway maple, Field maple, Bird cherry, Lime, Beech, Elm, Hawthorn, Cherry, Ash, Red oak, Horse chestnut, standing dead trees, multiple trunk cavities	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W18	M Mixed species -	up to 11	0	-	430	-	-	-	Unmanaged includes Scots pine, Field maple, Oak, Horse chestnut, Hawthorn, Crack willow, Elder, Cherry, lichen, ivy, dense	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W19	EM Mixed species -	up to 12	0	-	430	-	-	-	Restricted access, unmanaged includes Field maple, Oak, Cherry, Silver birch, Hawthorn, Blackthorn, Rowan, Evergreen oak, Horse chestnut (leaf miner), Whitebeam (gall), Elm (Dutch elm disease present), several trees with small cavities, some with ivy	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W20	EM Mixed Species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Planted mixed woodland screening, species include Field Maple, Silver Birch, Wild Cherry, Corsican Pine, Dog Rose, Elder, Hazel and Laurel.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Good						
W21	EM Mixed Species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 270	-	-	-	Planted mixed woodland screening, species include Field Maple, Silver Birch, Ash, Norway maple, Dog Rose, Elder, Hazel and Laurel.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W22	EM Mixed Species -	up to 12	0	-	up to 450	-	-	-	Mixed planted woodland for screening, species include Silver Birch, Field Maple, Wild Cherry, Corsican pine, Alder, Ash, Laurel, Cotoneaster, Privet, Bramble understorey, occasional deadwood throughout.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W23	EM Mixed Species 0	up to 12	0	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Unmanaged woodland planted for screening, dominated by Corsican Pine with occasional Hazel, Elder, Hawthorn, Silver Birch and Bramble scrub nearer the road	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						
W24	EM Mixed Species -	up to 12	0	-	up to 500	-	-	-	Mixed unmanaged woodland includes Hazel, Small Leaved Lime, Field Maple, Corsican Pine, Norway maple, Poplar, Plum, Elder, Cherry, Silver Birch and Alder.	No Immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
				-		-	-	Fair						

Reference	Life Stage & Species	Height (m)	Crown Ht (m)	FSB Ht (m)		Stem Diameter (mm)	Branch Spread (m)			Observations	Preliminary management recommendations	Physio Cond		BS5837 Ret. Cat.
				Dir			W	N	E			Struct Cond	Life Expectancy	
W25	EM Mixed Species -	up to 10	0	-	up to 550	-	-	-	Willow, Ash, Oak with occasional blackthorn understory.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
W26	EM Mixed Species -	up to 16	0	-	up to 780	-	-	-	High canopy mixed woodland, species include Oak, Ash, Goat Willow, White Willow, Alder, Hornbeam, Sycamore with a bramble and elder understory.	No Immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
W27	M Mixed species -	up to 16	-	-	up to 700	-	-	-	Planted woodland includes Poplar and Crack willow, little understory, some standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
W28	EM Mixed species 0	up to 18	0	-	up to 450	0	0	0	Unmanaged, includes Plum, Corsican pine, Hawthorn, Willow, Lime, Elm	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
W29	M Mixed species 0	up to 15	0	-	up to 700	0	0	0	Unmanaged, includes Oak, Norway maple, Apple, Elm, Hawthorn, Field maple, fly tipping occurring	No immediate action required	Fair	40+	B2	
W30	EM Mixed species 0	up to 13	0	-	up to 450	0	0	0	Unmanaged, predominantly Corsican pine with occasional Oak, Alder, Plum, Cherry, Silver birch, Ash, Field maple, Hawthorn, Cotoneaster, Elder	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	
W31	EM Mixed species 0	up to 14	0	-	up to 350	0	0	0	Unmanaged, predominantly Corsican pine with Plum, Cherry, Silver birch, Ash, Field maple, Hawthorn, Cotoneaster, standing dead trees	No immediate action required	Good	40+	B2	

## **APPENDIX C**

### **Explanation of Terms**



## Reference Numbering

Each tree, group of trees or hedgerow is given an individual reference, made up of sequential numbers prefixed by a letter where:

**T** = Individual Tree, **G** = Group, **H** = Hedge, **S** = Stump, **R** = Reference, **X** = Shrub, **JK** = Japanese Knotweed

## Age and Species

### *Life Stage*

Trees are assigned to one of five age classes as follows:

<b>Young (Y)</b>	Tree in establishment stage, normally up to 5-10 years old
<b>Semi-mature (SM)</b>	Establishing tree with potential for significant growth both in terms of tree height and crown spread. Typically, having attained at least 25% of likely mature height and crown spread
<b>Early Mature (EM)</b>	Establishing tree with potential for significant growth both in terms of tree height and crown spread. Typically, having attained at least 50% of likely mature height and crown spread
<b>Mature (M)</b>	Established tree, typically having attained at least 70% of likely mature height and crown spread
<b>Over-mature (OM)</b>	Extensive decline in physiological functions and/or structural integrity
<b>Veteran (V)</b>	A tree that shows features of biological, cultural or aesthetic value that are characteristic of, but not exclusive to, individuals surviving beyond the typical age range for the species.

### *Species*

Tree names and other plant names follow Stace (1997) and are provided as both Common (English) species names and scientific (Latin) names.

## Size and Spread

### *Height*

Current tree height in metres.

### *Stem Diameter*

Stem diameter, measured in millimetres, at 1.5m above ground-level. On multi-stemmed trees this measurement is taken using the guidance in Annex C of BS5837:2012.

### *Branch Spread*

Radial crown spread measured in four compass directions (north, south east, and west) using magnetic north.

### *First Significant Branch (FSB)*

Height of first significant branch above adjacent site ground-level in metres and direction of growth measured in one compass direction using magnetic north.

### *Crown Height*

Height of crown clearance above adjacent site ground-level in metres. Where this varies around the canopy, the height of the lowest point is recorded.

## Observations

This section provides details, where relevant, pertaining to the tree's position, form, pruning history and an account of any significant defects observed. Access restrictions and other incidental observations are also noted here.

## Recommendations

These are normally based upon remedial action to address any observed significant defects. These may be recommended for tree safety reasons, or for reasons of good arboricultural practice and tree management.

## Condition and Value

### *Physiological Condition*

<b>Good</b>	Healthy tree with no symptoms of significant disease
<b>Fair</b>	Tree with early signs of disease, small defects, decreased life expectancy, or evidence of less than average vigour for the species
<b>Poor</b>	Significant disease present, limited life expectancy, or with very low vigour for the species and evidence of physiological stress
<b>Dead/dying</b>	Tree is in advanced stages of physiological failure and is dying or dead

### *Structural Condition*

<b>Good</b>	No significant structural defects observed
<b>Fair</b>	Some structural defects observed, including the presence of deadwood in otherwise healthy trees with a good life expectancy
<b>Poor</b>	Significant structural defects observed resulting in a tree which is likely to require either monitoring or remedial action
<b>Dead/dying</b>	Major defects which compromise the safety of the tree. Remedial works or tree removal are likely to be required in many target locations

## Life Expectancy or Estimated Remaining Contribution (ERC)

The estimated number of years before the tree may require removal is expressed as one of the following categories: (i) <10 years; (ii) 10+ years; (iii) 20+ years; (iv) 40+ years.

## BS5837 Retention Category

Each tree, group of trees or hedge is assigned to a retention category where:

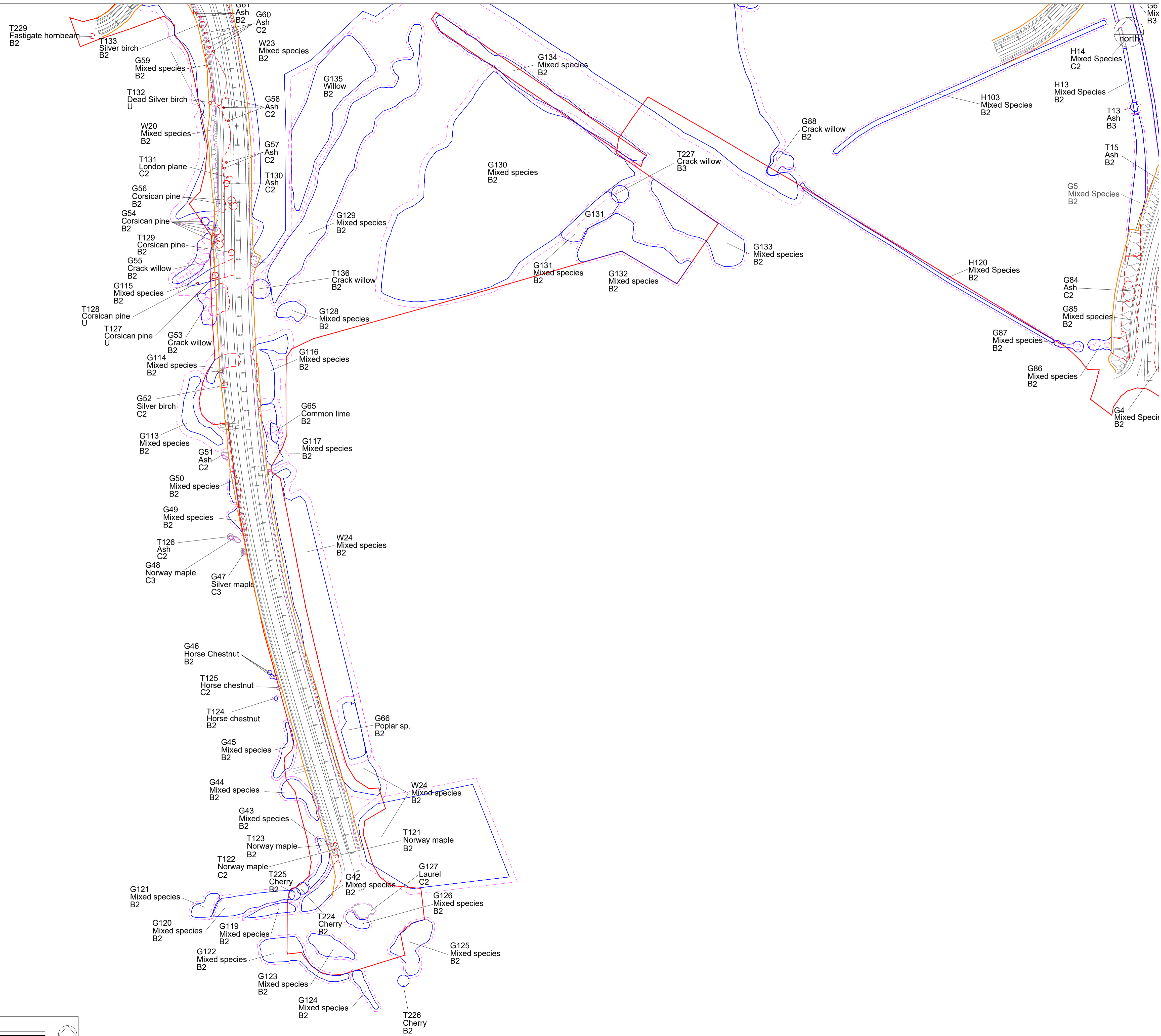
<b>A</b>	Trees of high quality, retention is highly desirable
<b>B</b>	Trees of moderate quality where retention is desirable
<b>C</b>	Trees of low quality, or young trees with a stem diameter <150mm. Category C trees may be retained, replaced or relocated
<b>U</b>	Trees unsuitable for retention or trees which should be removed

In accordance with BS5837:2012, a numerical suffix is added to the retention category of each tree, which indicates the principal reason for the value of each tree or group of trees, where:

<b>1</b>	Mainly arboricultural values, including fine examples of the species
<b>2</b>	Mainly landscape values, including trees providing screening and/or softening effects to the locality, or trees of visual prominence
<b>3</b>	Mainly cultural values, including conservation, historical and commemorative values

**APPENDIX D**

**Tree Retention & Removal Plans (Highway Infrastructure)**

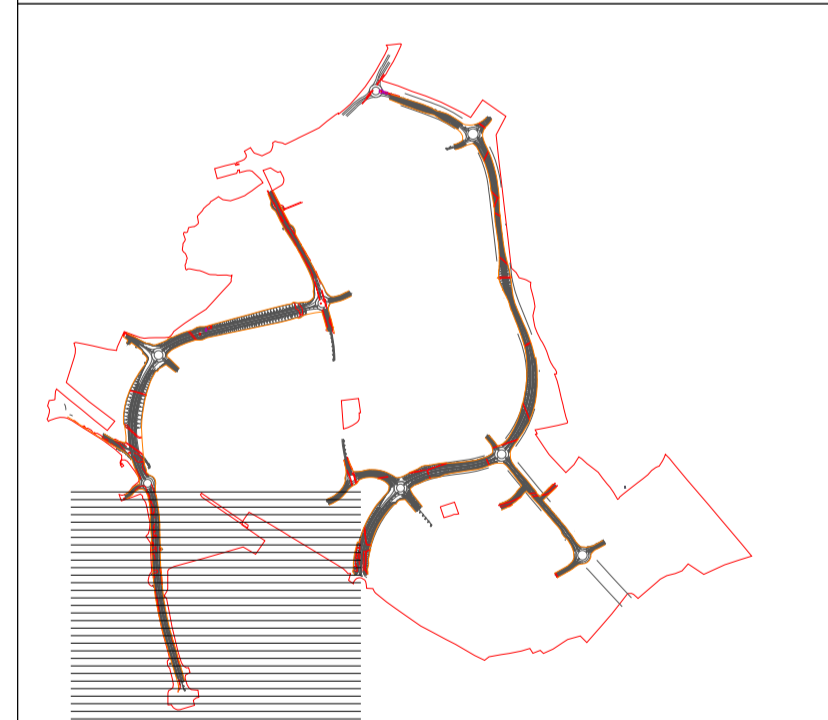


**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland
- Feasibility of Moving Tree Under Investigation
- Highways Infrastructure full application boundary

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



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St James

PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention and Removal Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 1 of 7)

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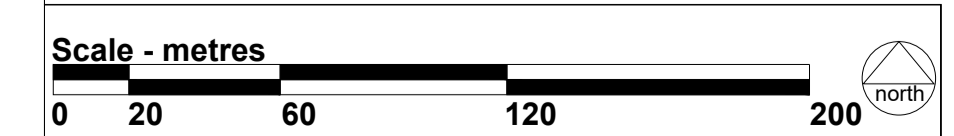
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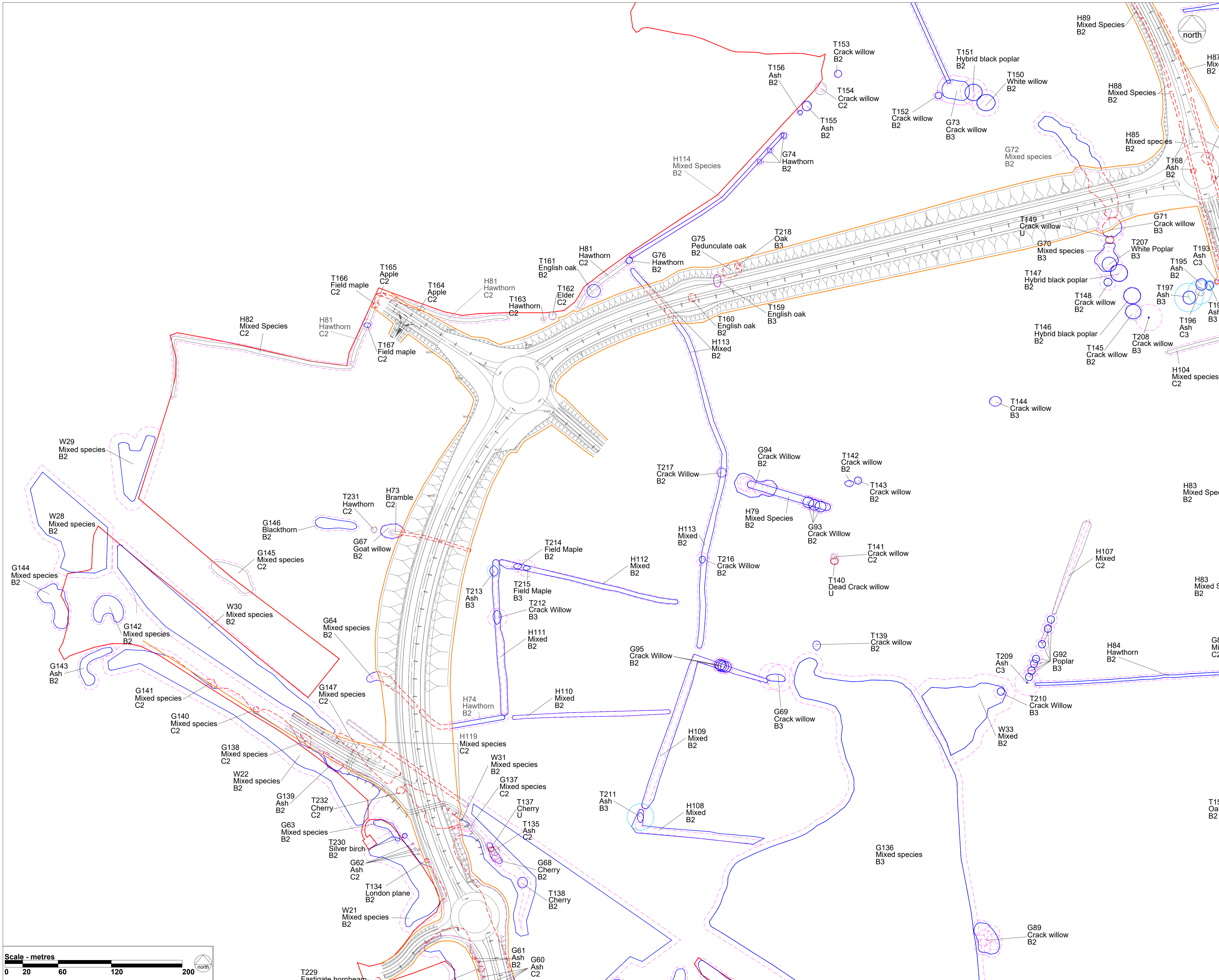
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**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
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- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland
- Feasibility of Moving
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**BS5837 Tree Categories**

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- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
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TITLE:  
Tree Retention and Removal Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 2 of 7)

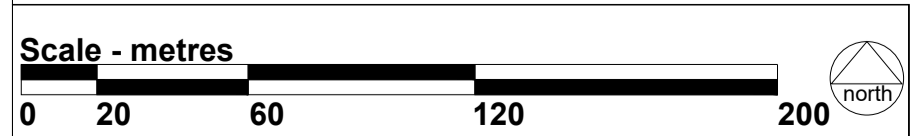
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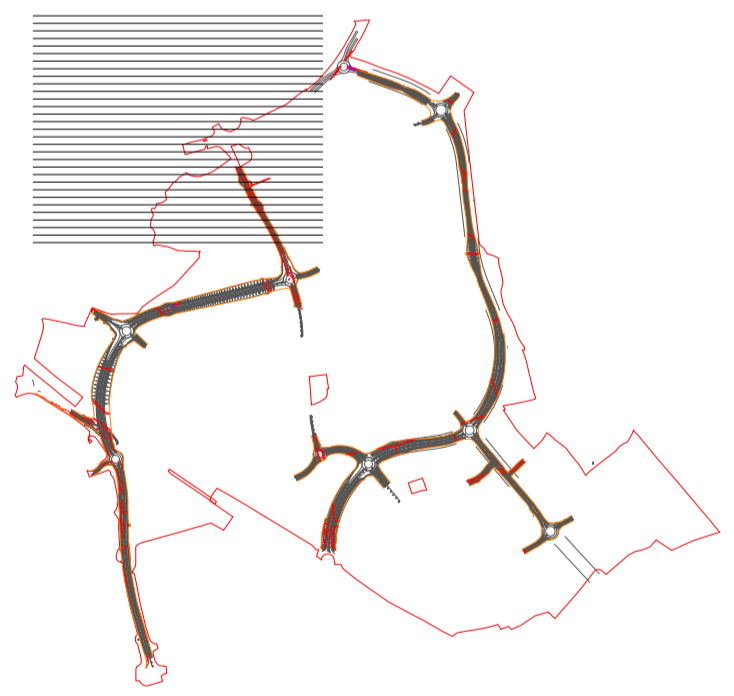
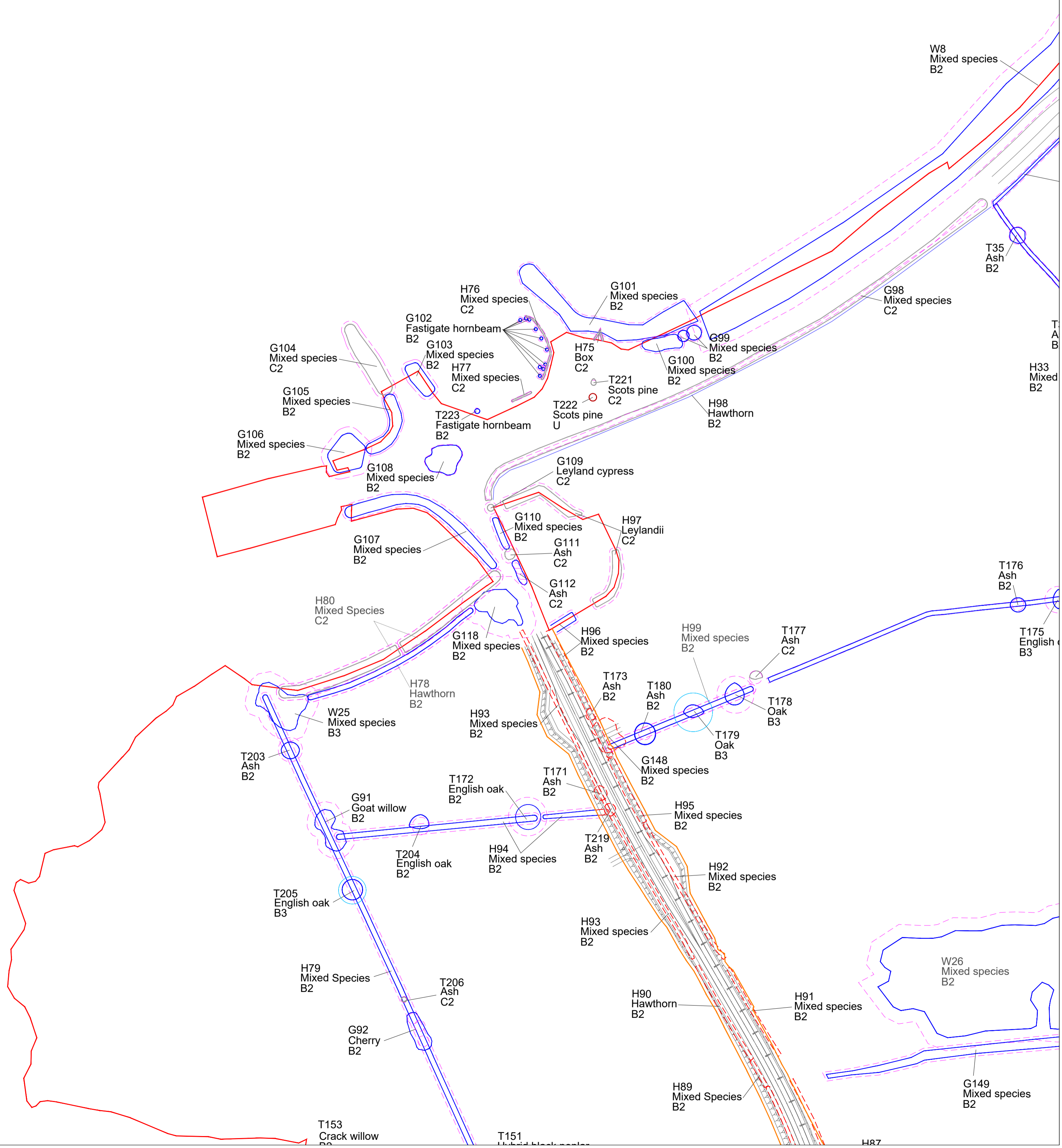


**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
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- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
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- Site Boundary
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**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



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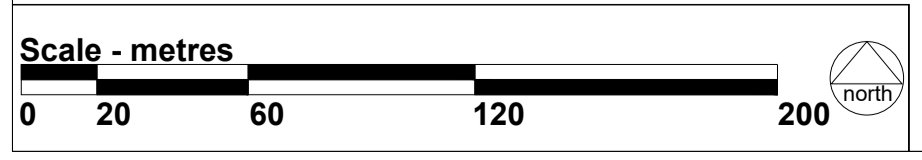
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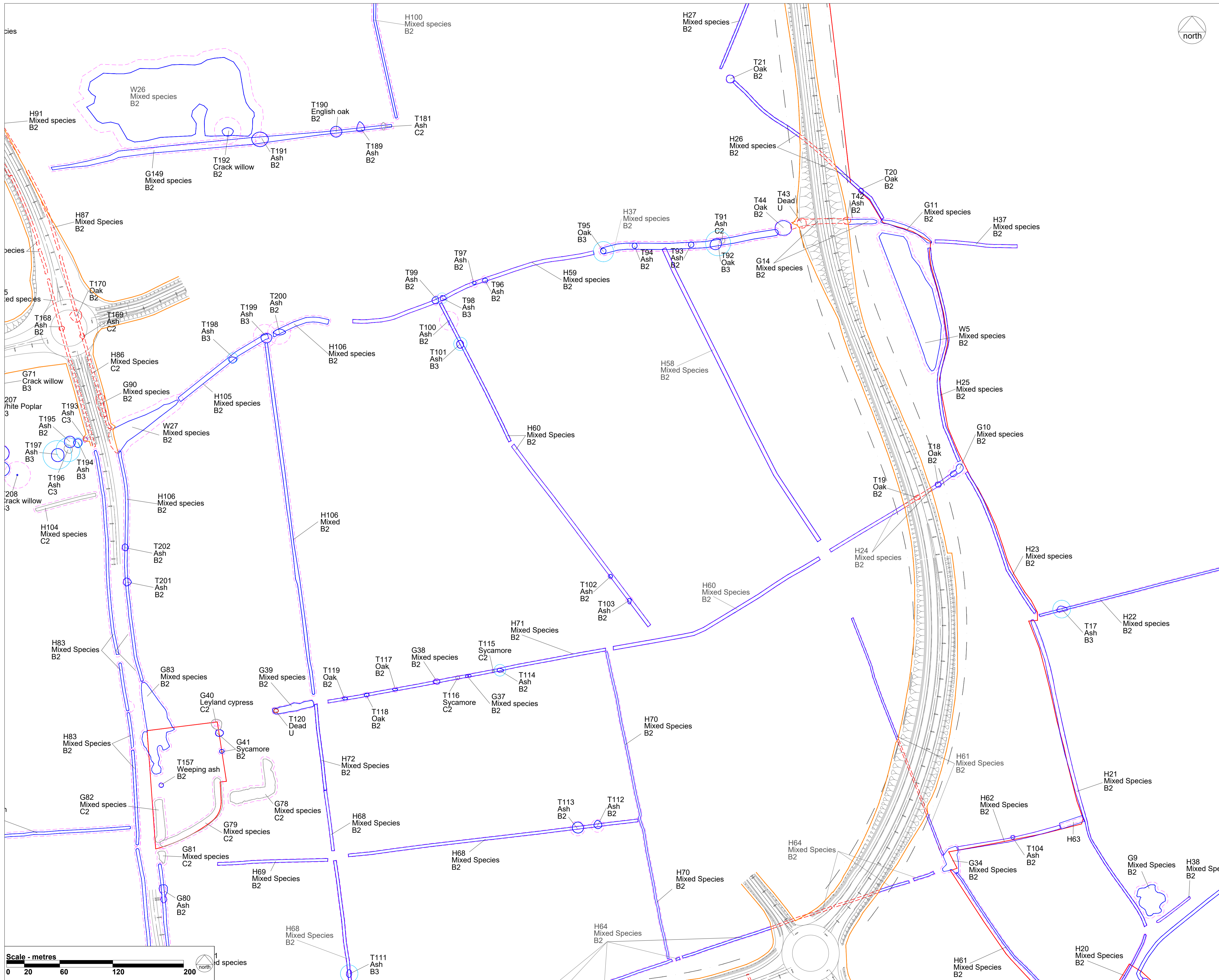
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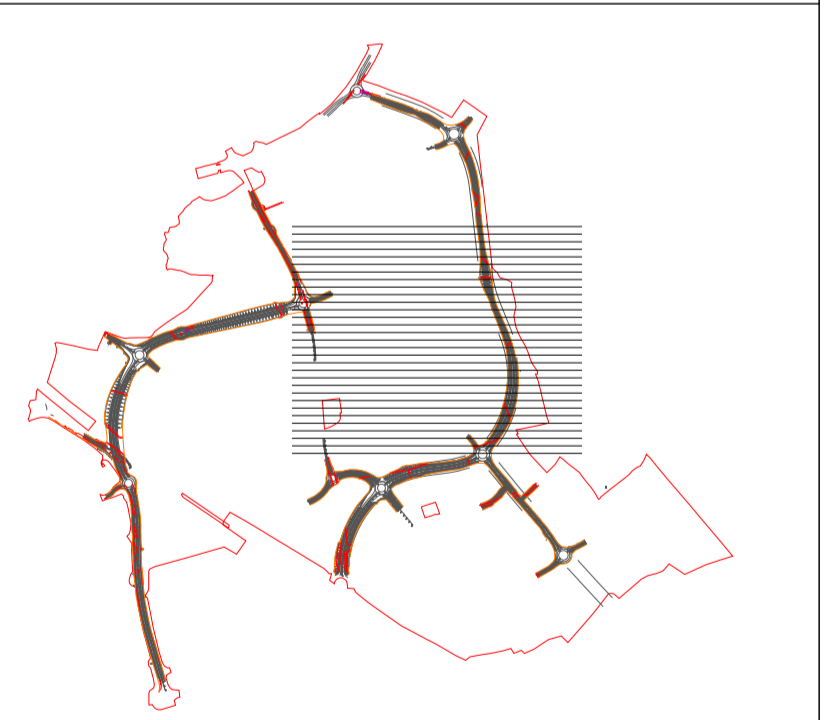


**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue circle)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red line)	Site Boundary
(Red dashed line)	Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland
(Green circle)	Feasibility of Moving Tree Under Investigation
(Orange line)	Highways Infrastructure full application boundary

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

(Green circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category A
(Blue circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category B
(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U



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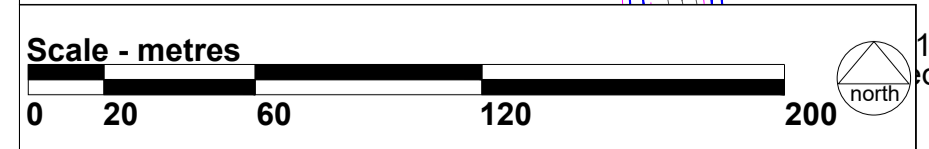
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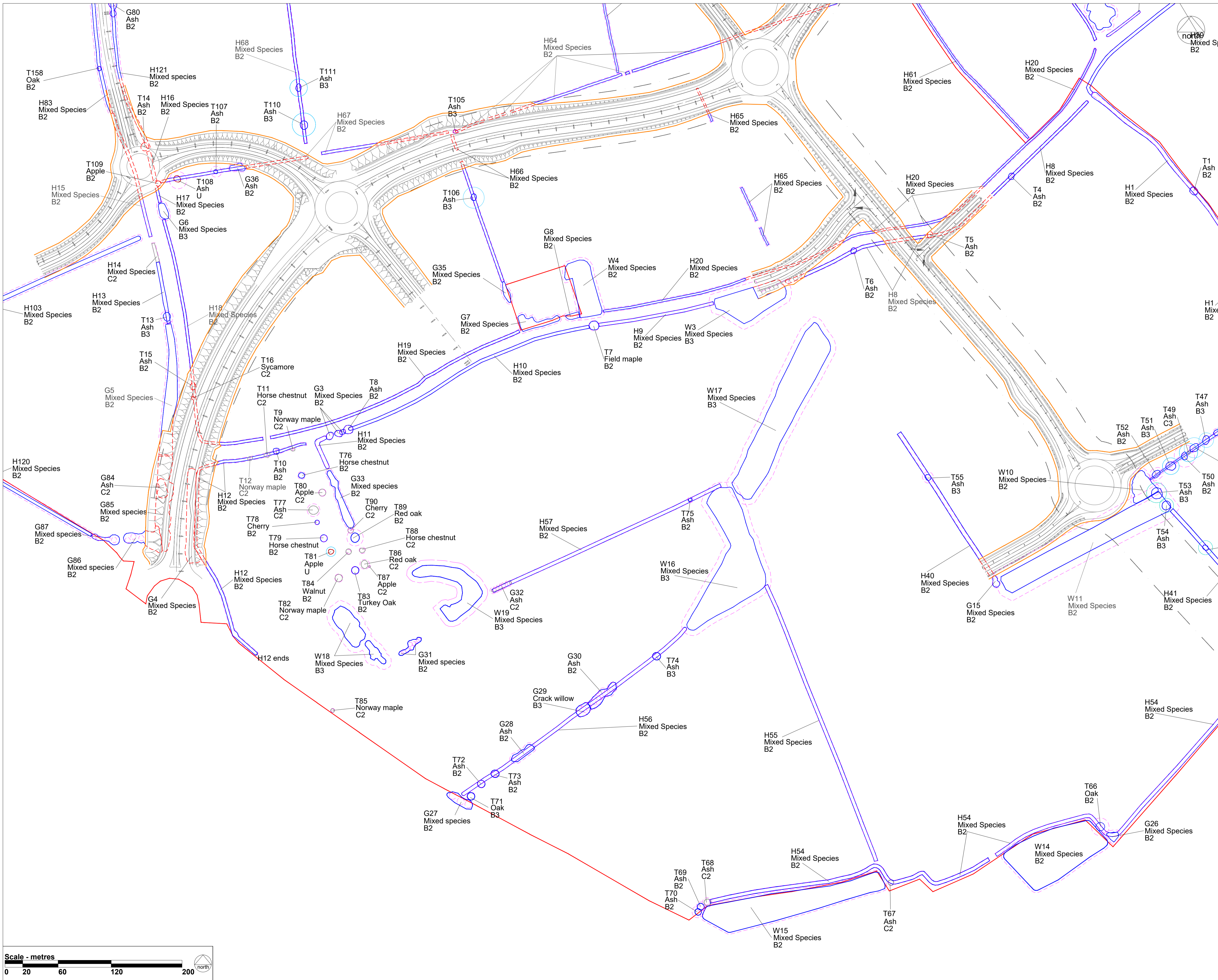
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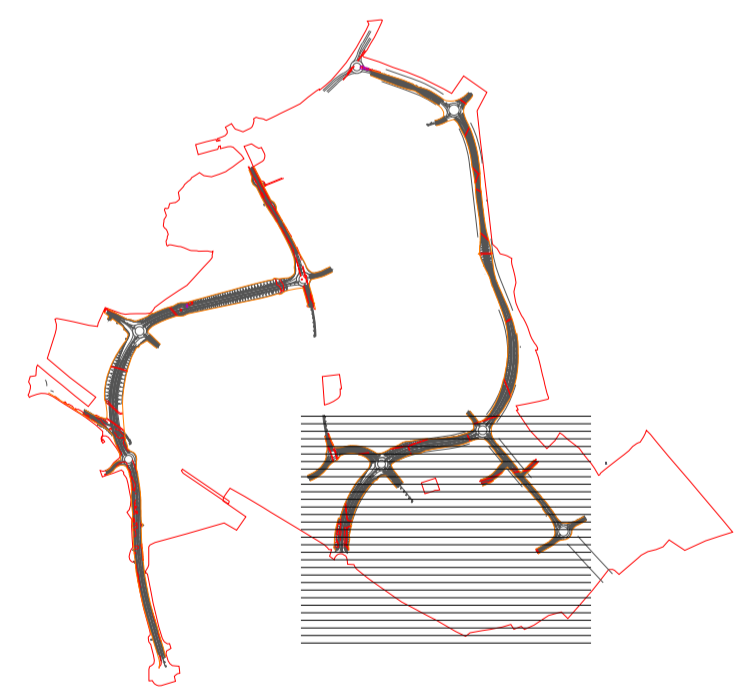


**KEY**

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- Root Protection Area
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- Tree Under Investigation
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**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
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- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



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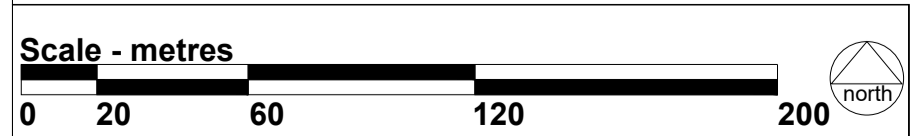
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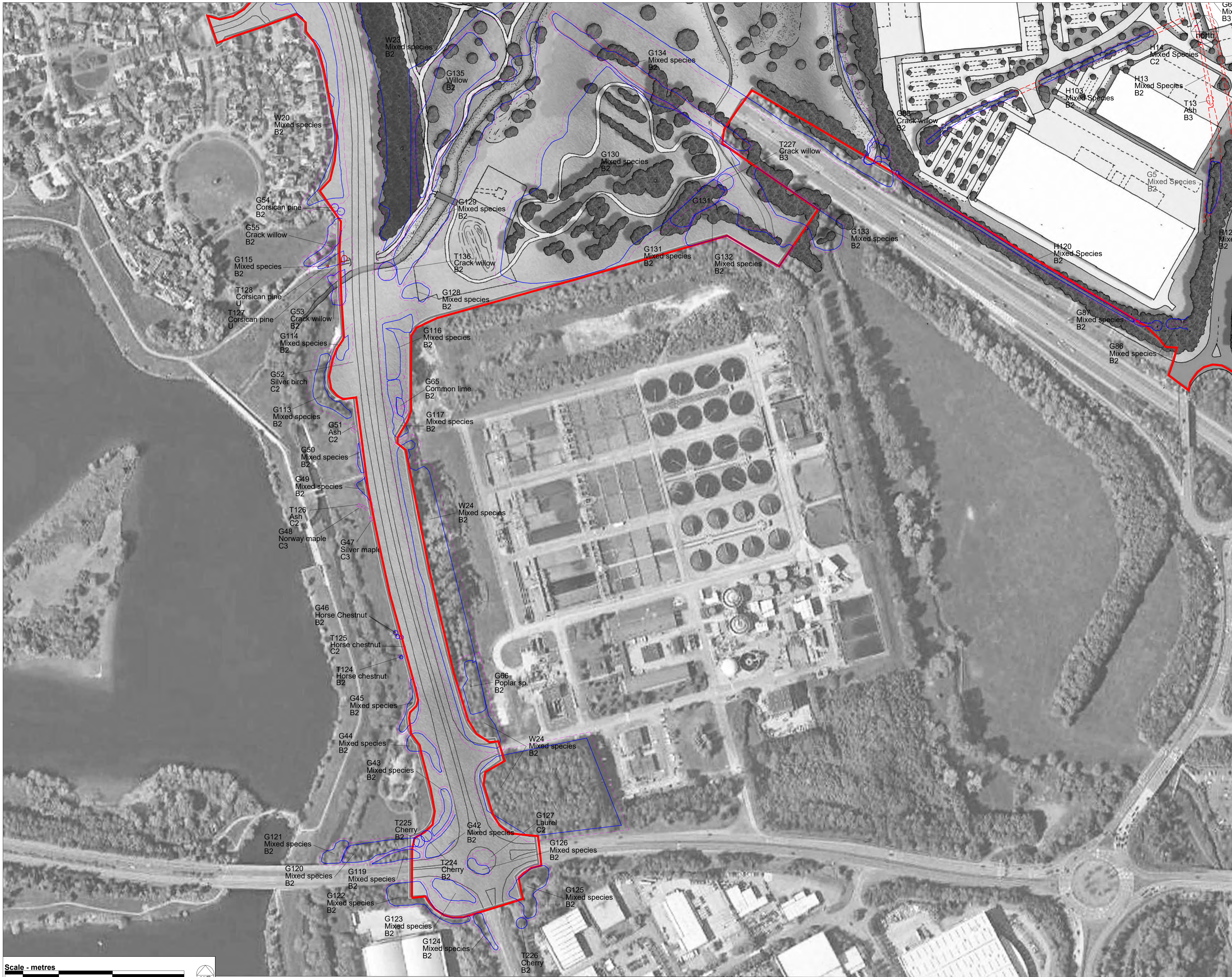




**APPENDIX E**

**Tree Retention & Removal Plans (Illustrative Masterplan)**





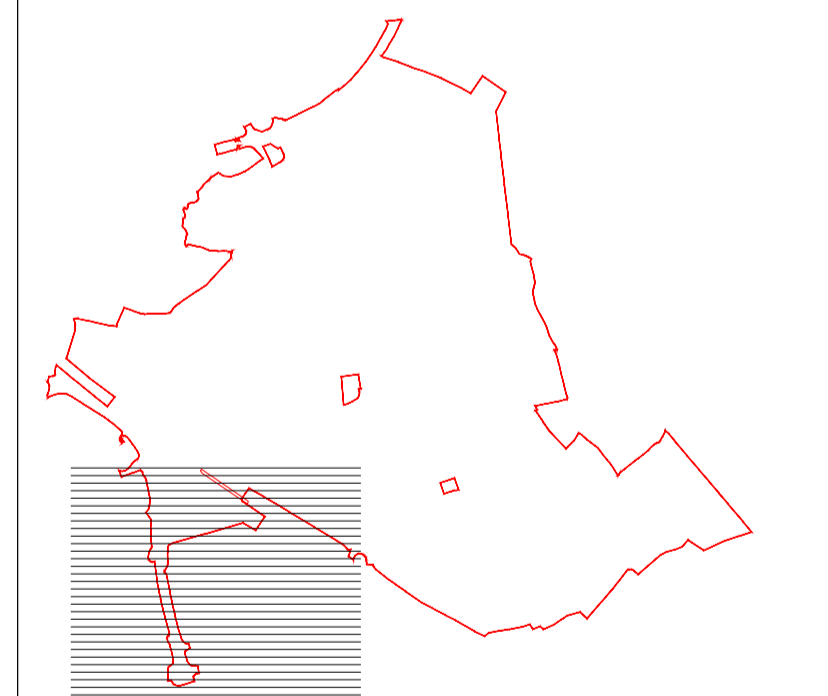
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
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- W1 Woodland Number
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- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
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**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
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- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



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Milton Keynes East - Trees

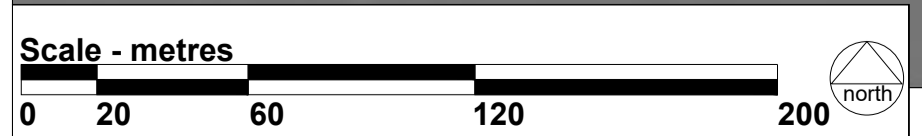
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Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 1 of 7)

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**KEY**

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- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 2 of 7)

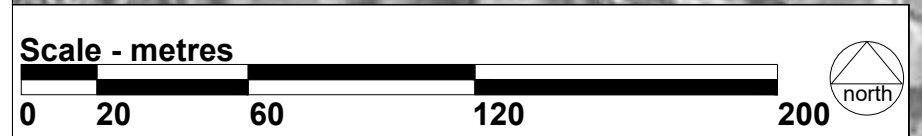
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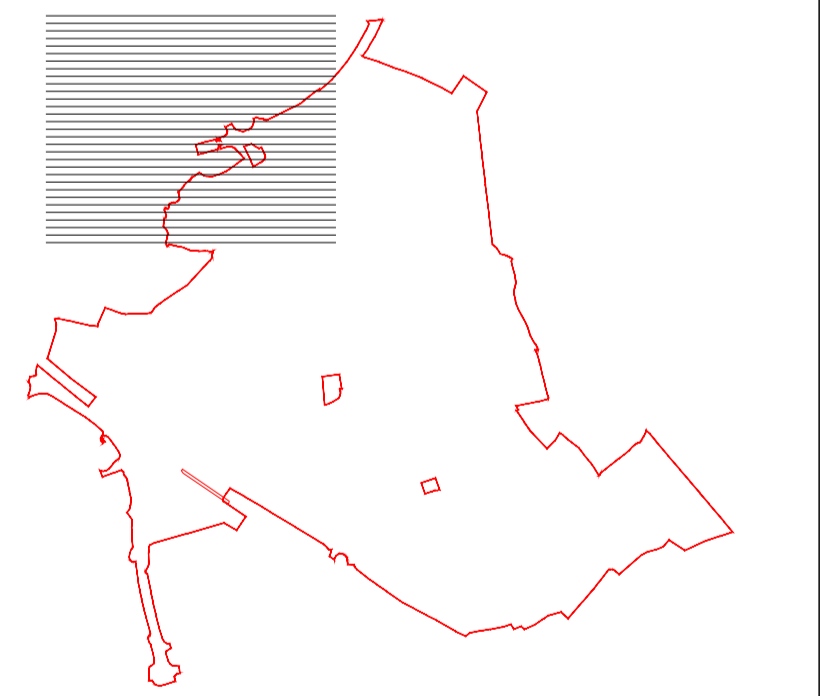
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
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- Root Protection Area
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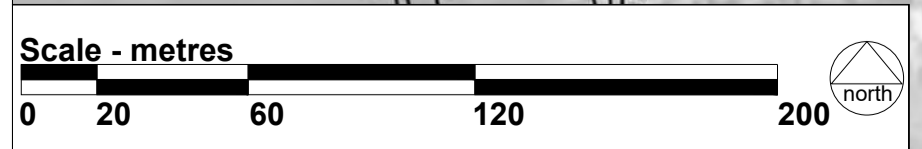
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TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 3 of 7)

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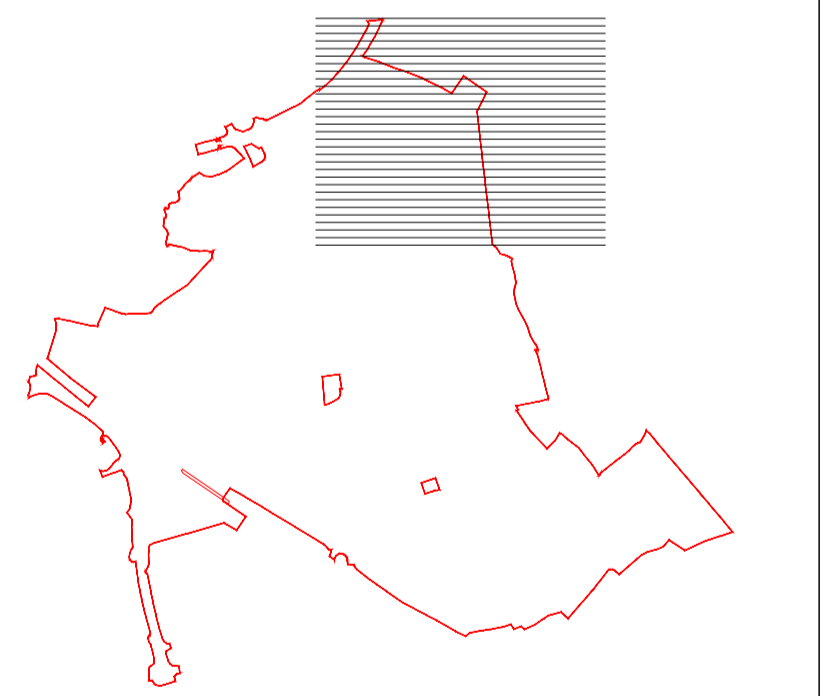
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



CLIENT:  
St James

PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 4 of 7)

SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

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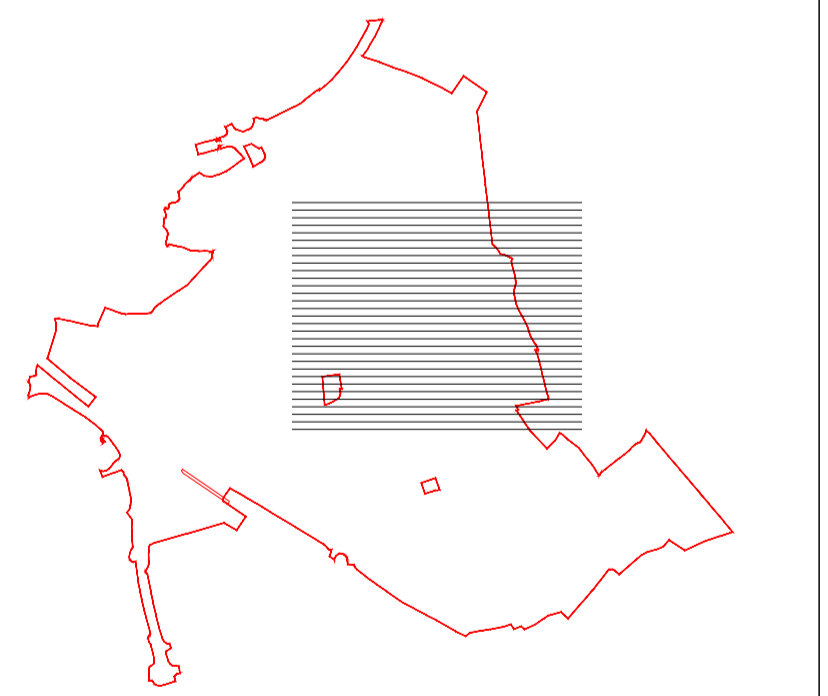
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



CLIENT:  
St James

PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 5 of 7)

SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

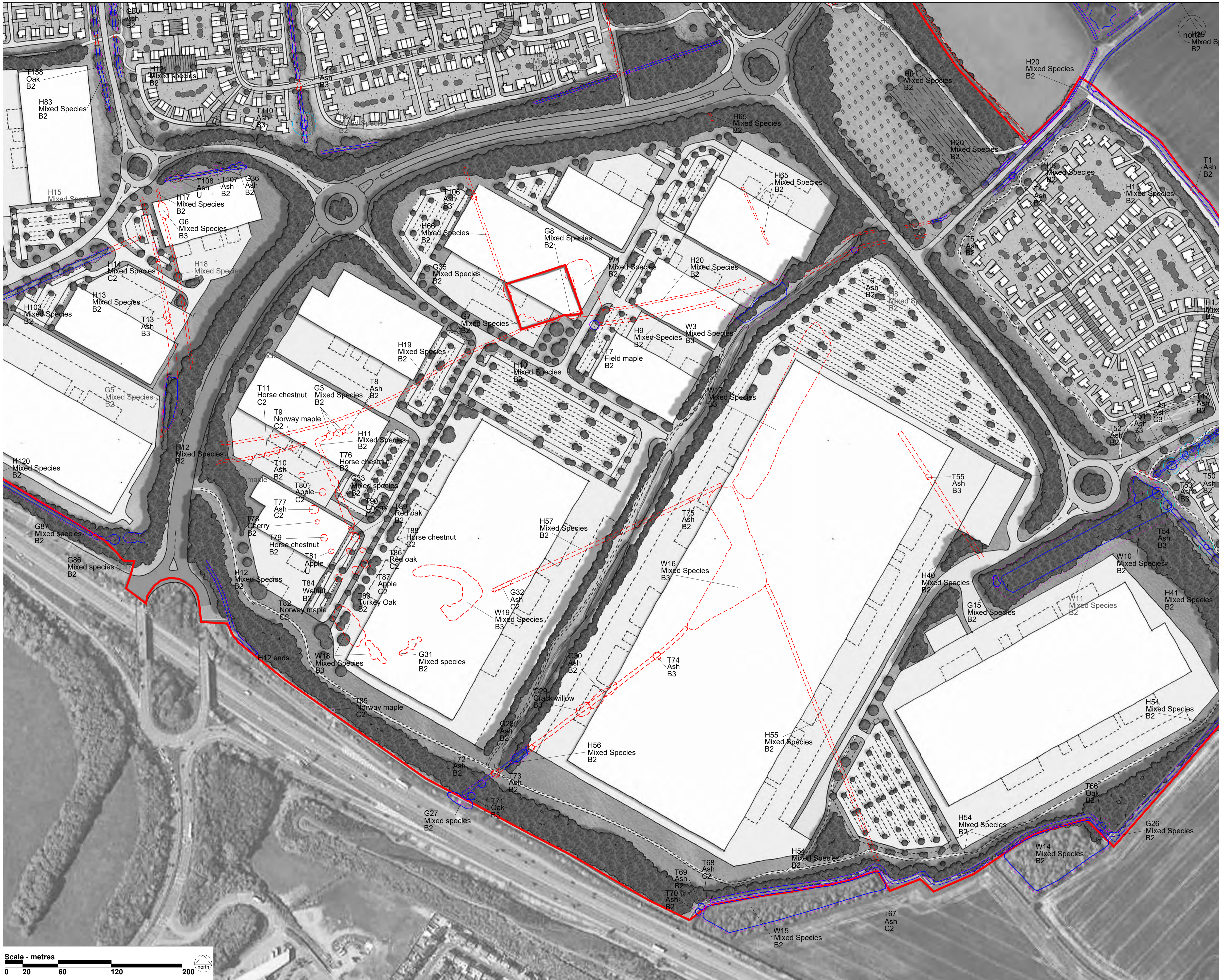
2090.83 / 50

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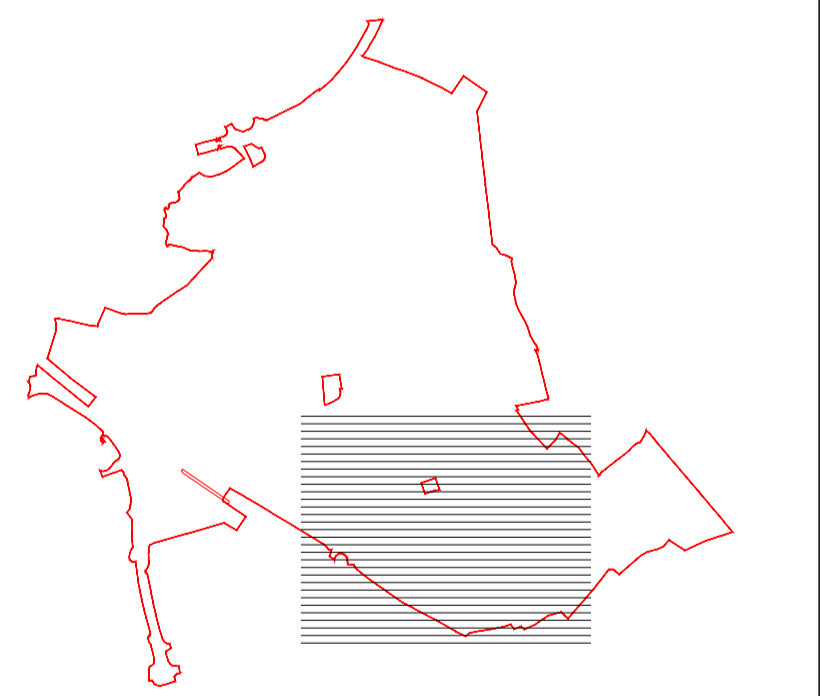
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- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

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- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 6 of 7)

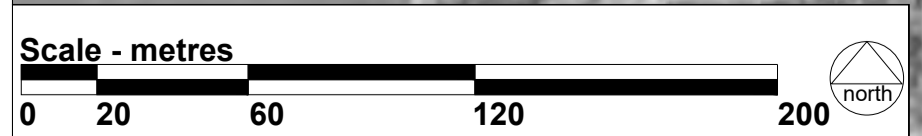
SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

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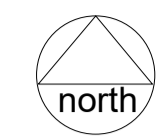
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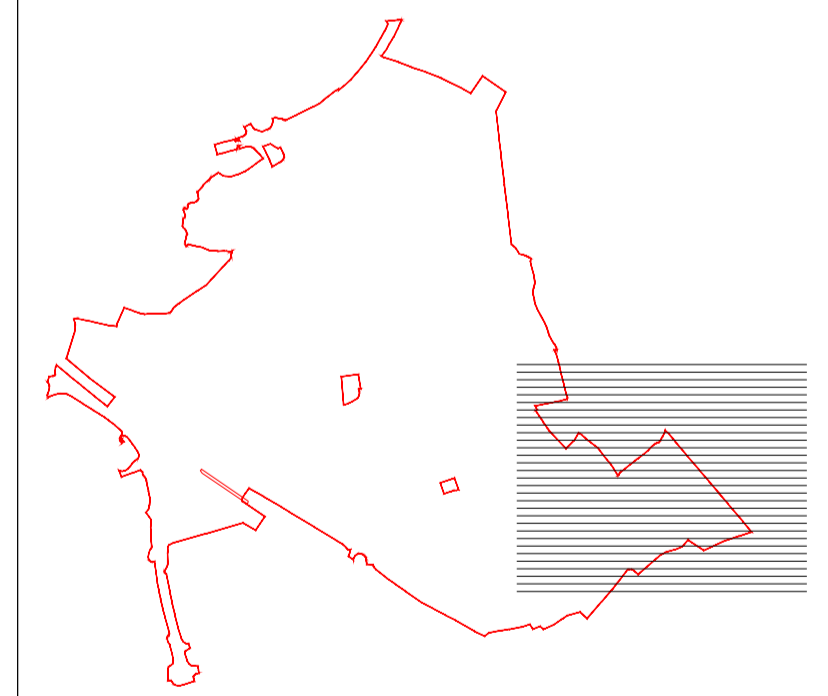
**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Removed canopy/tree/group/hedge/woodland

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U

Note: Trees lost due to highway scheme are excluded from this plan. The removed trees/hedgerows/woodlands/group due to the highway scheme can be found on plans 2090.83\_32 - 45



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Tree Retention & Removal Plan - Masterplan Infrastructure (Sheet 7 of 7)

SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

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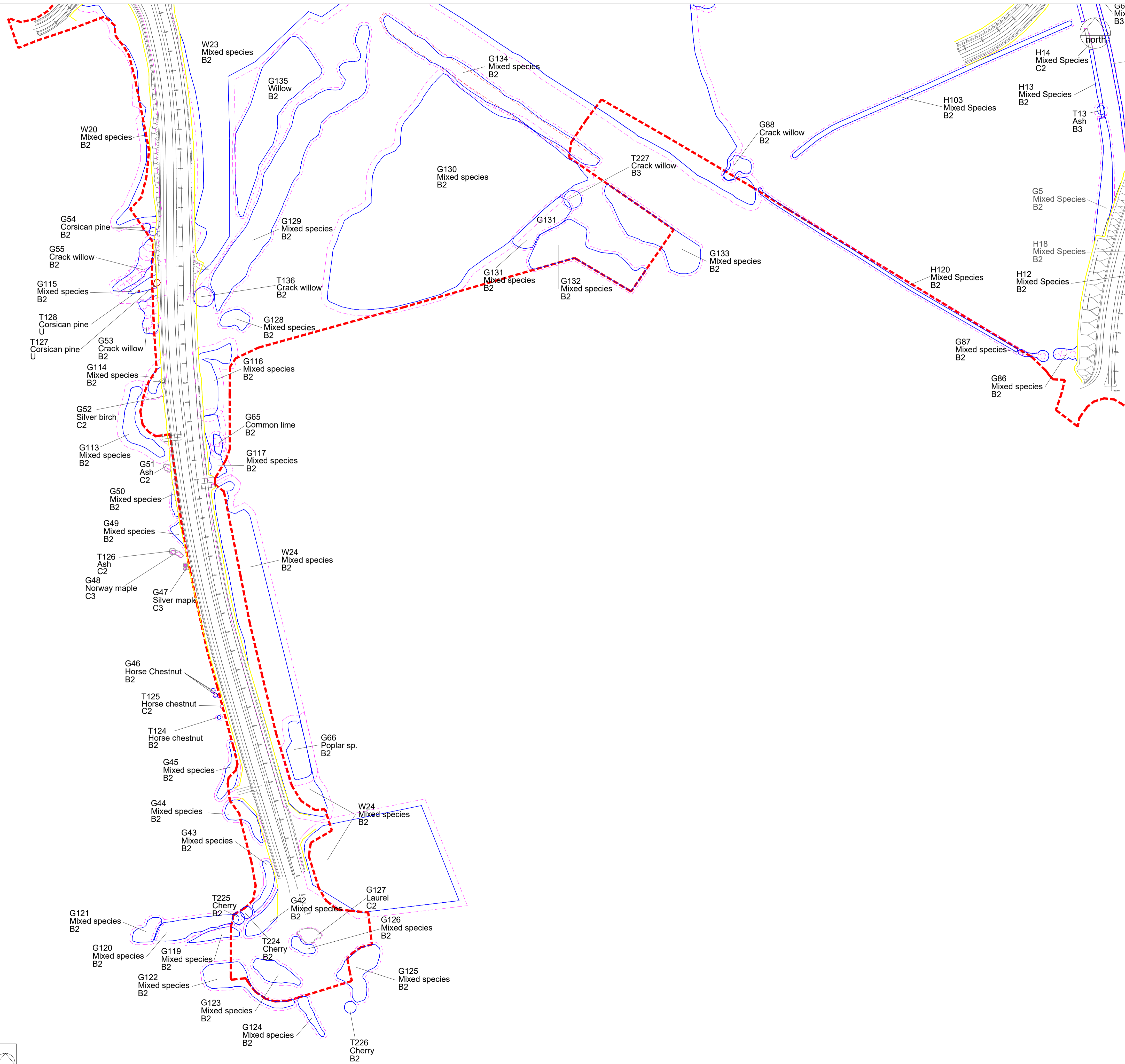
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**APPENDIX F**

**Preliminary Tree Protection Plans (Highway Infrastructure)**

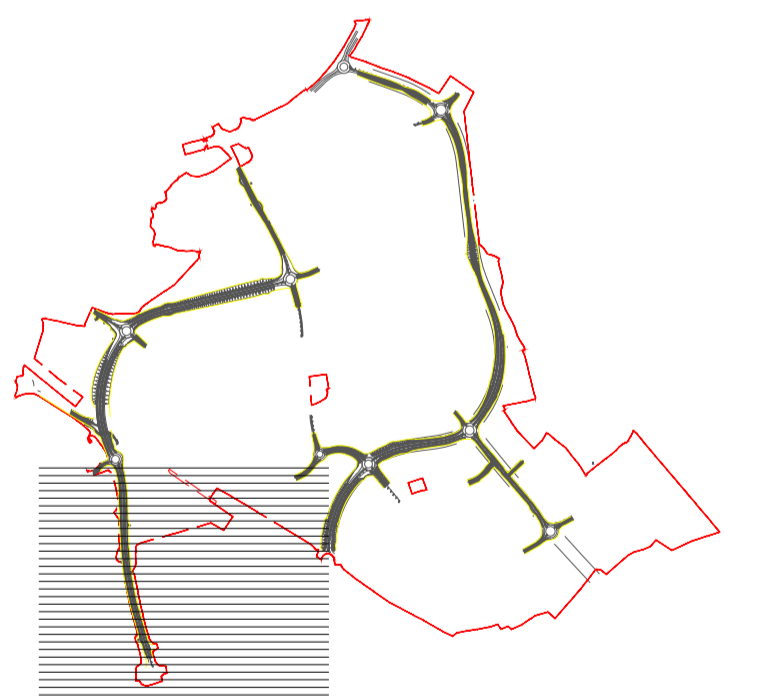


**KEY**

- T1 Tree Number
- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Tree Protection Fence

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

- Canopy extent of tree: Category A
- Canopy extent of tree: Category B
- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

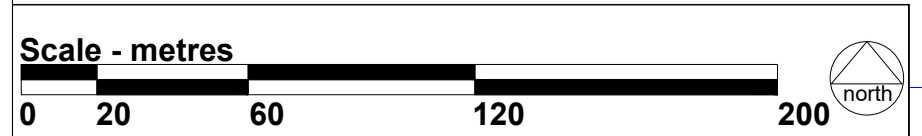
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SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

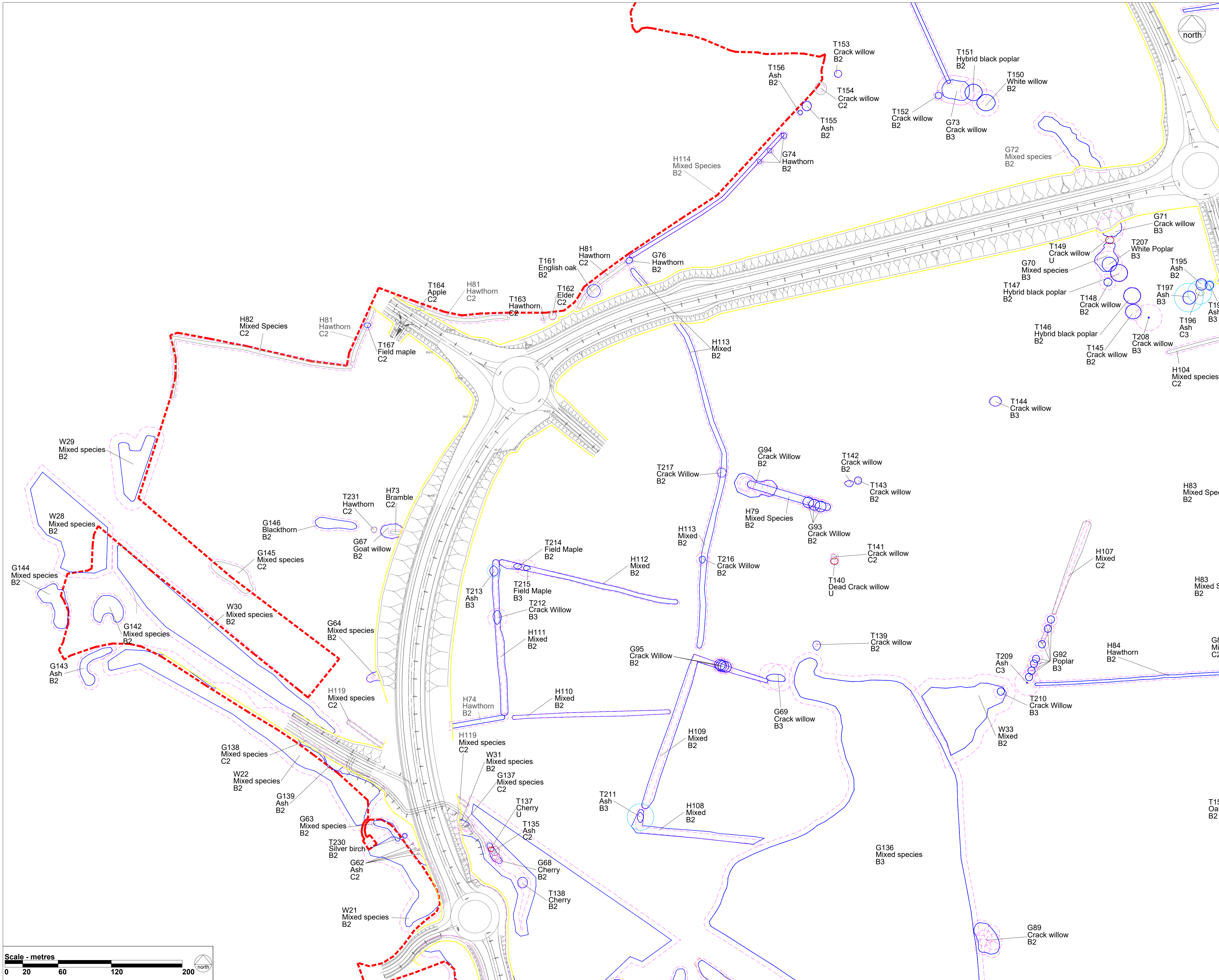
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**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed circle)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed circle)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red dashed line)	Site Boundary
(Yellow line)	Tree Protection Fence

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

(Green circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category A
(Blue circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category B
(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U

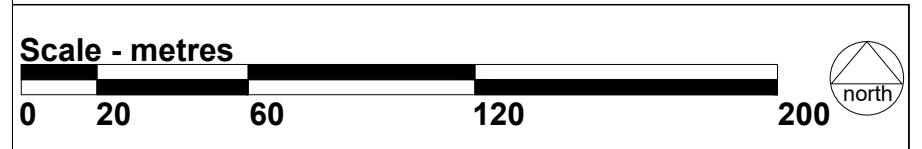


CLIENT: St James  
 PROJECT: Milton Keynes East - Trees  
 TITLE: Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 2 of 7)  
 SCALE AT A3: 1:2000  
 DATE: March 2021  
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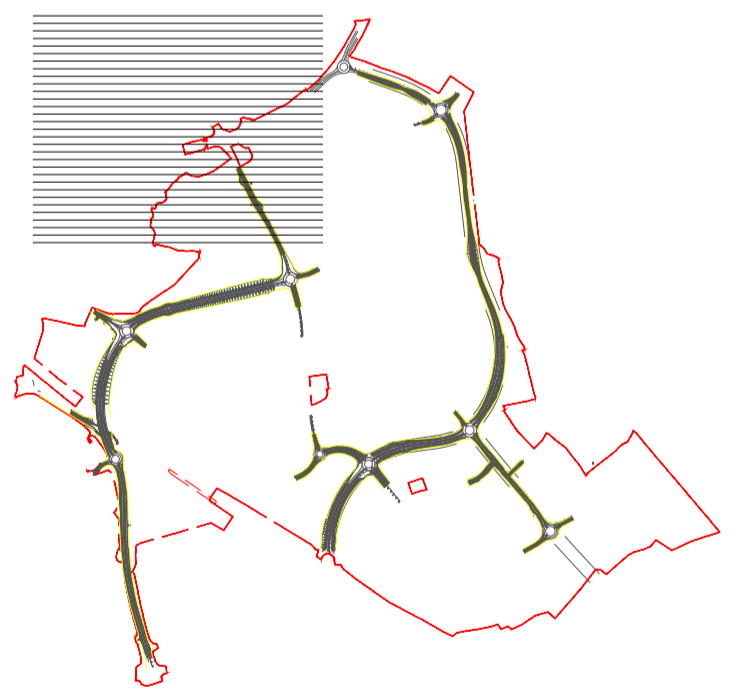
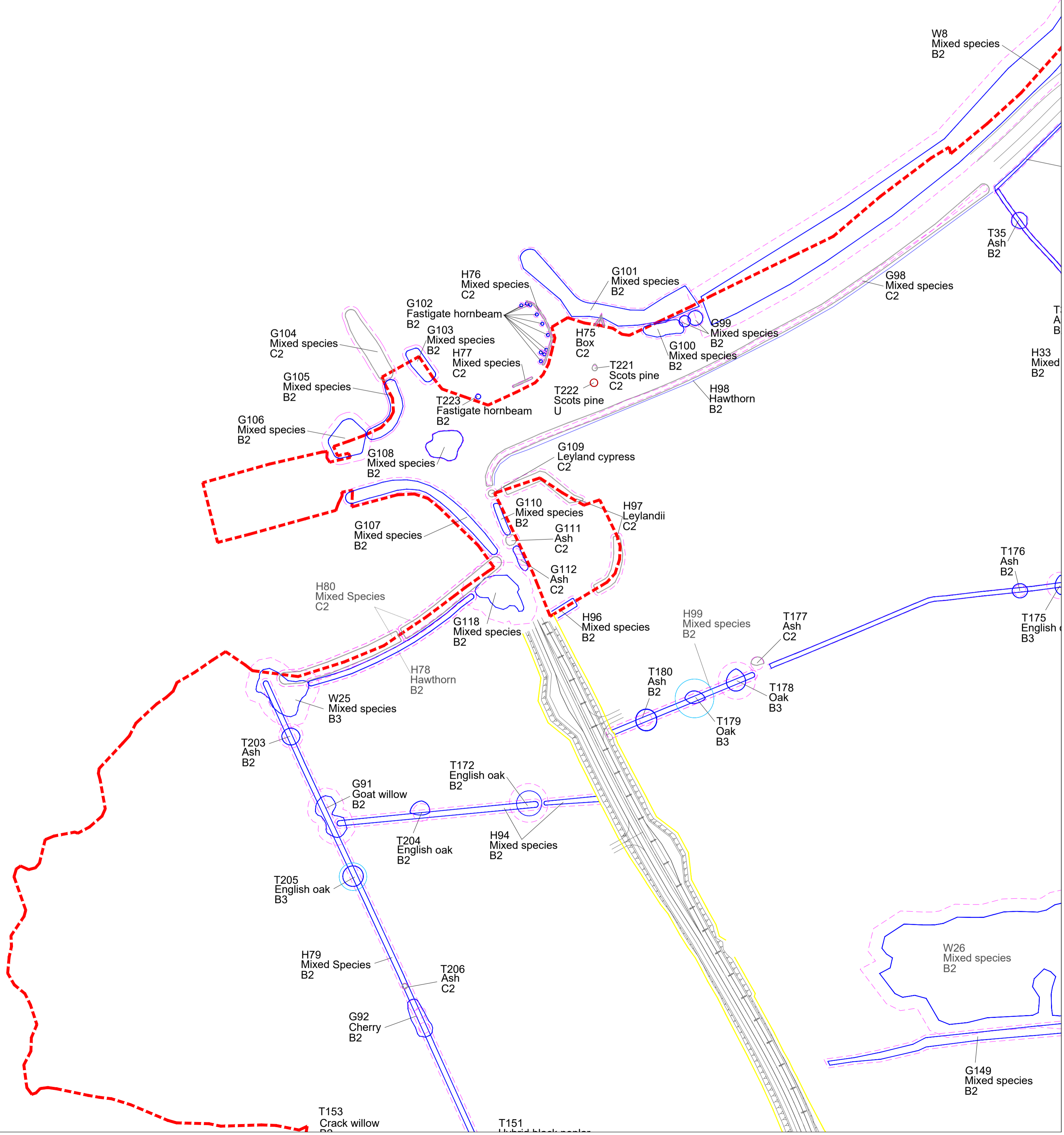


**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed line)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red dashed line)	Site Boundary
(Yellow line)	Tree Protection Fence

**BS5837 Tree Categories**

(Green circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category A
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(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

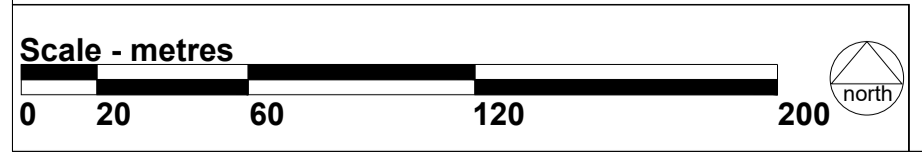
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Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 3 of 7)

SCALE AT A3: 1:2000      DATE: March 2021

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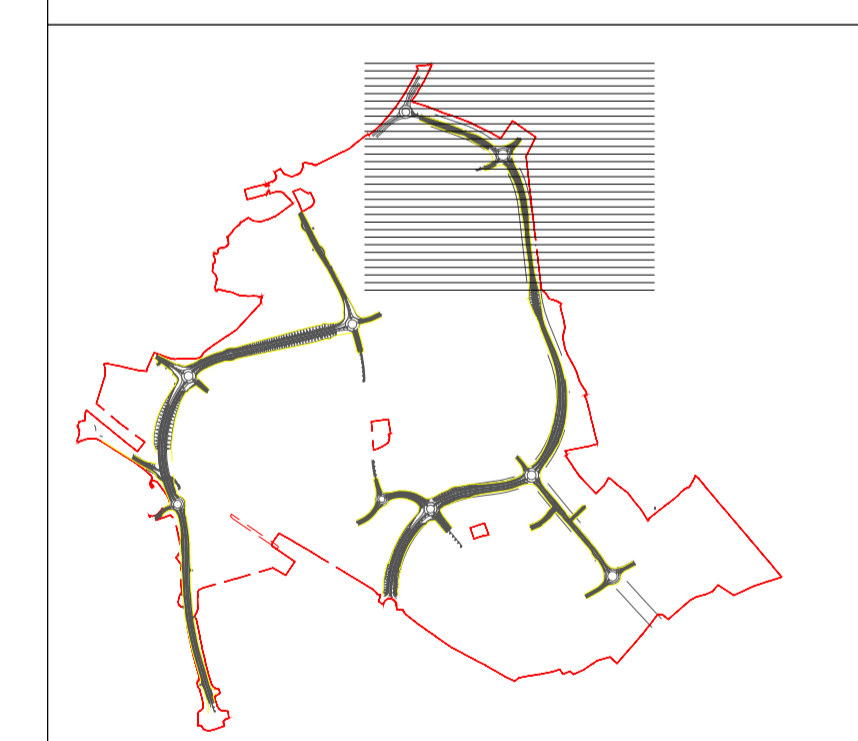
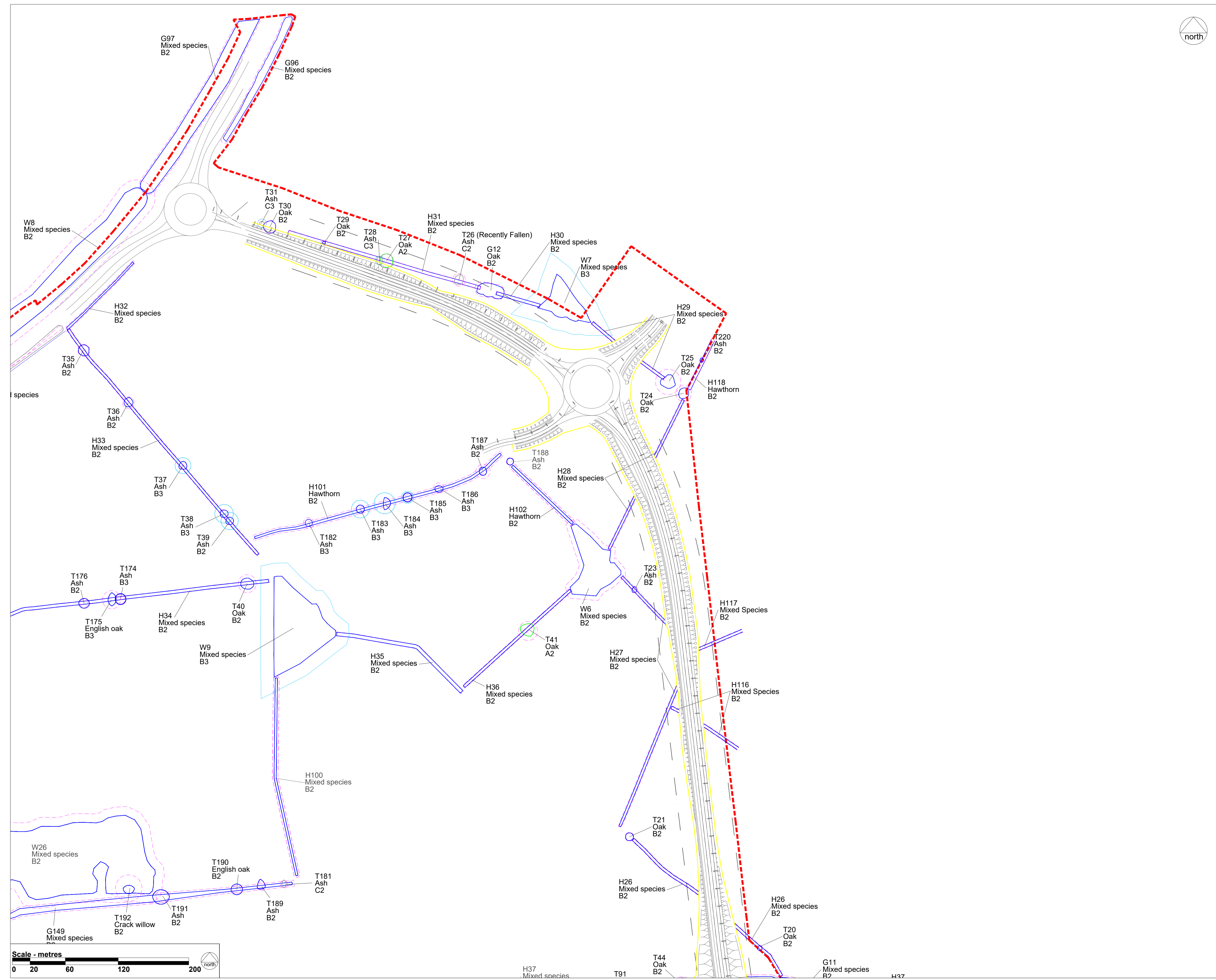


**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed line)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
(Red dashed line)	Site Boundary
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(Grey circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category C
(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 4 of 7)

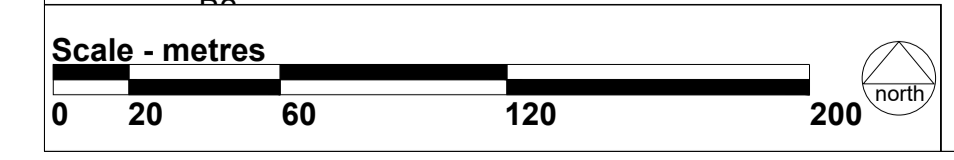
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March 2021

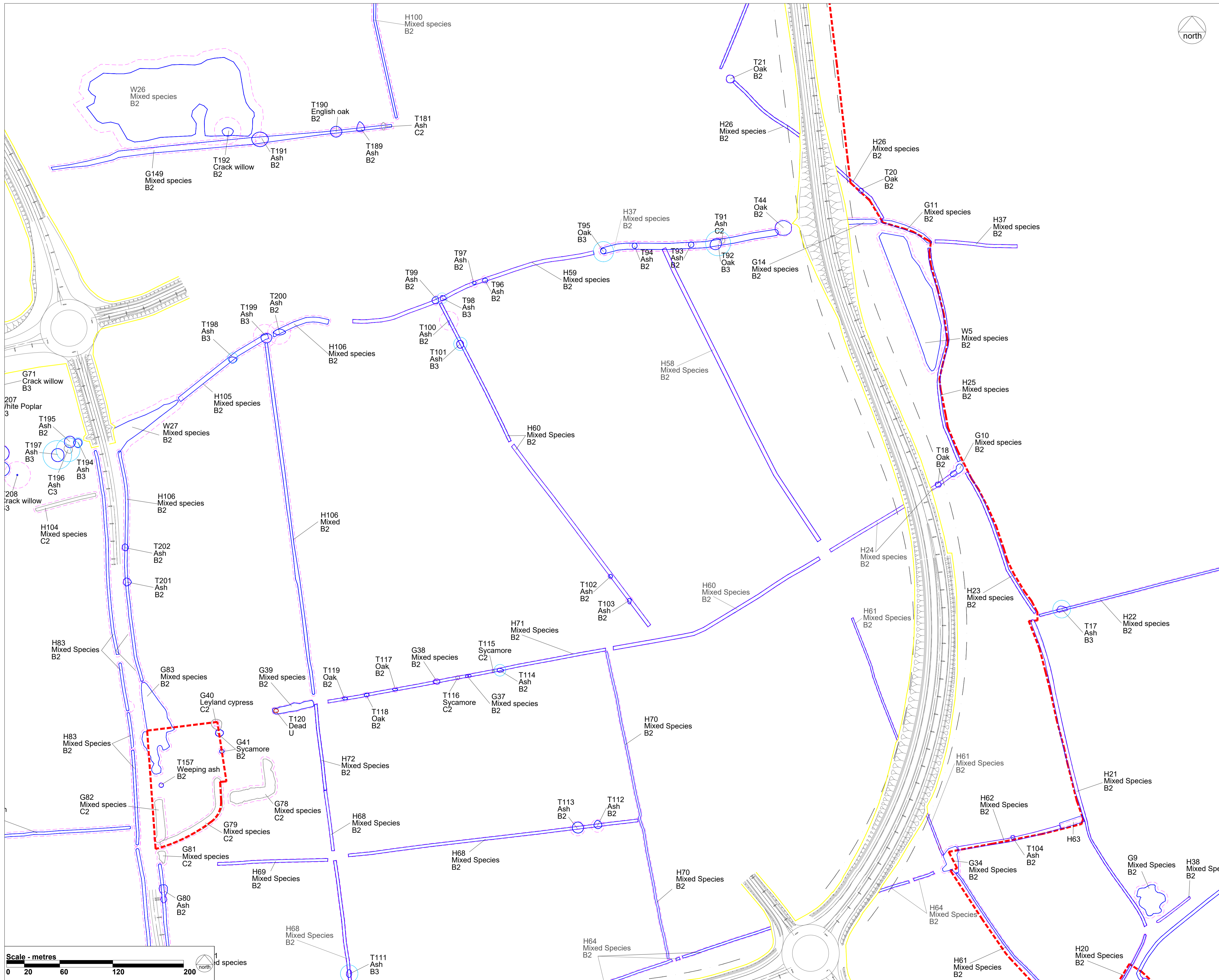
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**KEY**

T1	Tree Number
G1	Group Number
H1	Hedgerow Number
W1	Woodland Number
(Pink dashed line)	Root Protection Area
(Blue dashed line)	Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
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(Red circle)	Canopy extent of tree: Category U



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 5 of 7)

SCALE AT A3:  
1:2000

DATE:  
March 2021

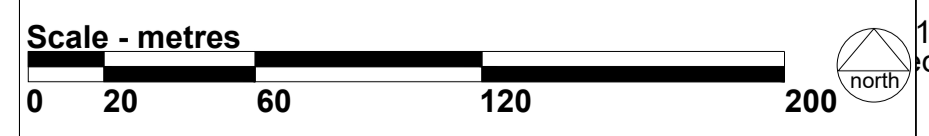
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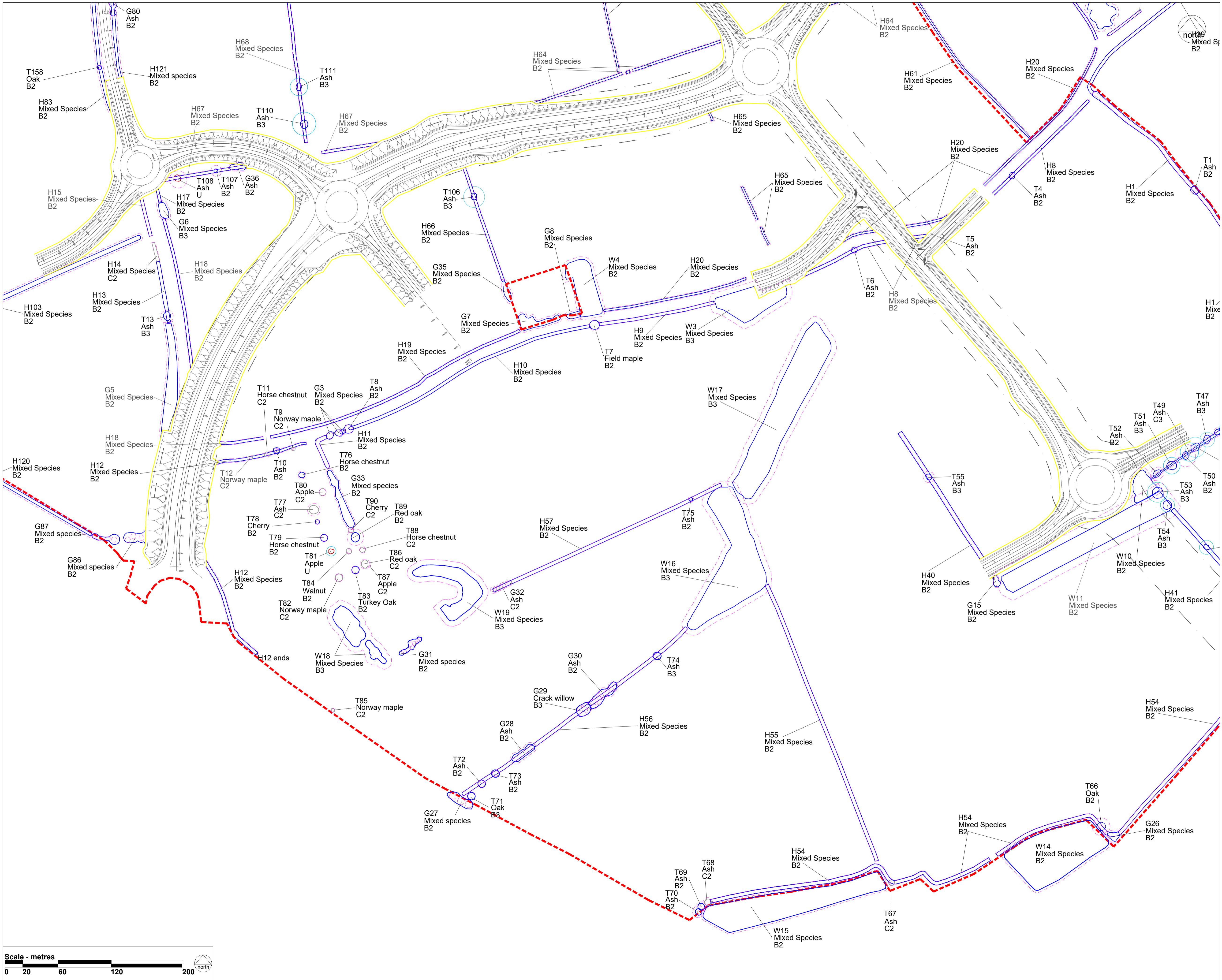
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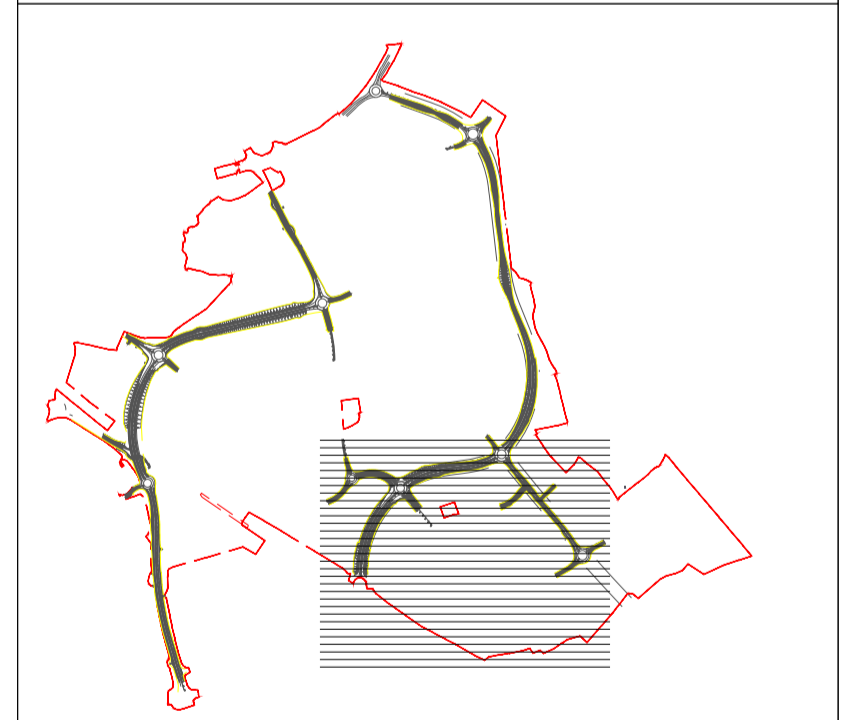


**KEY**

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- G1 Group Number
- H1 Hedgerow Number
- W1 Woodland Number
- Root Protection Area
- Potential Veteran Buffer Zone
- Site Boundary
- Tree Protection Fence

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- Canopy extent of tree: Category C
- Canopy extent of tree: Category U



CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
Milton Keynes East - Trees

TITLE:  
Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 6 of 7)

SCALE AT A3:  
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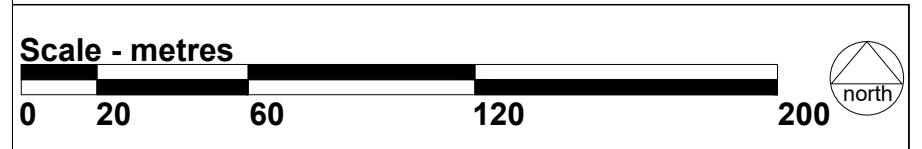
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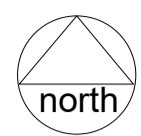
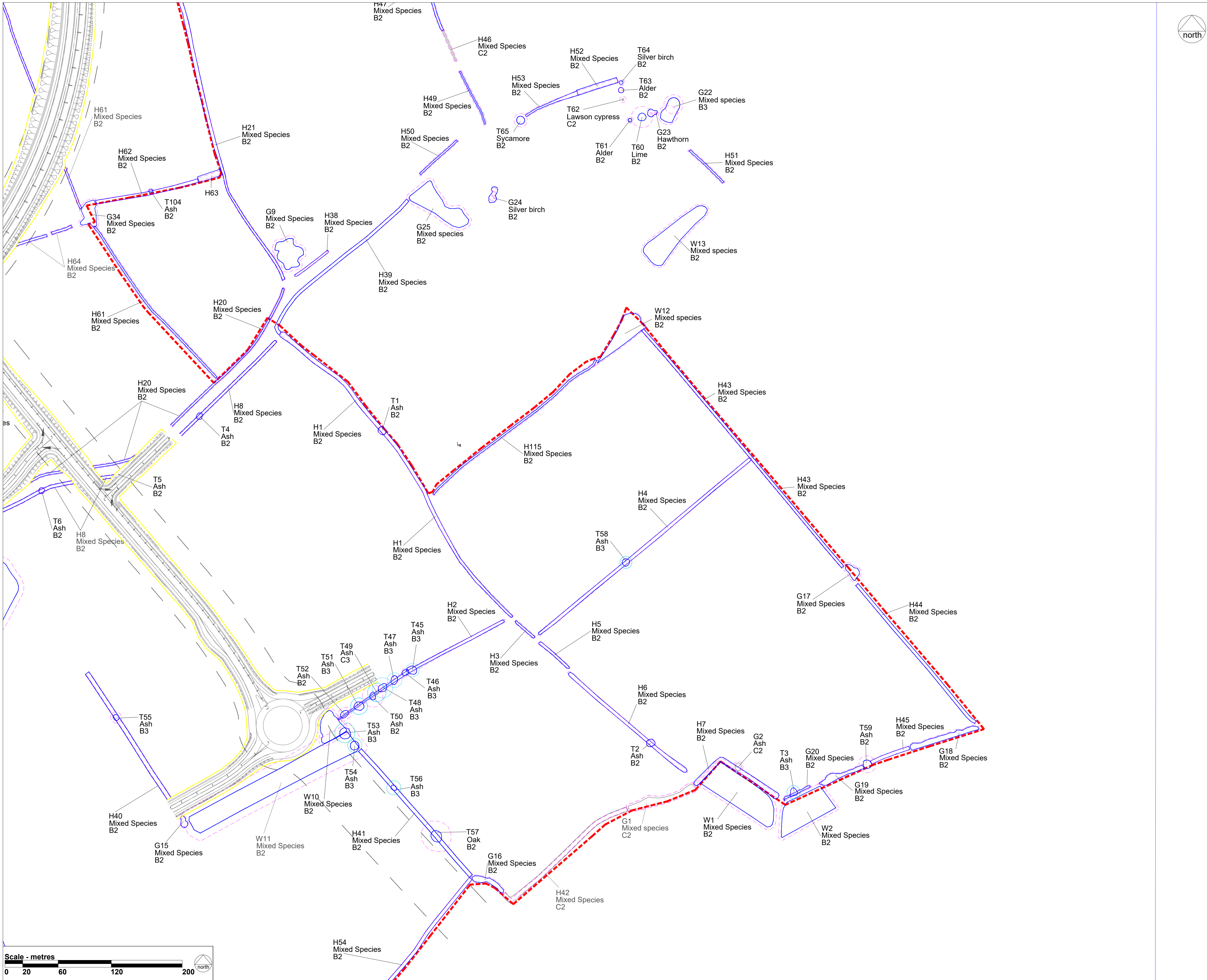
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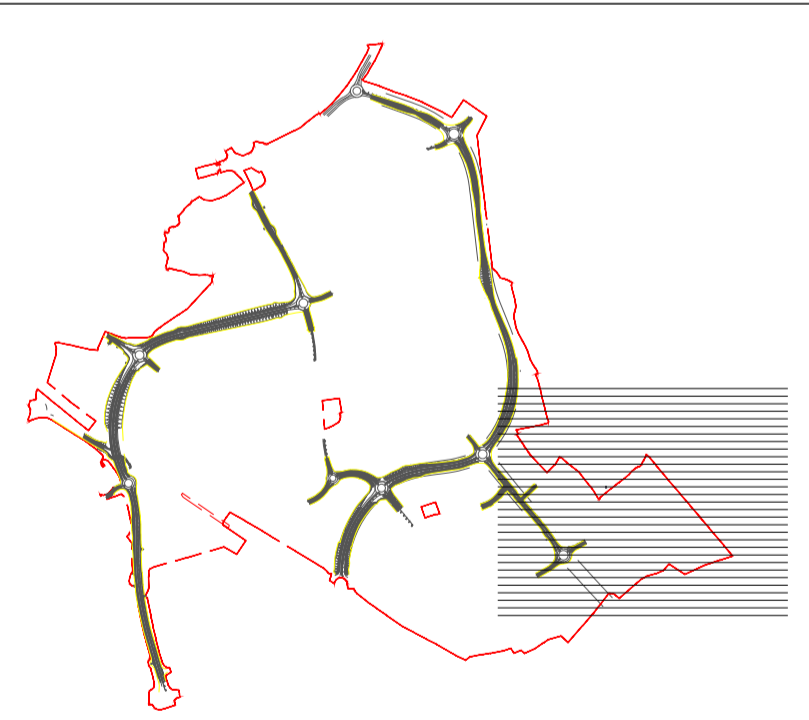


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CLIENT:  
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PROJECT:  
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TITLE:  
Preliminary Tree Protection Plan - Highway Infrastructure (Sheet 7 of 7)

SCALE AT A3:  
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